



RSA[®] NetWitness Platform

Version 11.6

ESA Installation and Configuration Guide



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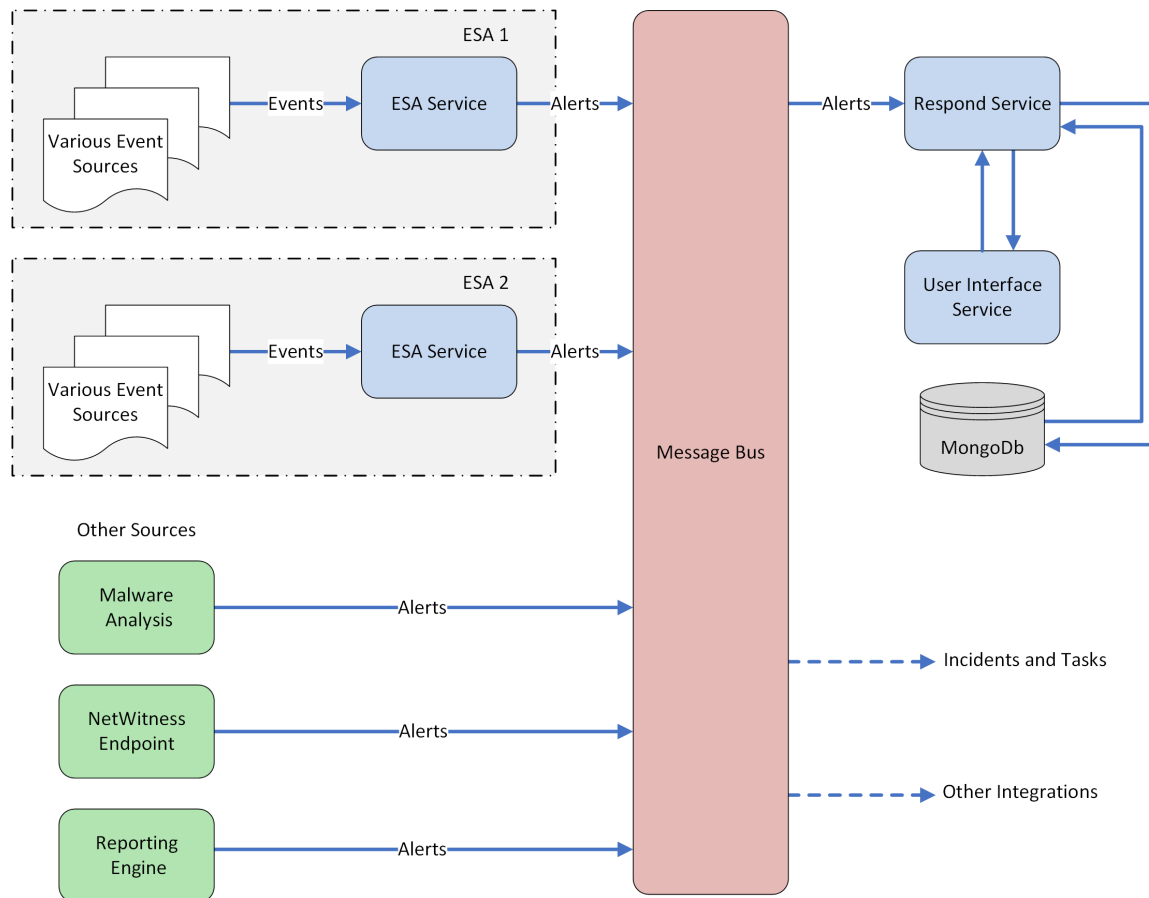
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Event Stream Analysis Overview

RSA NetWitness® Platform Event Stream Analysis (ESA) provides advanced stream analytics such as correlation and complex event processing at high throughputs and low latency. It is capable of processing large volumes of disparate event data from Concentrators.

ESA's advanced Event Processing Language allows you to express filtering, aggregation, joins, pattern recognition, and correlation across multiple disparate event streams. Event Stream Analysis helps perform powerful incident detection and alerting.

The following diagram shows the high-level data workflow:



In NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later, There are only two services that can run on an ESA host:

- **ESA Correlation (ESA Correlation rules):** Creates alerts from ESA rules.
- **Contexthub Server (Context Hub):** Runs only on an ESA primary host. Contexthub Server provides enrichment lookup capability in the Respond and Investigate views. For information, see the *Context Hub Configuration Guide*.

Note: The Event Stream Analytics Server (ESA Analytics) service is not supported in NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later.


The first service is the ESA Correlation service that creates alerts from ESA rules, also known as ESA Correlation Rules, which you create manually or download from Live.

In NetWitness Platform 11.3 and later, the ESA Correlation service replaces the Event Stream Analysis service and is also known as ESA Correlation Server. The ESA Correlation service provides the same services as the Event Stream Analysis service with the added benefit of enabling you to specify different data sources for your ESA correlation rules. Like the Event Stream Analysis service, the ESA Correlation service installs on the ESA Primary and ESA Secondary host types.

The second service is the Contexthub Server service, which provides enrichment lookup capabilities in the Respond and Investigate views. It runs only on an ESA Primary host. For information, see the *Context Hub Configuration Guide*. Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

IMPORTANT: Mixed mode is not supported for ESA hosts in NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later. The NetWitness server, ESA primary host, and ESA secondary host must all be on the same NetWitness Platform version.

Upgrade Considerations for ESA Analytics

The Event Stream Analytics Server (ESA Analytics) service is not supported or available in NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later. The Whois Lookup Configuration and ESA Analytics Mapping panels are no longer in the user interface [ (Admin) > System].

Note: Event Stream Analysis (ESA) is not end of life. ESA Correlation rules and the ESA Correlation service are supported. ESA Analytics, which is used for Automated Threat Detection, is different from ESA Correlation Rules and is EOL. In its place, you can use ESA Correlation as it offers more functional capabilities and better performance.

Installation of ESA

Supported Hardware

Series 4, Series 4S, Series 5, and Series 6.

Refer to the RSA NetWitness Platform Hardware Setup Guides for detailed information on each series type (<https://community.rsa.com/community/products/netwitness/hardware-setup-guides>)

External Attached Storage

If you have an external storage device or devices (for example, DACs or PowerVaults) attached to a physical host, refer to the Hardware Setup Guides for information on how to configure this storage on RSA Link (<https://community.rsa.com/community/products/netwitness/hardware-setup-guides>).

Prerequisites

1. Before you begin the installation process, open all your firewall ports. The "Network Architecture and Ports" topic in the Deployment Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.5 lists all the ports in a deployment. Do not proceed with the installation until the ports on your firewall are configured.
2. Task 1 - Install NetWitness Server (NW Server) Host. Refer to "Install 11.5 on the NetWitness Server Host" in the Physical Host Installation guide.

Installation of ESA

This topic contains the tasks you must complete to install NetWitness Platform 11.5 on physical hosts.

Checklist

Complete the installation tasks in the following order.

Step	Description	Instructions
1	Install 11.5 on ESA.	Install ESA
2	Set up ESA hosts.	Set Up ESA Hosts
3	Complete licensing requirements for services.	Complete Licensing Requirements
4	(Optional) Install warm standby NW Server host.	(Optional) Install Warm Standby NW Server
5	Deploying ESA	ESA Deploy Procedures

Install ESA

Caution: If you want to install the Endpoint Relay Server, do not run the `nwsetup-tui` script. Follow the instructions in "(Optional) Installing and Configuring Relay Server" in the *NetWitness Endpoint Configuration Guide*.

Complete the following steps to install 11.5 on NW Server host and other component hosts. Steps that are specific to the NW Server host or to component hosts are noted.

1. Create a base image on the host:
 - a. Attach media (ISO) to the host.
See the *USB Build Stick Instructions for RSA NetWitness 11.x* for more information. Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.
 - Hypervisor installations - see the *Virtual Host Installation Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.5*.
 - Physical media - use the ISO image to create bootable flash drive media. You can use **Etcher**® or another suitable imaging tool to etch a Linux file system on the USB drive. Etcher is available at <https://etcher.io>.
 - iDRAC installations - the virtual media type is:
 - **Virtual Floppy** for mapped flash drives.
 - **Virtual CD** for mapped optical media devices or ISO file.

- b. Log in to the host and reboot it.

```
login: root
Password:
Last login: Tue Sep 19 13:27:15 on tty1
[root@saserver ~]# reboot
```

- c. Select **F11** (boot menu) during reboot to select a boot device and boot to the connected media. After system checks, the **Welcome to RSA NetWitness Platform 11.5** installation menu is displayed.

- d. Select **Install RSA Netwitness Platform 11.5** (default selection) and press **Enter**. The Installation program runs and stops at the **Enter (y/Y) to clear drives** prompt that asks you to format the drives.

```
-----
Clear virtual drive configuration on RAID controller: 0?
HBA: PERC H710P Mini #UD: 0 #PD: 4
For Upgrades either ignore or answer No to this prompt
Recommended for new hardware or re-purposing **Warning**
data on all configured drives will be discarded, this
includes all internal, HBA attached SATA/SCSI storage
encrypted, unencrypted or foreign and is irreversible
Enter (y/Y) to clear drives, defaults to No in 30 seconds
-----
?

-----
No root level logical volumes found for Upgrade
Assuming this system is new or being reinstalled
Upgrade cannot proceed, system will be reimaged
If you had intended to upgrade please quit and
contact support for assistance.
-----
Enter Q to Quit or R to Reinstall, Reinstalling in 120 seconds? r

-----
The current drive configuration is invalid
for the selected appliance: bootstrap
The system will auto restart in 30 seconds
If upgrading please wait for restart

Enter (y/Y) to continue the installation
NOTE: this will clear the existing disks
*Discarding All Data* and is Irreversible
-----
Enter Y to Continue, Restart in 30 seconds? y

Clearing drive configuration in 30 seconds, <CTRL><ALT><DEL> to cancel
Ignore or answer no to this prompt after restarting
```

Caution: You must respond **y** or **Y** to this prompt even if the host does not have an internal RAID configuration or the installation will fail.

- e. Type **y** to continue. The default action is No, so if you ignore the prompt, it will select No in 30 seconds, and will not clear the drives.

```
? y

Clearing drive configuration in 30 seconds, <CTRL><ALT><DEL> to cancel
Ignore or answer no to this prompt after restarting
-
```

The system displays all the installation tasks it is performing. This can take a minute or so. After it completes the tasks, the installation program reboots the host.

Caution: Do not reboot with the attached media attached (media that contains the ISO file, for example a build stick).

```
CentOS Linux 7 (Core)
Kernel 3.10.0-1062.4.1.el7.x86_64 on an x86_64

NWAPPLIANCE5070 login:
```

- f. Log in to the host with the `root` credentials.
- 2. Run the `nwsetup-tui` command to set up the host.

This initiates the `nwsetup-tui` (Setup program) and the EULA is displayed.

Note: Use the following options to navigate the Setup prompts.

- 1.) When you navigate through the Setup program prompts, use the down and up arrows to move among fields, and use the Tab key to move to and from commands (such as `<Yes>`, `<No>`, `<OK>`, and `<Cancel>`). Press **Enter** to register your command response and move to the next prompt.
- 2.) The Setup program adopts the color scheme of the desktop or console you use to access the host.
- 3.) If you specify DNS servers during the Setup program (`nwsetup-tui`) execution, they **MUST** be valid (valid in this context means valid during setup) and accessible for the `nwsetup-tui` script to proceed. Any misconfigured DNS servers cause the Setup program to fail. If you need to reach a DNS server after setup that is unreachable during setup, (for example, to relocate a host after setup that would have a different set of DNS Servers), see "(Optional) Task 1 - Re-Configure DNS Servers Post 11.5" in [Post Installation Tasks](#).

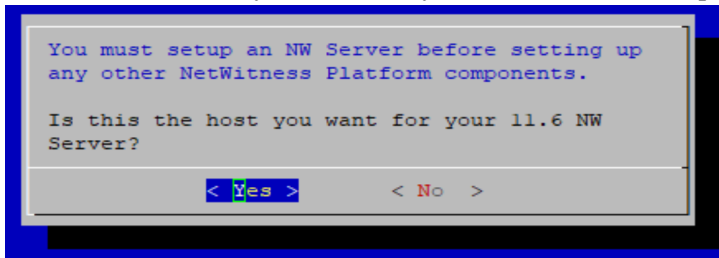
If you do not specify DNS Servers during setup (`nwsetup-tui`), you must select **1 The Local Repo (on the NW Server)** in the **NetWitness Platform Update Repository** prompt in step 12 (the DNS servers are not defined so the system cannot access the external repo).

```
By clicking "Accept", you (the "Customer") hereby agree, on behalf of your
company or organization, to be bound by the terms and conditions of the
End User License Agreement (the "EULA") located at
https://www.rsa.com/content/dam/rsa/PDF/shrinkwrap-license-combined.pdf
with RSA Security LLC ("RSA", or appropriate affiliate entity in the
relevant jurisdiction). In addition, Customer hereby agrees and
acknowledges that, if Customer chooses to host its data with any third
party or in a public cloud environment, RSA has no responsibility for the
storage or protection of any Customer data or for any associated security
breach notifications. The terms herein and in the EULA shall supersede any
relevant terms in any other agreement between the Customer and RSA. For
customers of the RSA NetWitness® products, all data analyzed in connection
herewith shall be at a cost to Customer based on RSA's then current
92%
```

`<Accept >` `<Decline>`

3. Tab to **Accept** and press **Enter**.

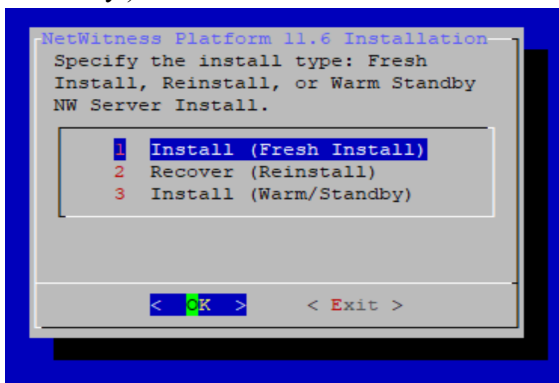
The **Is this the host you want for your 11.5 NW Server** prompt is displayed.



4. Tab to **No** and press **Enter** to install 11.5 on ESA hosts.

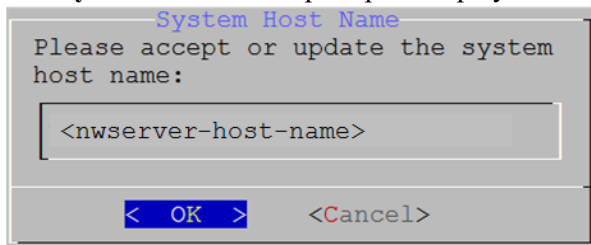
Caution: If you choose the wrong host for the NW Server and complete the Setup, you must restart the Setup Program (step 2) and complete steps all the subsequent steps to correct this error.

5. The **Install** prompt is displayed (**Recover** does not apply to the installation. It is for 11.5 Disaster Recovery.).



6. Press **Enter**. **Install (Fresh Install)** is selected by default.

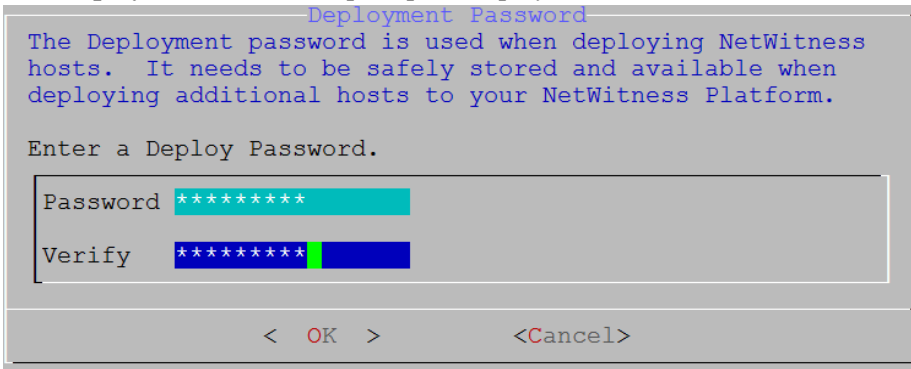
The **System Host Name** prompt is displayed.



Caution: If you include "." in a host name, the host name must also include a valid domain name.

Press **Enter** if want to keep this name. If not, edit the host name, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter** to change it.

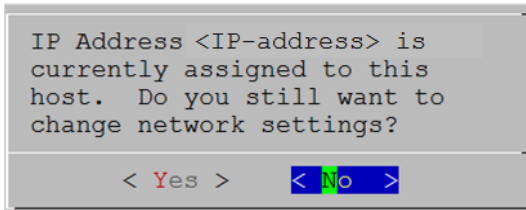
7. The **Deployment Password** prompt is displayed.



Type the **Password**, down arrow to **Verify**, retype the password, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**.

8. One of the following conditional prompts is displayed.

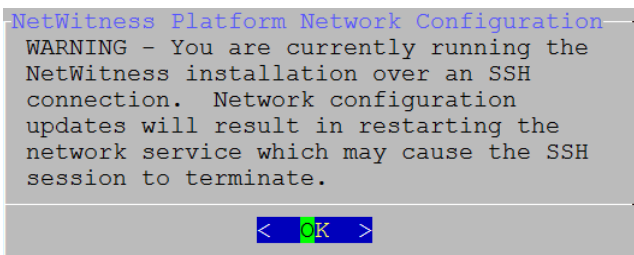
- If the Setup program finds a valid IP address for this host, the following prompt is displayed.



Press **Enter** if you want to use this IP and avoid changing your network settings. Tab to **Yes** and press **Enter** if you want to change the IP configuration on the host.

- If you are using an SSH connection, the following warning is displayed.

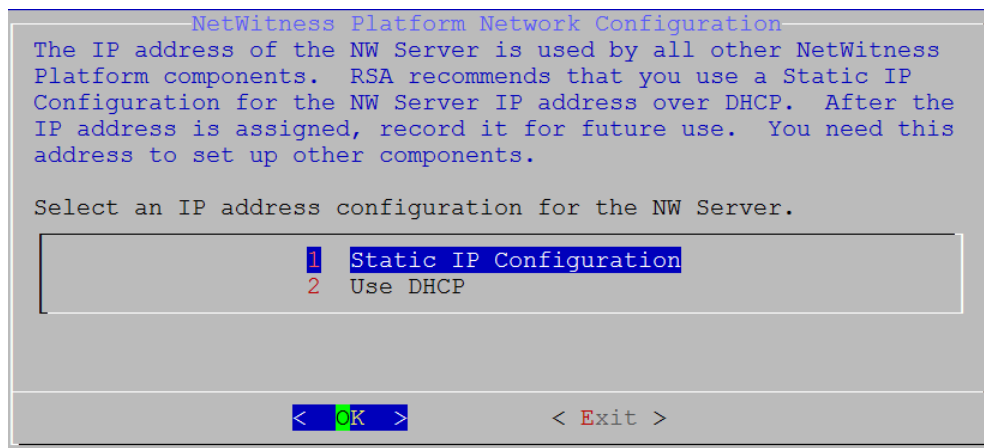
Note: If you connect directly from the host console, the following warning is not displayed.



Press **Enter** to close warning prompt.

- If the Setup Program finds an IP configuration and you choose to use it, the **Update Repository** prompt is displayed. Go to step 12 to and complete the installation.
- If the Setup Program did not find an IP configuration or if you choose to change the existing IP configuration, the **Network Configuration** prompt is displayed.

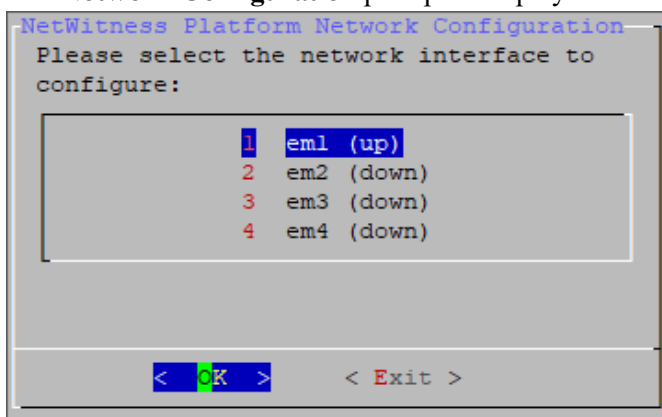
Caution: Only select "Use DHCP" as an IP address configuration for the NW Server if DHCP issues static IP addresses.



Tab to **OK** and press **Enter** to use **Static IP**.

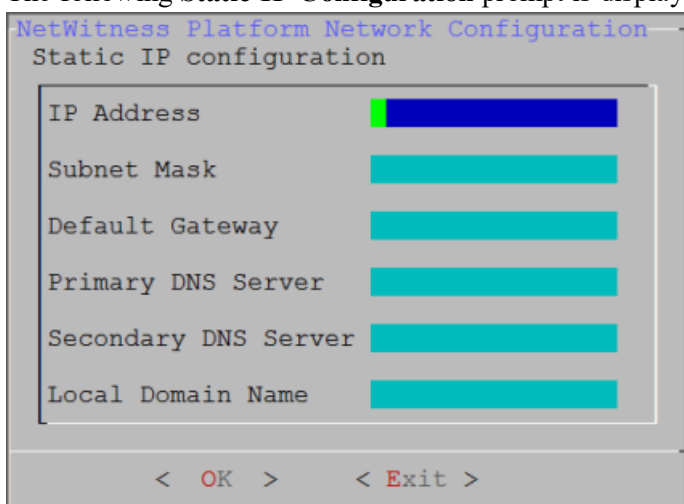
If you want to use DHCP, down arrow to **2 Use DHCP** and press **Enter**.

The **Network Configuration** prompt is displayed.



9. Down arrow to the network interface you want, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**. If you do not want to continue, tab to **Exit**.

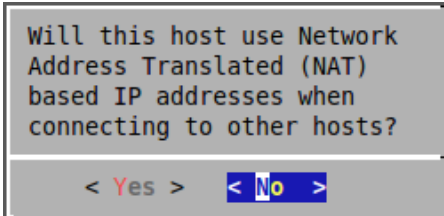
The following **Static IP Configuration** prompt is displayed.



10. Type the configuration values, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**. If you do not complete all the required fields, an All fields are required error message is displayed (**Secondary DNS Server** and **Local Domain Name** fields are not required). If you use the wrong syntax or character length for any of the fields, an Invalid <field-name> error message is displayed.

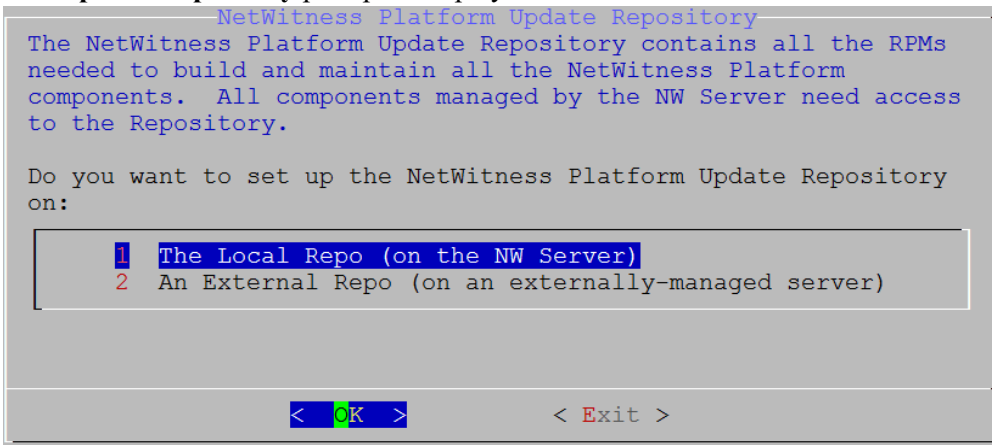
Caution: If you select **DNS Server**, make sure that the DNS Server is correct and the host can access it before proceeding with the installation.

11. The Use Network Address Translation (NAT) prompt is displayed.



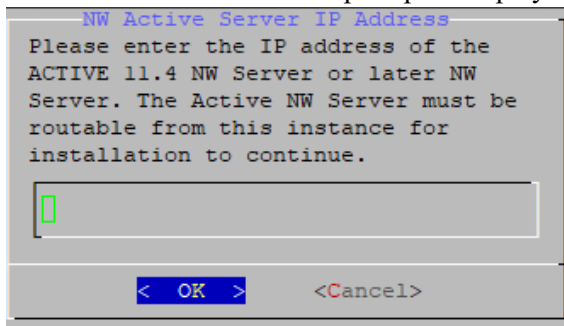
If this host requires the use of NAT-based addresses to communicate with the NW Server, tab to **Yes**. Otherwise, tab to **No** and press **Enter**.

12. The **Update Repository** prompt is displayed.



For ESA hosts:

- Select the same repo that you selected when you installed the NW Server host and follow the steps above.
- The NW Server IP Address prompt is displayed.



Type the NW Server IP address. Tab to **OK** and press **Enter**.

1. The Disable firewall prompt is displayed.

```

Disable Firewall
Do you need to apply custom
firewall rules to this host?
("No" enforces the standard
NetWitness firewall rule set to
the host)
< Yes > < No >
    
```

Tab to **No** (default), and press **Enter** to use the standard firewall configuration.

To disable the standard firewall configuration, tab to **Yes**, and press **Enter**.

If you select **Yes**, confirm your selection(select **Yes** again) or select **No** to use the standard firewall configuration.

```

Warning: you chose to disable the default NetWitness
firewall configuration which means you must set up
firewall rules manually.

Select "Yes" to confirm that you will set up firewall
rules manually.
< Yes > < No >
    
```

2. The **Start Install** prompt is displayed.

```

Start Install/Upgrade
All the required information has been gathered.

Select "1 Install Now" to start the installation
on this host.

1 Install Now
2 Restart

< OK > < Exit >
    
```

3. Press **Enter** to install 11.5 ESA Host.

When **Installation complete** is displayed, you have installed 11.5 ESA host on this host.

Note: Ignore the hash code errors similar to the errors shown in the following figure that are displayed when you initiate the `nwsetup-tui` command. Yum does not use MD5 for any security operations so they do not affect the system security.




```
ValueError: error:3207A06D:lib(50):B_HASH_init:cr new
Checksum type 'md5' disabled
(skipped due to only_if)
* file[/etc/yum.repos.d/CentOS-Base.repo] action delete (up to date)
* ruby_block[yum-cache-reload-CentOS-Base] action nothing (skipped due to action :nothing)
(up to date)
* yum_repository[Remove CentOS-CR repository] action delete
* execute[yum clean all CentOS-CR] action runERROR:root:code for hash md5 was not found.
Traceback (most recent call last):
File "/usr/lib64/python2.7/hashlib.py", line 129, in <module>
globals()[__func_name] = __get_hash(__func_name)
File "/usr/lib64/python2.7/hashlib.py", line 98, in __get_openssl_constructor
f(usedforsecurity=False)
```

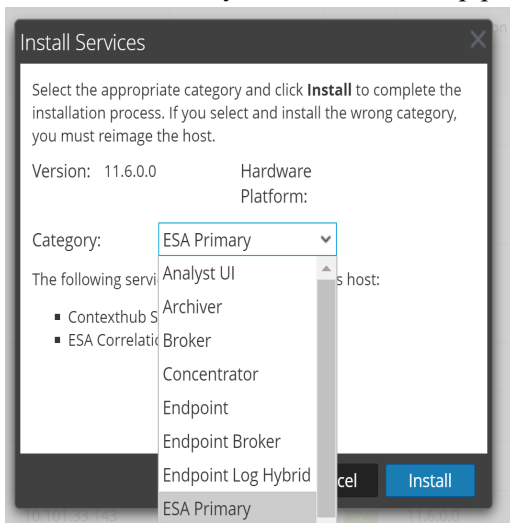
- (Optional) If your system configuration requires that a component host must use a NAT IP address to reach the NW Server host, you must configure the NAT IP address of the NW Server by running the following command:




```
nw-manage --update-host --host-id <NW Server Host UUID> --ipv4-public <NAT IP address>
```

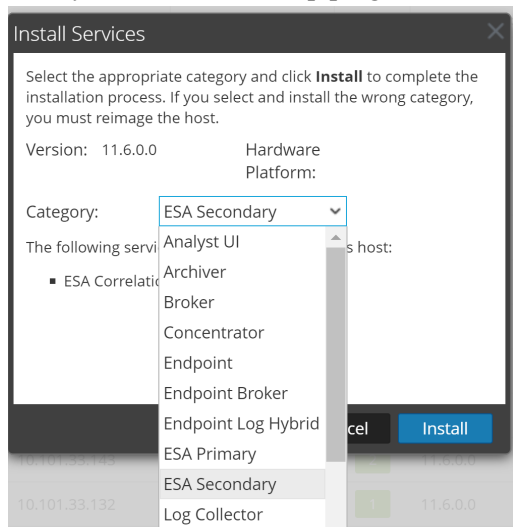
Set Up ESA Hosts

After you install your NW Server and component hosts, follow these steps to set up your ESA hosts.

- Install your primary ESA host following the instructions in [Install ESA](#), and install the **ESA Primary** service on it after you finish the Set Up program in the UI in  (Admin) > **Hosts** >  **Install** .



- (Conditional) If you have a secondary ESA host, install it and install the **ESA Secondary** service on it after you finish the Set Up program in the UI in  (Admin) > **Hosts** >  **Install** .



Complete Licensing Requirements

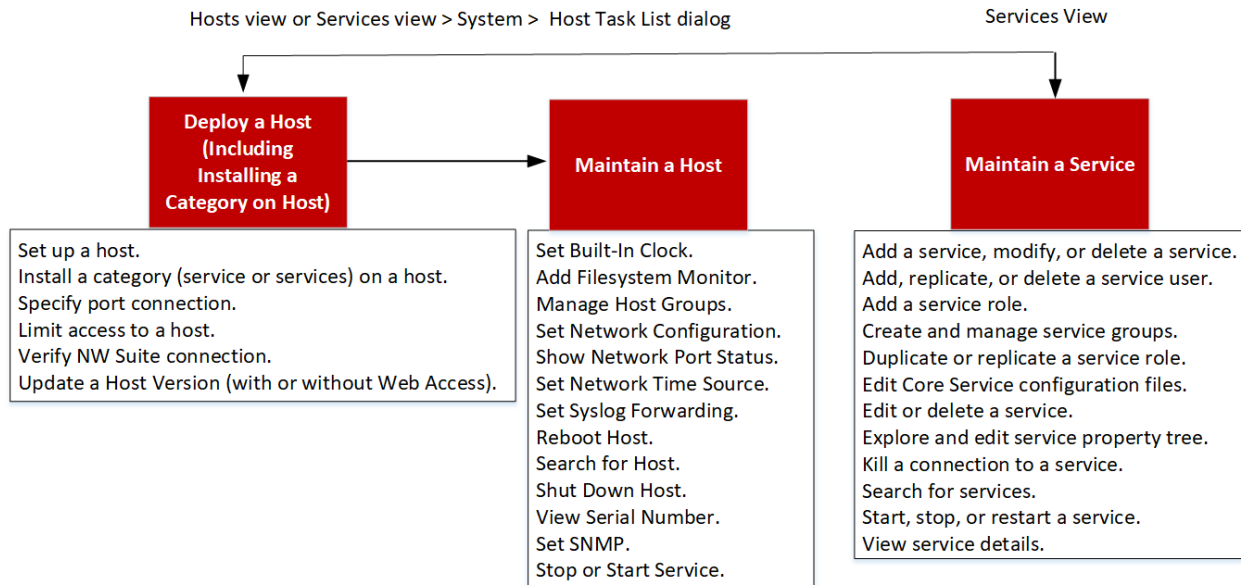
Complete licensing requirements for installed services. See the *NetWitness Platform 11.5 Licensing Management Guide* for more information. Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

(Optional) Install Warm Standby NW Server

Refer to "Warm Standby NW Server Host" under "Deployment Option Setup Procedures" in the *Deployment Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.5* for instructions on how to set up a Warm Standby NW Server.

ESA Deploy Procedures

Every service requires a host. After you set up a host, you can assign services to and from this host to other hosts in your NetWitness Platform deployment. This topic contains information about basic procedures.



High-Level Task	Description
Set Up a Host	Complete the following tasks in the order shown to set up a host. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Step 1. Deploy a Host Step 2. Install a Service on a Host Step 3. Review SSL Ports for Trusted Connections Step 4. Manage Access to a Service


Step 1. Deploy a Host

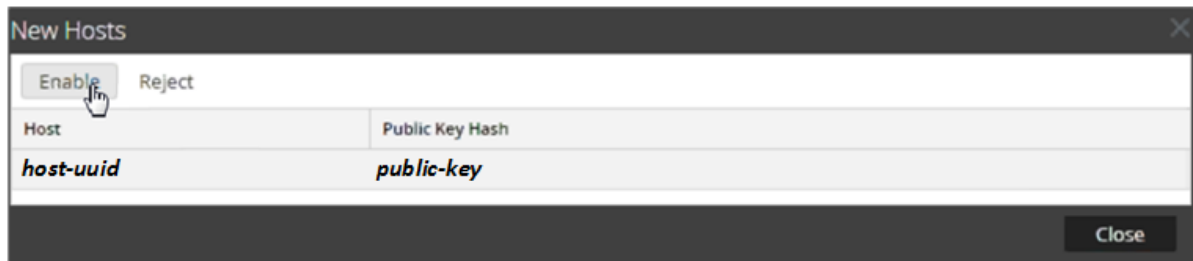
Caution: If you include "." in a host name, the host name must also include a valid domain name.

1. Deploy a host.

You can deploy a physical host (RSA Appliance), virtual host on-prem, a virtual in AWS, or a virtual host in Azure. See the following guides for instructions on how to deploy hosts.

- *Physical Host Installation Guide*
- *Virtual Host Installation Guide*
- *AWS Installation Guide*
- *Azure Installation Guide*




2. Go to  (**Admin**) > **Hosts**.
The New Hosts dialog is displayed with the hosts that you deployed.
3. Select the hosts that you want to enable.
The Enable menu option becomes active.
4. Click **Enable**.



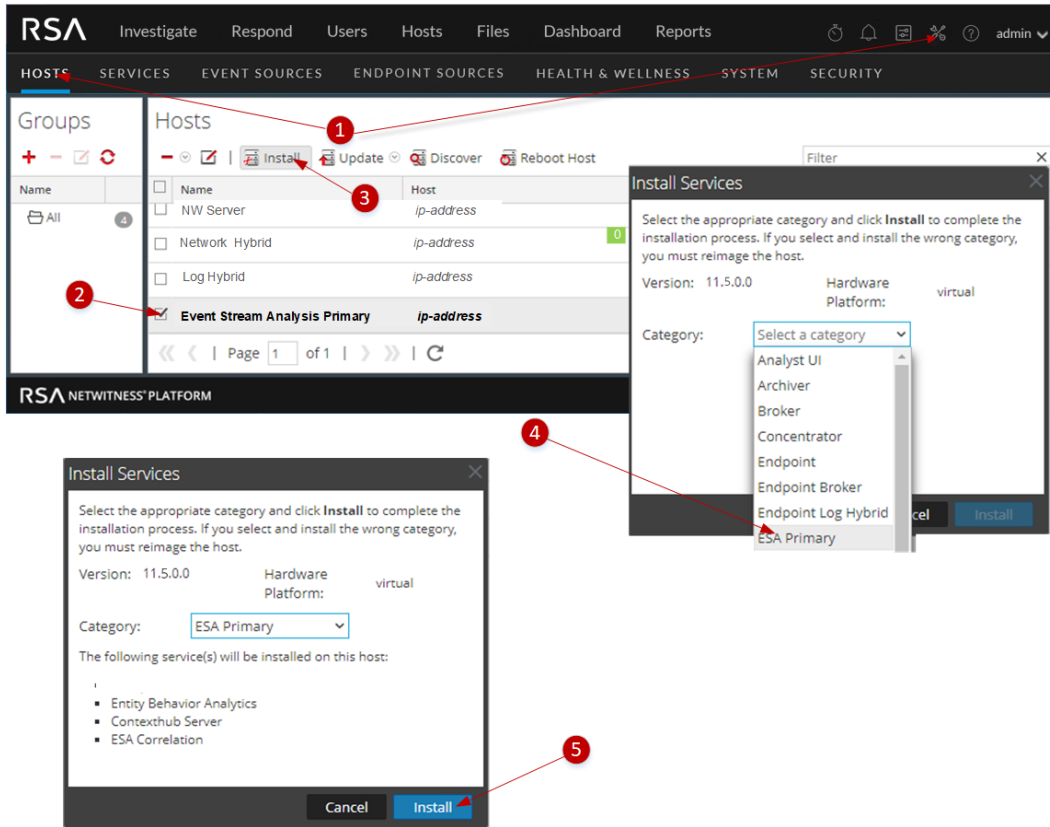
5. Select the host you enabled.
The host is displayed in the Hosts view. At this point, you can install a service on the host.

Step 2. Install a Service on a Host

Perform the following steps to install a service on a host.

1. In NetWitness Platform, go to  (**Admin**) > **Hosts**.
The Hosts view is displayed.
2. Select the host on which you want to install the service (for example, **Event Stream Analysis**).
3. Click  **Install** in the toolbar.
The Install Services dialog is displayed.
4. Select a service from the **Category** drop-down list (for example, **ESA Primary**).
The  becomes active in the Install Services dialog.

5. Click **Install**.



Step 3. Review SSL Ports for Trusted Connections

To support trusted connections each core service has two ports, an unencrypted non-SSL port and an encrypted SSL port. Trusted connections require the encrypted SSL port.

Encrypted SSL Ports

By default, trusted connections are established with two settings:

- SSL is enabled.
- Core service is connected to an encrypted SSL port.

Each NetWitness Platform Core service has two ports:

- Unencrypted non-SSL port
Example: Archiver 50008
- Encrypted SSL port
Example: Archiver 56008


The SSL port is the non-SSL port + 6000.

The following table lists all NetWitness Platform services with their respective ports and shows that each core service has two ports. All port numbers listed are TCP.

Services	Notes
NW Server	
Admin Config Content Integration Investigate License Orchestration Reporting Engine Respond Security	Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server Implemented with the NW Server
Analyst UI	
Broker Investigate Server NetWitness UI Reporting Engine Respond Server	Implemented with the Analyst UI Implemented with the Analyst UI Implemented with the Analyst UI Implemented with the Analyst UI Implemented with the Analyst UI
Archiver	
Archiver Workbench	Core Service
Broker	
Broker	Core Service
Concentrator	
Concentrator	Core Service
Endpoint	
Endpoint Server	
Endpoint Broker	
Endpoint Broker Server	
Endpoint Log Hybrid	
Log Collector Log Decoder Endpoint Server Concentrator	Core Service Core Service Core Service
ESA Primary	
Contexthub ESA Correlation	

Services	Notes
ESA Secondary	
ESA Correlation	
Log Collector	
Log Collector	Core Service
Log Decoder	
Log Collector Log Decoder	Core Service
Log Hybrid	
Log Collector Log Decoder Concentrator	Core Service Core Service
Log Hybrid - Retention	Deployed on RSA Series 6 Hybrid hardware with Log Hybrid-Retention Optimization.
Log Collector Log Decoder	Core Service
Malware Analysis	
Malware Analysis Broker	Core Service
Network Decoder	
Decoder (Packets)	Core Service
Network Hybrid	
Concentrator Network Decoder	Core Service Core Service
New Health and Wellness	
Metrics Server	
UEBA	
UEBA	
Warehouse Connector	
Warehouse Connector	Command line installation

Step 4. Manage Access to a Service


In a trusted connection, a service explicitly trusts the NW Server to manage and authenticate users. With this trust, services in  (**Admin**) > **Services** no longer require credentials to be defined for every NetWitness Platform Core service. Instead, users who have been authenticated by the server can access the service without entering another password.






Test a Trusted Connection

Prerequisites

1. The administrator must assign a role to the user.
For more information, see "Add a User and Assign a Role" in the *System Security and User Management Guide*.
2. The user must:
 - Log in to NetWitness Platform for the server to authenticate the user.
 - Have access to the service.





Procedure







































1. In NetWitness Platform, go to  (**Admin**) > **Services**.
The Services view is displayed.


RSA Investigate Respond Users Hosts Files Dashboard Reports      admin

HOSTS SERVICES EVENT SOURCES ENDPOINT SOURCES HEALTH & WELLNESS SYSTEM SECURITY


Groups Services

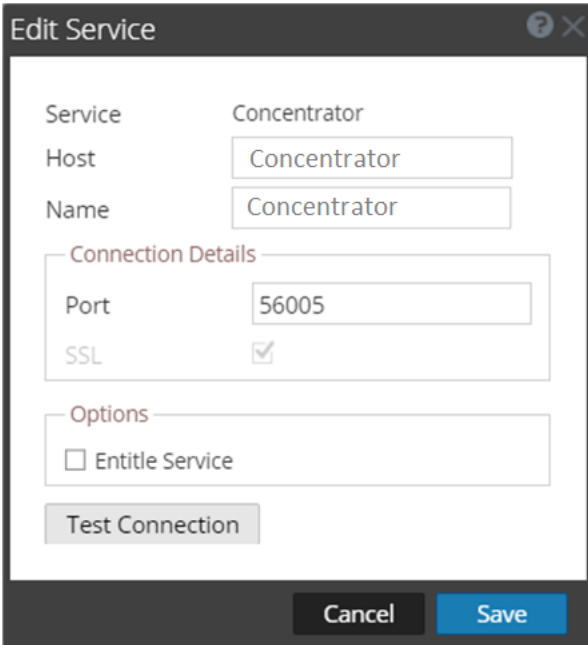
    Filter

Name	<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Licensed	Host	Type	Version	Actions
All 25	<input type="checkbox"/>	Admin	<input type="radio"/>	NW Server	Admin Server	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	AnalystUI	<input type="radio"/>	AnalystUI	AnalystUI	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Broker	<input type="radio"/>	NW Server	Broker	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Concentrator	<input type="radio"/>	Endpoint Log Hybrid	Concentrator	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Concentrator	<input type="radio"/>	Log Hybrid	Concentrator	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Concentrator	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Network Hybrid	Concentrator	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Config	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NW Server	Config Server	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Content	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NW Server	Content Server	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Contexthub	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ESA Primary	Contexthub	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Decoder	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Network Hybrid	Decoder	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint Log Hybrid	Endpoint	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	ESA Correlation	<input type="radio"/>	ESA Primary	ESA Correlation	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	ESA Analytics	<input type="radio"/>	ESA Primary	ESA Analytics	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Integration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NW Server	Integration Server	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Investigate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NW Server	Investigate Server	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Log Collector	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint Log Hybrid	Log Collector	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Log Collector	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Log Hybrid	Log Collector	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Log Decoder	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint Log Hybrid	Log Decoder	11.x.x.x	 
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Log Decoder	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Log Hybrid	Log Decoder	11.x.x.x	 


Page 1 of 1 |  Displaying 1 - 25 of 25

RSA NETWITNESS PLATFORM 11.5.0.0

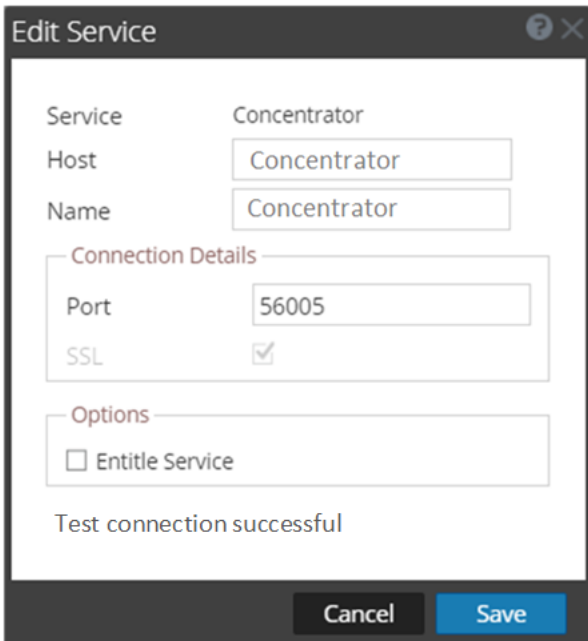
2. Select the checkbox of the service (for example, a Concentrator) to test and click . The **Edit Service** dialog is displayed.



The screenshot shows the 'Edit Service' dialog box. The 'Service' dropdown is set to 'Concentrator'. The 'Host' and 'Name' text boxes both contain 'Concentrator'. The 'Port' text box contains '56005'. The 'SSL' checkbox is checked. The 'Options' section contains an unchecked 'Entitle Service' checkbox. A 'Test Connection' button is located below the options. At the bottom of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Save' buttons.

Note: The Options box will only display if the selected service is not licensed. A licensed service is denoted by a  in the Services view.

3. Remove the username to test the connection without credentials.
4. Click **Test Connection**.



This screenshot is identical to the previous one, but it includes a message 'Test connection successful' at the bottom of the main content area, indicating that the connection test was successful.

The message `Test connection successful` confirms the trusted connection is established. The previously authenticated user can access the service without typing a username and password on the service.

5. Click **Save**.

Configure ESA Correlation Rules

This topic provides high-level tasks to configure RSA NetWitness Platform Event Stream Analysis (ESA) Correlation Rules using the ESA Correlation service.

IMPORTANT: Mixed mode is not supported for ESA hosts in NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later. The NetWitness server, ESA primary host, and ESA secondary host must all be on the same NetWitness Platform version.

Data Source Configuration Changes

In NetWitness Platform version 11.3 and later, the ESA Correlation service enables you to specify different data sources for different sets of rules. Instead of adding data sources, such as Concentrators, to the entire ESA Correlation service, you can specify different data sources for each ESA rule deployment. An ESA rule deployment includes an ESA Correlation service with its associated data sources and a set of ESA rules. For example, you may want to use Concentrators with HTTP packet data in one deployment and Concentrators with HTTP log data in another deployment. For more detailed information, see [Deploy Rules to Run on ESA](#).

In NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later, you can add an optional data source filter to the data sources in your ESA rule deployments to improve performance. This allows your data sources to be filtered further so that only the data relevant to the deployment is forwarded to ESA. The filter is comprised of application rules, which are applied to the Decoders mapped to your selected data sources.

Caution: The data source filter is intended for advanced users familiar with Decoder application rules. Improper filtering can cause the required data to not be forwarded to and analyzed by ESA.

Using a data source filter can be performance intensive for data aggregation. A filter slows the event aggregation rate, but when you are filtering a large amount of traffic, it can have performance benefits on ESA Correlation server. However, if you use a complex filter and do not filter a large amount of traffic, the event aggregation rate may be lower than expected.

IMPORTANT: If an application rule linked to a data source filter is modified on a Decoder, the filter must be removed, added again, and redeployed. The changes take effect on ESA after the deployment is redeployed.

For more information, see “(Optional) Add a Data Source Filter” in [ESA Rule Deployment Steps](#).

Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle

An Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle, which contains approximately 400 rules, comes with NetWitness Platform 11.3 and later. Endpoint risk scoring rules only apply to NetWitness Endpoint. You can add the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle to an ESA rule deployment in the same way that you would add any ESA rule. However, you must specify endpoint data sources (Concentrators) in the ESA Rule Deployment.

The ESA Correlation service can process endpoint risk scoring rules, which generate alerts that are used in risk scoring calculations to identify suspicious files and hosts. To turn on risk scoring for NetWitness Endpoint, you must deploy endpoint risk scoring rules on ESA. For instructions, see [Deploy Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules on ESA](#). To configure NetWitness Endpoint, see the *NetWitness Endpoint Configuration Guide*. Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

ESA Correlation Rules Configuration Workflow

The following diagram shows the high-level workflow for configuring ESA Correlation Rules with the ESA Correlation service.

ESA Rule Deployments are groups of ESA Rules processed by an ESA service to create alerts. In NetWitness Platform 11.3 and later, the ESA Correlation service processes the ESA rules and creates alerts.

Before you can configure ESA Correlation Rules, install and configure the data sources (Concentrators) to use for the ESA rules. For example, you may have a Concentrator with HTTP packet data and another with Windows Log data. Next, configure the global notification methods that content experts can use for the ESA rules. For example, they may want to send an email notification when a rule creates an alert.

The NetWitness Platform Live Content Management System (known as *Live*) is a valuable source of the latest internet security resources for NetWitness Platform customers. RSA Live contains an extensive library of ESA rules to detect threats that you can use to save time. Download the rules for the events that you want to detect in your network to the ESA Rule Library and adjust them as needed for your network environment.

After you prepare your data sources and download Live ESA rules, you can create one or more ESA rule deployments. An ESA rule deployment contains an ESA service, one or more data sources, and a set of ESA rules. For example, you can create an ESA rule deployment that contains an ESA Correlation service, a Concentrator with HTTP packet data, and a set of ESA rules for HTTP packet data. When you are ready to have the ESA service run the rule set, you deploy the ESA rule deployment, which places the rules on ESA.

After you deploy an ESA rule deployment, verify that you can view the ESA alerts in the Respond view (Respond > Alerts).

Prerequisites

Make sure that you:

- Install the ESA Correlation service in your network environment.
- Install and configure one or more Concentrators in your network environment.
- Download or ensure that you have access to the [Alerting with Correlation Rules User Guide](#) for version 11.3 or later. Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

Procedure

The following table shows the high level tasks required to configure ESA Correlation Rules.

Tasks	Reference
1. Prepare data sources, such as Concentrators, to use for your ESA Correlation Rules.	Refer to Broker and Concentrator Configuration Guide .
2. Configure notifications for the ESA Correlation service.	Refer to Notification Methods .
3. Download Event Stream Analysis rules using Live. Configure the Live ESA Rule parameters for your environment.	Refer to Download Configurable RSA Live Rules .
4. Create ESA rule deployments*: Choose ESA Rules and the appropriate ESA service to use in the ESA rule deployment. For NetWitness Platform 11.3 and later, you must also choose the data sources to use for these rules.	Refer to ESA Rule Deployment Steps .
5. Deploy ESA rule deployments.*	Refer to ESA Rule Deployment Steps .
6. View ESA alerts in the Respond view.	Refer to the NetWitness Respond User Guide .

*ESA rule deployments are groups of ESA Rules that are processed by an ESA service, such as the ESA Correlation service in NetWitness Platform version 11.3 and later.

For additional optional advanced ESA Correlation Rules configuration procedures, see [Additional ESA Correlation Rules Procedures](#).

For more information on alerting with ESA Correlation rules best practices, creating rules, working with trial rules, adding data enrichment sources, viewing statistics for an ESA service, and troubleshooting, see the [Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide](#).

ESA Correlation Health and Wellness Monitoring

In NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later, New Health and Wellness provides improved and intuitive dashboards, monitors, and visualizations. The ESA Correlation Overview dashboard provides health statistics and trends on ESA rule deployments.





For more information, see "Monitor New Health and Wellness" and "Appendix A: New Health and Wellness Dashboards / ESA Correlation Overview Dashboard" in the [System Maintenance Guide](#).

Upgrade Considerations for ESA Hosts

Mixed mode is not supported for ESA hosts in NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later.

IMPORTANT: The NetWitness server (Admin server), ESA primary host, and ESA secondary host must all be on the same NetWitness Platform version.

Trial Rule Status Changes

In NetWitness Platform 11.4 and later, ESA trial rules no longer change status after an upgrade or deployment. For example, if you change the status of a trial rule to disabled [ (Configure) > ESA Rules > Services tab] and redeploy the ESA rule deployment [ (Configure) > ESA Rules > Rules tab], the trial rule remains disabled. Previously, ESA trial rules could change status after an upgrade or when they were redeployed.

Upgrade Considerations for ESA Rule Deployments (from 11.2.x and Earlier only)

Caution: After upgrading to NetWitness Platform version 11.3 or later, due to the ESA Correlation service data source changes, there are necessary data changes to migrated ESA rule deployments.

After the upgrade to version 11.3 or later, migrated ESA rule deployments change as follows:

1. If an ESA rule deployment contains two services before 11.3, the deployment splits into two deployments. You can only have one ESA Correlation service in an ESA rule deployment in version 11.3 or later.
2. If an ESA service has multiple ESA rule deployments before 11.3, they combine into one deployment in version 11.3 or later. You can still access your old deployments. For a detailed example, see [ESA Rule Deployments Upgrade Example \(from 11.2.x and Earlier only\)](#).

To support Endpoint and UEBA content as well as changes to ESA rules from Live, a data change from single-value (string) to multi-value (string array) is required for several meta keys within the ESA Correlation service. Some single-value meta keys are also required. See [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#).

Upgrade Considerations for ESA Rule Deployments (from 11.3.x)

Caution: Before upgrading from NetWitness Platform 11.3.x to 11.4 or later, it is important to delete ESA rule deployments that do not contain an ESA Correlation service. The remaining ESA rule deployments should have been deployed at least once with the ESA Correlation service.

ESA Rule Deployments Upgrade Example (from 11.2.x and Earlier only)

Note: This example applies only to upgrades from NetWitness Platform version 11.2.x and earlier to 11.3.x or 11.4.x.

to NetWitness Platform 10.6.6 ESA rule deployments before and after an upgrade to version 11.3 or later. In this example, before the upgrade there are six 10.6.6 ESA rule deployments. Four deployments have both ESA primary and ESA secondary Event Stream Analysis services. One deployment has only the ESA primary service and another one has only the ESA secondary service. Each 10.6.6 ESA rule deployment before the upgrade has a set of rules as shown in the following table:

10.6.6 ESA Rule Deployment (Before Upgrade)	# of Rules	ESA Primary	ESA Secondary
Basic Rules Advanced	16	x	x
Basic Rules BRB	10	x	x
Enrichment Rules	2	x	x
Notification	2		x
RSA Persist	1	x	
Threat Content	3	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>
Total # of Rules		32	33

The following figure shows the 10.6.6 ESA rule deployments before the upgrade.

The screenshot shows the 'Deployment - Basic Rules Advanced' configuration page in the NetWitness interface. It includes a sidebar with navigation options like 'Rules', 'Services', and 'Settings'. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'ESA Services' and 'ESA Rules'.

ESA Services Table:

Status	Name	Address	Version	Last Deployment Date
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	ESA106 - Event Stream Analysis	10.1010.10	2019-01-18 16:56:56
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	SESA106 - Event Stream Analysis	10.1010.77	2019-01-18 16:56:57

ESA Rules Table:

Status	Rule Name	Trial Rule	Severity	Type	Email	Smtp	Syslog	Script	Last Modified
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	Basic Alert Rule with single statement evaluation type is	Yes	Low	Advanced EPL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2019-01-18 15:49:20
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	Basic Alert Rule with single statement evaluation type is not and value an array	Yes	Low	Advanced EPL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2019-01-18 15:49:20
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	Basic Alert Rule on multi-valued attributes of an Event	Yes	Low	Advanced EPL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2019-01-18 15:49:20
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	Basic Alert Rule that contains multiple statements and has occurs property set greater than 1	Yes	Low	Advanced EPL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2019-01-18 15:49:20
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	Basic Alert Rule with Multiple Statements and Rule connector (AND) and count (Occurs)	Yes	Low	Advanced EPL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2019-01-18 15:49:20
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deployed	Basic Alert Rule with Multiple Statements and Rule connector (OR)	Yes	Low	Advanced EPL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2019-01-18 15:49:20

In this example, after the upgrade to 11.3, there are only two functional ESA rule deployments; one has the ESA primary (ESAP) ESA Correlation service and the other has the ESA secondary (ESAS) ESA Correlation service. The ESAP - ESA Correlation service deployment contains 32 rules, which is the total of all of the rules in the 10.6.6 deployments that contained the ESA primary service (16 + 10 + 2 + 1 + 3). The ESA secondary ESA Correlation service contains 33 rules, which is the total of all the rules in the 10.6.6 deployments that contained the ESAS Service (16 + 10 + 2 + 2 + 3). Since the RSA Persist deployment only contained one ESA primary service in 10.6.6, that rule was added to the ESAP 11.3 deployment. Since the Notification 10.6.6 deployment contained one ESA secondary service, the rule was added to the 11.3 ESAS deployment.

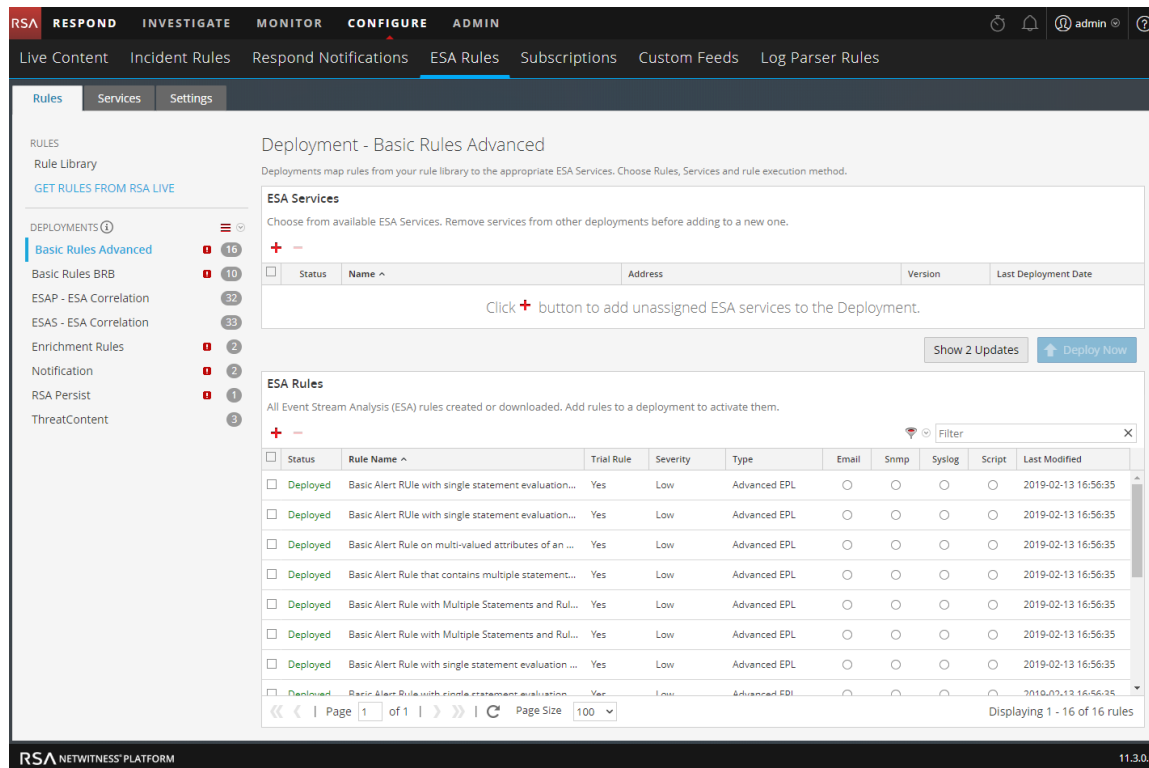
The following table shows the 11.3 ESA rule deployments after upgrade, the number of rules in each deployment, and which deployments have the ESA primary and ESA secondary ESA Correlation services.

11.3 ESA Rule Deployment (After Upgrade)	# of Rules	ESA Primary	ESA Secondary
Basic Rules Advanced	16		
Basic Rules BRB	10		
ESAP - ESA Correlation	32	x	
ESAS - ESA Correlation	33		x
Enrichment Rules	2		
Notification	2		
RSA Persist	1		
Threat Content	3	-	-
Total # of Rules		32	33

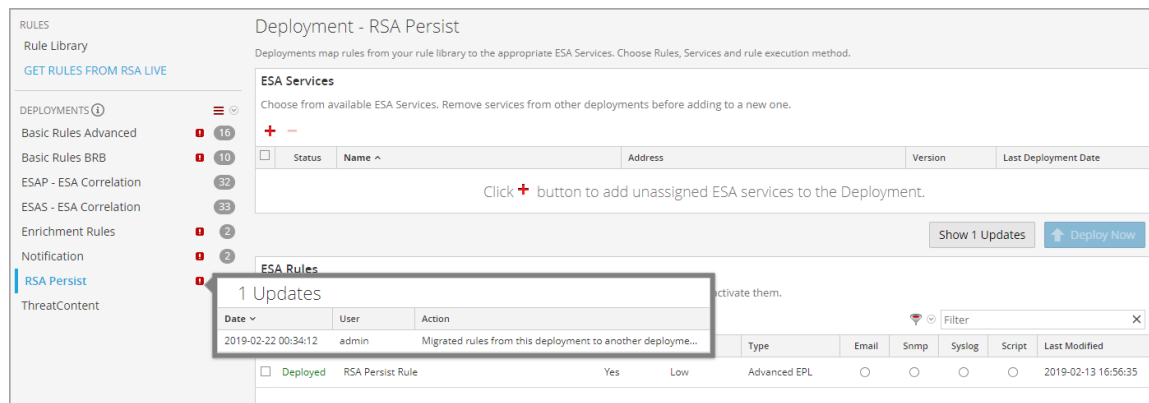
In this example, all of the 10.6.6 ESA rule deployments were moved to 11.3, but they have no services after the upgrade. The only functional 11.3 ESA rule deployments are ESAP and ESAS. The 10.6.6 ESA rule deployments are preserved in case you want to use them.

Caution: Before upgrading from NetWitness Platform 11.3.x to 11.4, it is important to delete ESA rule deployments that do not contain an ESA Correlation service. The remaining ESA rule deployments should have been deployed at least once with the ESA Correlation service.

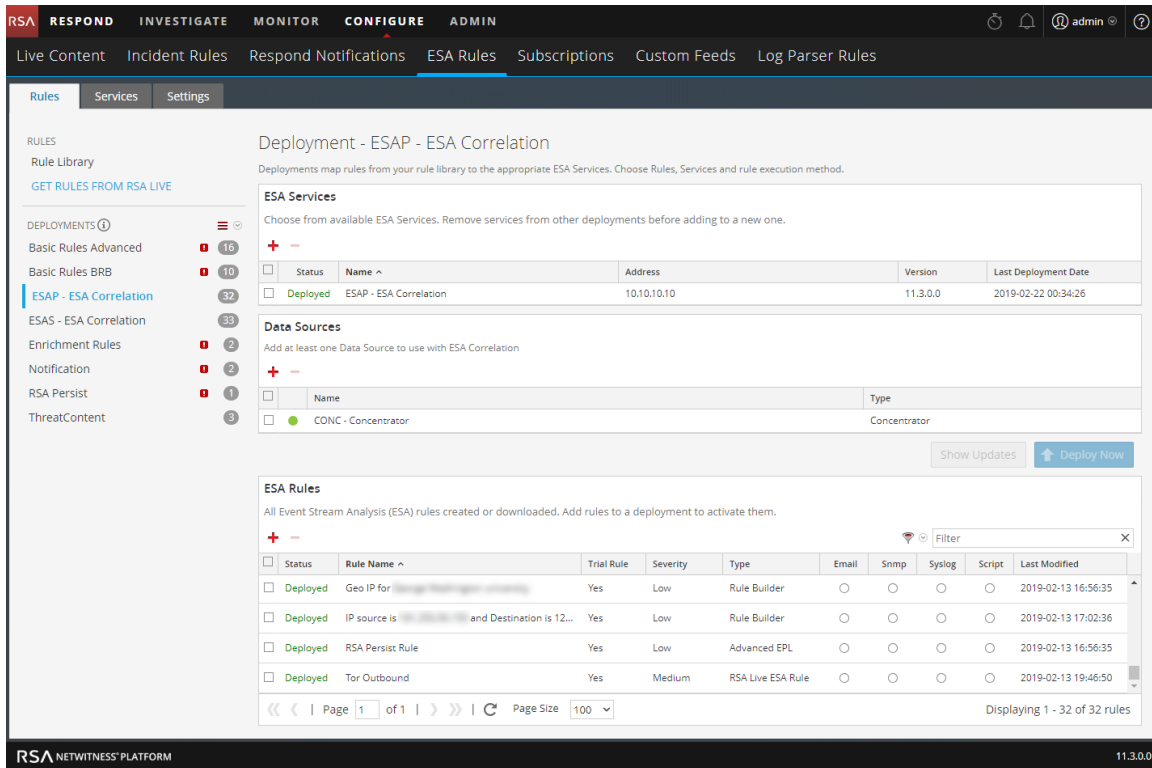
The following figure shows the 11.3 ESA rule deployments after the upgrade. Notice that the Basic Rules Advanced deployment from 10.6.6 does not have any ESA services, but it still contains the original 16 rules.



The 10.6.6 ESA rule deployments show update messages detailing the changes as shown in the following figure.



The following figure shows the ESA primary rule deployment after the upgrade (ESAP - ESA Correlation). Notice that the ESAP - ESA Correlation deployment has only the ESA primary ESA Correlation service.



In NetWitness Platform 11.3 and later, you can only have one ESA Correlation service per deployment, but an ESA Correlation service can be in more than one ESA rule deployment.

Additional ESA Correlation Rules Procedures

This topic is a collection of individual procedures, which an Administrator may perform at any time and they are not required to complete the initial setup of ESA Correlation Rules.

Use this section when you are looking for instructions to perform a specific task after the initial setup of ESA.

- [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#)
- [Configure Advanced Settings for an ESA Correlation Service](#)
 - [Enable or Disable Sending ESA Rule Alerts to the Respond View](#)
 - [Enable ESA Correlation Service Debugging for All Rules](#)
 - [Configure Maximum Events per Alert for All Rules](#)
 - [Adjust Maximum Sessions for the ESA Data Source Filter](#)
 - [Configure Meta Keys as Arrays in ESA Correlation Rule Values](#)
 - [Remove Sensitive Meta Keys Globally from All Alerts for Data Privacy](#)
- [Configure Character Case for Advanced ESA Rules](#)
- [Deploy Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules on ESA](#)
- [Change Memory Threshold for ESA Rules](#)
- [Start, Stop, or Restart ESA Service](#)
- [View Audit Logs and Verify ESA Component Versions](#)

Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys

11.4 Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys

Note: This procedure applies only to ESA Correlation Rules in NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later versions.

To support Endpoint, UEBA, and RSA Live content, a data change from single-value (string) to multi-value (string array) is required for several meta keys within the ESA Correlation service for 11.3 and later. Additional string meta keys are required within the ESA Correlation service for 11.3.0.2 and later.

If the meta keys used for your ESA rules are different from the required default multi-value meta keys, your ESA rules continue to work, but you should update your ESA rules to use the required meta keys as soon as possible to ensure that your rules continue to deploy properly.

Note: On a new installation of ESA on 11.3.0.2 and later, no ESA rule adjustments are necessary.

The ESA Correlation service has the following multi-valued (string array) and single-valued (string) parameters:

- **multi-valued** - Shows the string array meta keys currently used for your ESA rules.
 - For an upgrade to NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later, it shows the existing string array meta keys before the upgrade. (This parameter is equivalent to the Event Stream Analysis service `ArrayFieldNames` parameter in NetWitness Platform versions 11.2 and earlier.)
 - For a new installation of NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later, it contains all the required string array meta keys for the latest version.
- **single-valued** - Shows the string meta keys currently used for your ESA rules.
 - For an upgrade to NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later from versions prior to 11.3, this parameter value is empty.
 - For a new installation of NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later, it contains all the required string meta keys for the latest version.
- **default-multi-valued** - Shows the required string array meta keys for the latest version.
 - For a new installation of NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later, this parameter value is empty.
- **default-single-valued** - Shows the required string meta keys for the latest version.
 - For a new installation of NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later, this parameter value is empty.

Note: If you have the same value in the `single-valued` and `multi-valued` parameter fields, the `single-valued` meta key value takes precedence over the `multi-valued` meta key value.

To use the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and Live content rules, you must update the **multi-valued** parameter on the ESA Correlation service to include all of the meta keys in the **default-multi-valued** field. You must also update the **single-valued** parameter field to include all of the meta keys in the **default-single-valued** field. To do this, follow the [Update the Multi-Valued and Single-Valued Parameter Meta Keys for the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and RSA Live Content Rules](#) procedure.

Caution: Any changes that you make to the `multi-valued` parameter may cause an error when you deploy your existing rules. You can update the `multi-valued` parameter, resync your meta keys, and update the ESA rules at your convenience. You may want to add a couple meta keys at a time to reduce the number of reported errors.

Note: If you are using multiple ESA Correlation services, the `multi-valued` and `single-valued` parameters should be the same on each ESA Correlation service.

In NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later, ESA automatically adjusts the operator in the rule statement when there is a change from string to string array, but you still may need to make manual adjustments to adjust for the string array changes.

To change the string type meta keys to string array type meta keys manually, see [Configure Meta Keys as Arrays in ESA Correlation Rule Values](#).

To use the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and Live content rules, the following default **multi-valued** meta keys are required on the ESA Correlation service in NetWitness Platform version 11.3 and later:

action , alert , alert.id , alias.host , alias.ip , alias.ipv6 , analysis.file , analysis.service , analysis.session , boc , browserprint , cert.thumbprint , checksum , checksum.all , checksum.dst , checksum.src , client.all , content , context , context.all , context.dst , context.src , dir.path , dir.path.dst , dir.path.src , directory , directory.all , directory.dst , directory.src , email , email.dst , email.src , eoc , feed.category , feed.desc , feed.name , file.cat , file.cat.dst , file.cat.src , filename.dst , filename.src , filter , function , host.all , host.dst , host.orig , host.src , host.state , inv.category , inv.context , ioc , ip.orig , ipv6.orig , netname , OS , param , param.dst , param.src , registry.key , registry.value , risk , risk.info , risk.suspicious , risk.warning , threat.category , threat.desc , threat.source , user.agent , username

The following default **single-valued** meta keys are also required on the ESA Correlation service in NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later:

accesses , context.target , file.attributes , logon.type.desc , packets

If you used any meta keys in the ESA rule notification templates from the Required String Array or String Meta Keys list, update the templates with the meta key changes. See "Configure Global Notification Templates" in the *System Configuration Guide*.

Note: Advanced EPL rules may get disabled and are not automatically updated so they must be fixed manually.




For additional troubleshooting information, see “Troubleshoot ESA” in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.






Update the Multi-Valued and Single-Valued Parameter Meta Keys for the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and RSA Live Content Rules

To use the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and Live content rules, you must update the **multi-valued** parameter field on the ESA Correlation service to include all of the meta keys in the **default-multi-valued** field. You must also update the **single-valued** parameter field to include all of the meta keys in the **default-single-valued** field.

Caution: Any changes that you make to the multi-valued parameter may cause an error when you deploy your existing rules. You can update the multi-valued parameter, resync your meta keys, and update the ESA rules at your convenience. You may want to add a couple meta keys at a time to reduce the number of reported errors.

Note: If you see a warning message in the ESA Correlation server error logs for missing multi-valued meta keys, there is a difference between the default-multi-valued parameter and multi-valued parameter meta key values, and the new Endpoint, UEBA, and Live content rules will not work. The same is true for missing single-valued meta keys. Completing this procedure should fix the issue. For example warning messages, see [Example ESA Correlation Server Warning Message for Missing Meta Keys](#).

1. After an upgrade to 11.3.0.2 or later, go to  (Admin) > Services, and in the Services view, select an ESA Correlation service and then select   > View > Explore.
2. In the Explore view node list for the ESA Correlation service, select **correlation** > **stream**.

3. Compare the **multi-valued** parameter meta keys with the required **default-multi-valued** meta keys. Copy and paste the missing string array meta keys from the **default-multi-valued** parameter to the **multi-valued** parameter. (You may want to copy only a couple meta keys at one time to reduce the number of reported errors).
4. Copy and paste the string meta keys from the **default-single-valued** parameter to the **single-valued** parameter.
5. If you have multiple ESA Correlation services, make the same meta key changes on each ESA Correlation service.
6. Apply the changes on the ESA Correlation services:
 - a. Go to  (**Configure**) > **ESA Rules** and click the **Settings** tab.
 - b. In the Meta Key References, click the Meta Re-Sync (Refresh) icon ().
7. If you are using any of the **default-multi-valued** or **default-single-valued** meta keys in your ESA Advanced rules, update the rule syntax. See also [Adjust Custom ESA Rule Builder and ESA Advanced Rules](#).
8. If you used any meta keys in the ESA rule notification templates from the **default-multi-valued** parameter list, update the templates with the meta key changes. See "Configure Global Notification Templates" in the *System Configuration Guide*.
9. Deploy your ESA rule deployments.
10. Check your rules for error messages in the ESA Rules section of the ESA rule Deployment or check the ESA Correlation error logs for errors.
 - (This option is available in NetWitness Platform version 11.3.0.2 and later.) To access the error messages in the ESA rule deployment, go to  (**Configure**) > **ESA Rules** > **Rules** tab, select a deployment in the options panel on the left, and go to the **ESA Rules** section. If the ESA rule status shows "Disabled" or shows the  icon in the Status column, you need to determine the issue to fix the rule. If a disabled rule has an error message, it shows  in the Status field. You can hover over the rule to view the error message tooltip without going to the error log.
 - To access the ESA Correlation service logs, you can use SSH to get in the system and go to: `/var/log/netwitness/correlation-server/correlation-server.log`.

Adjust Custom ESA Rule Builder and ESA Advanced Rules

Update your ESA Rule Builder and ESA Advanced rules to work with the string and string array meta keys listed in the `default-multi-valued` and `default-single-valued` parameter fields for the ESA Correlation service. You can add additional meta keys to the `multi-valued` and `single-valued` parameters.

For example, if you use `ec.outcome` as a single-valued meta key in your ESA rule as shown below:

```
@RSAAlert
SELECT * FROM Event((ec_outcome IN ( 'Success' )))
.win:time_length_batch(2 Minutes, 2)
```

```
HAVING COUNT(*) >= 2;
```

If you add ec.outcome to the **multi-valued** parameter field, you need to update your rule as shown below:

```
@RSAAlert
SELECT * FROM Event(( 'Success' = ANY( ec_outcome ) ))
.win:time_length_batch(2 Minutes, 2)
HAVING COUNT(*) >= 2;
```

For more information, see [Configure Meta Keys as Arrays in ESA Correlation Rule Values](#).

Example ESA Correlation Server Warning Message for Missing Meta Keys

If you see a warning message in the ESA Correlation server error logs for missing multi-valued meta keys, there is a difference between the **default-multi-valued** parameter and **multi-valued** parameter meta key values, and the new Endpoint, UEBA, and Live content rules will not work. The same is true for missing single-valued meta keys. Completing the [Update the Multi-Valued and Single-Valued Parameter Meta Keys for the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and RSA Live Content Rules](#) procedure should fix the issue.

Multi-Valued Warning Message Example

```
2019-08-23 08:55:07,602 [ deployment-0] WARN Stream|[alert, alert_id,
browserprint, cert_thumbprint, checksum, checksum_all, checksum_dst,
checksum_src, client_all, content, context, context_all, context_dst,
context_src, dir_path, dir_path_dst, dir_path_src, directory,
directory_all, directory_dst, directory_src, email_dst, email_src,
feed_category, feed_desc, feed_name, file_cat, file_cat_dst, file_
cat_src, filename_dst, filename_src, filter, function, host_all,
host_dst, host_orig, host_src, host_state, ip_orig, ipv6_orig, OS,
param, param_dst, param_src, registry_key, registry_value, risk,
risk_info, risk_suspicious, risk_warning, threat_category, threat_
desc, threat_source, user_agent] are still MISSING from multi-valued
```





Single Value Warning Message Example

```
2019-08-23 08:55:07,602 [ deployment-0] WARN Stream|[accesses,
context_target, file_attributes, logon_type_desc, packets] are still
MISSING from single-valued
```

Configure Meta Keys on New ESA Hosts to Match Upgraded ESA Hosts in the Same NetWitness Platform Network

Note: If you are upgrading from version below 11.4.x.x, make sure that meta keys on new ESA hosts are updated to match upgraded ESA Hosts in the Same NetWitness Platform Network.

If you have one or more ESA hosts in a NetWitness Platform network, which were upgraded from a version before 11.3.0.2 to 11.6, and you add a new ESA host, you must configure the meta keys on the new ESA host to match the other ESA hosts. All ESA Correlation services on the same NetWitness Platform network must have the same Meta Key configurations.

1. For each ESA Correlation service on an upgraded ESA host and for the ESA Correlation service on the newly installed ESA host:
 - a. Open a new tab, go to  (Admin) > Services, and in the Services view, select the ESA Correlation service and then select  > View > Explore.
 - b. In the Explore view node list for the ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > stream**.
2. Ensure that the **multi-valued** and **single-valued** meta key values are the same on each of the upgraded ESA Correlation services.
3. Ensure that the **multi-valued** and **single-valued** meta key values on the newly installed ESA host are the same as those on the upgraded services.
4. To apply any changes on the ESA Correlation services, go to  (Configure) > ESA Rules and click the **Settings** tab. In the Meta Key References, click the **Meta Re-Sync (Refresh)** icon ().
5. If you updated the ESA Correlation services, redeploy the ESA rule deployments.

For more information, see [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#).




Configure Advanced Settings for an ESA Correlation Service

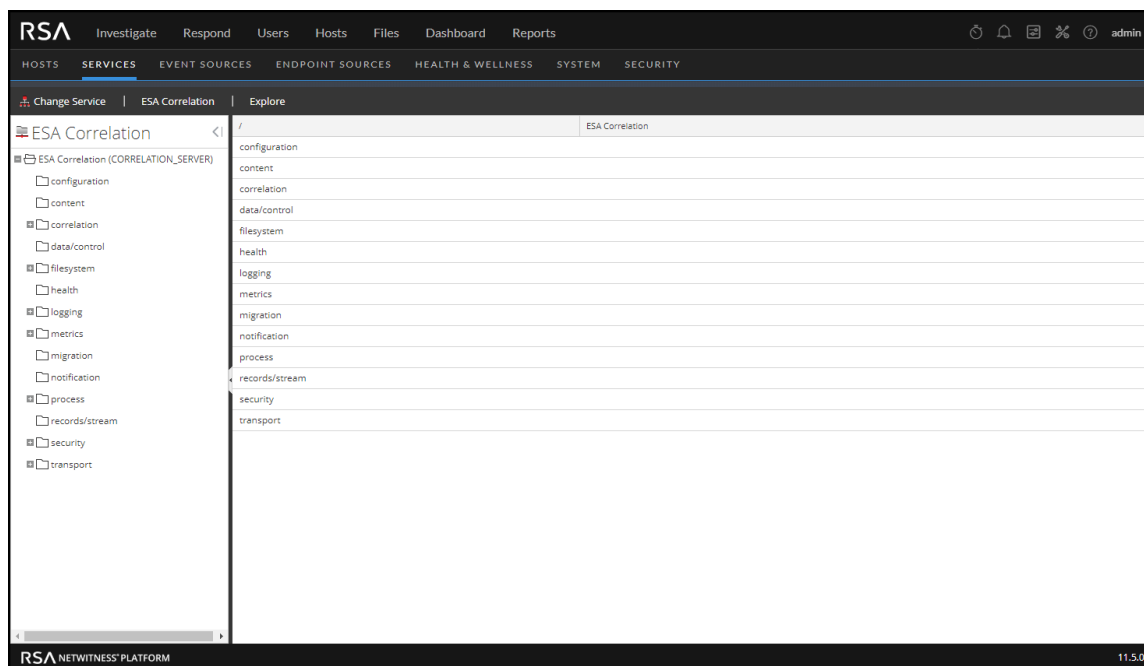
These procedures are optional and they apply only to ESA Correlation Rules.

In the Explore view for an ESA Correlation service, you can manage sending ESA rule alerts to the Respond view, turn on debugging for all rules, configure the events to preserve for rules with multiple events, and configure meta keys as string array values on ESA.

- [Enable or Disable Sending ESA Rule Alerts to the Respond View](#)
- [Enable ESA Correlation Service Debugging for All Rules](#)
- [Configure Maximum Events per Alert for All Rules](#)
- [Adjust Maximum Sessions for the ESA Data Source Filter](#)
- [Configure Meta Keys as Arrays in ESA Correlation Rule Values](#)
- [Remove Sensitive Meta Keys Globally from All Alerts for Data Privacy](#)

Access Advanced Settings for an ESA Correlation Service

1. Go to  (Admin) > Services.
The Services view is displayed.
2. In Services view, select an ESA Correlation service and then select   > View > Explore.
The Explore view is displayed.



Enable or Disable Sending ESA Rule Alerts to the Respond View

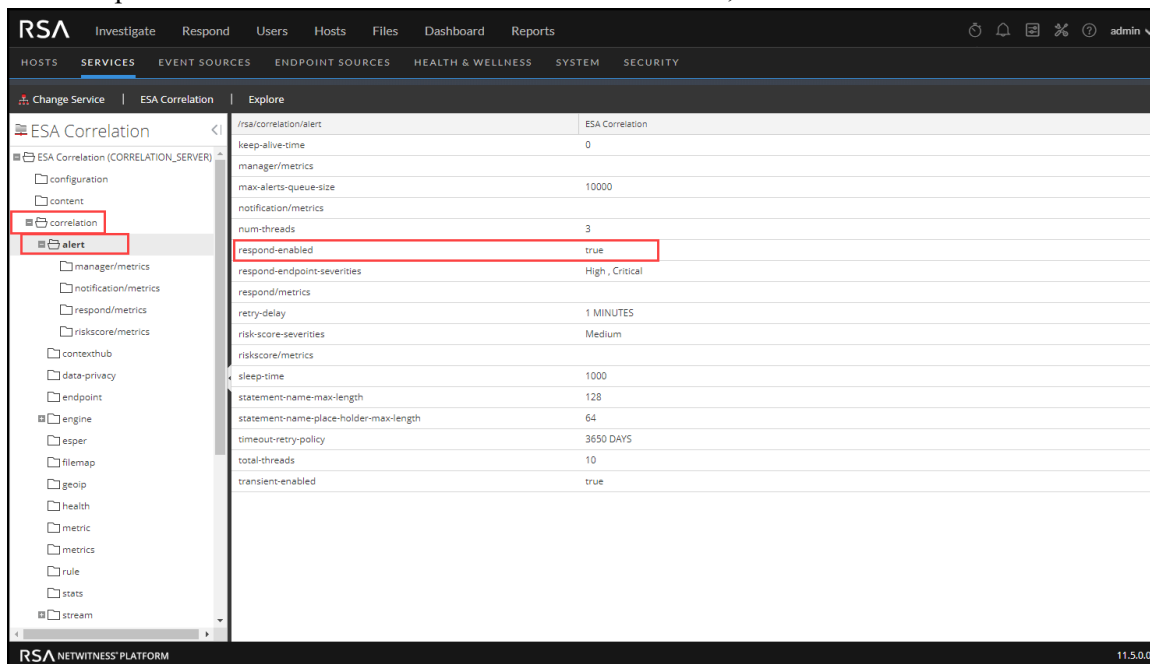
ESA gathers data, runs ESA Correlation rules against the data, captures events that meet rule criteria, and creates alerts for those captured events. You can view those alerts in the Respond view.

Before an ESA Correlation rule alert can go to the Respond view, both of the following settings must be enabled:

1. For all rules, the ESA Correlation service must have the `respond-enabled` parameter set to **true**. (The default is true.)
2. For an individual rule, the ESA Correlation rule must have the **Alert** option selected in the rule builder for that rule.

To enable or disable alert forwarding to the Respond view for ALL ESA Correlation rules:

1. In the Explore view node list for an ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > alert**.





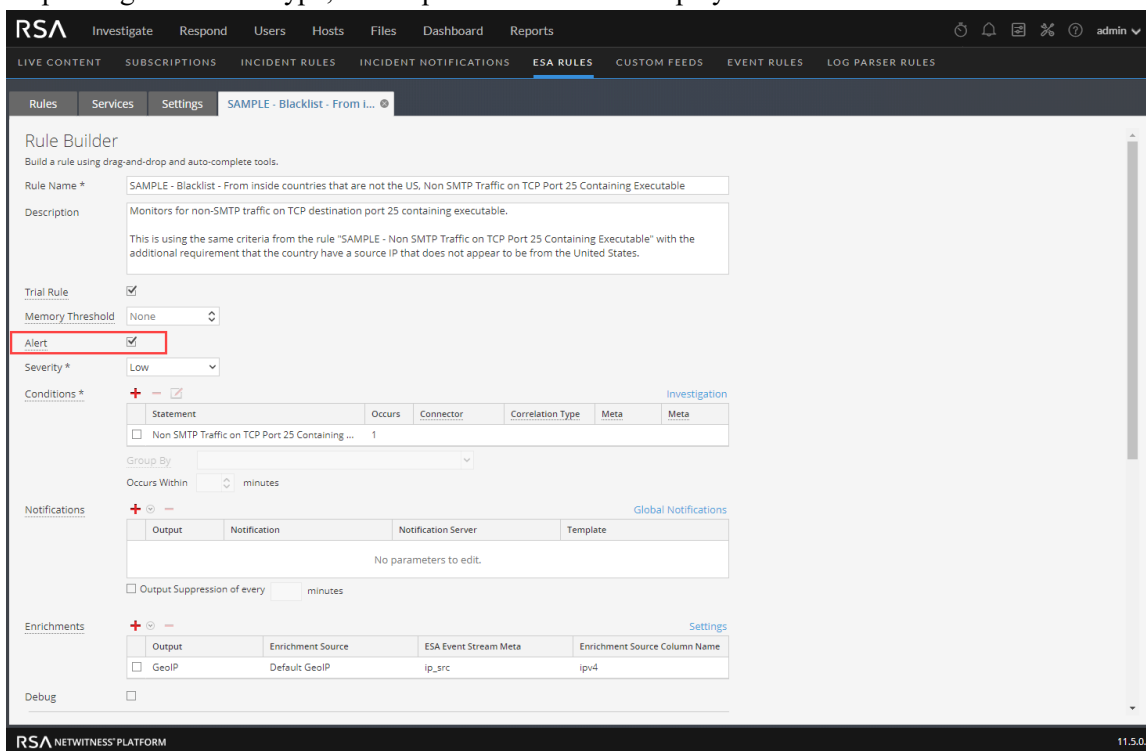
2. To allow all ESA Correlation Rule alerts to go to the Respond view, set `respond-enabled` to **true**. Alerts for ESA rules that have the **Alert** option selected are visible in the Respond view.
3. To stop all ESA Correlation Rule alerts from going to the Respond view, set `respond-enabled` to **false**.
ESA Correlation Rules do not go to the Respond view, even if you select the **Alert** option in the rule. The changes take effect immediately.

Note: The `respond-enabled` parameter is equivalent to the **Forward Alerts On Message Bus** option in the Event Stream Analysis service in NetWitness Platform version 11.2 and earlier.

To send or not send alerts to the Respond view for a single ESA Correlation rule:

Content experts managing the ESA Correlation rules can decide whether to send alerts to the Respond view for each rule.

1. Go to  (**Configure**) > **ESA Rules** > **Rules** tab.
The Rules tab is displayed.
2. In the **Rule Library**, select the rule you want to edit and click .
Depending on the rule type, the respective rule tab is displayed.



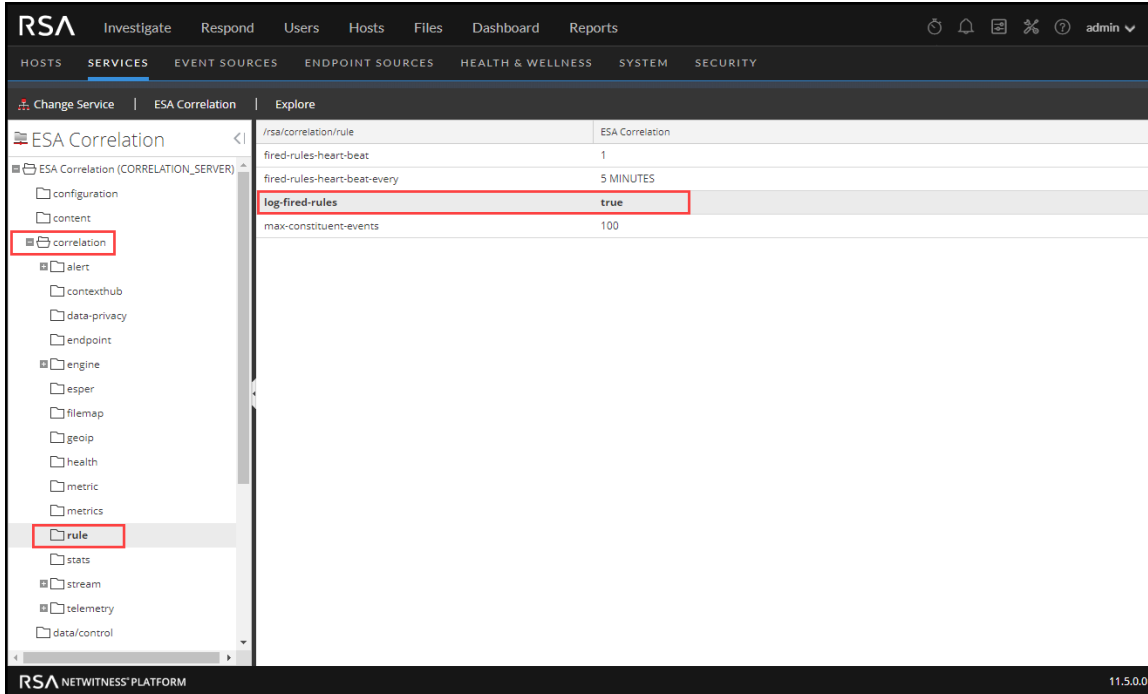
- To turn on Respond alerts for a rule, select the **Alert** checkbox.
 - To turn off Respond alerts for a rule, clear the **Alert** checkbox.
3. Click **Save**.
For more information, see the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.

Enable ESA Correlation Service Debugging for All Rules

You can turn on debugging for all ESA rules to see if rules are creating (firing) alerts and data is being processed properly by the ESA Correlation service. This can also be helpful when writing or fixing global notification templates, such as syslog or email. You can see the actual content of an alert before sending the notification.

When you disable ESA Correlation service debugging for all rules, you can still turn on debugging for an individual rule at any time.

1. In the Explore view node list for an ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > rule**.

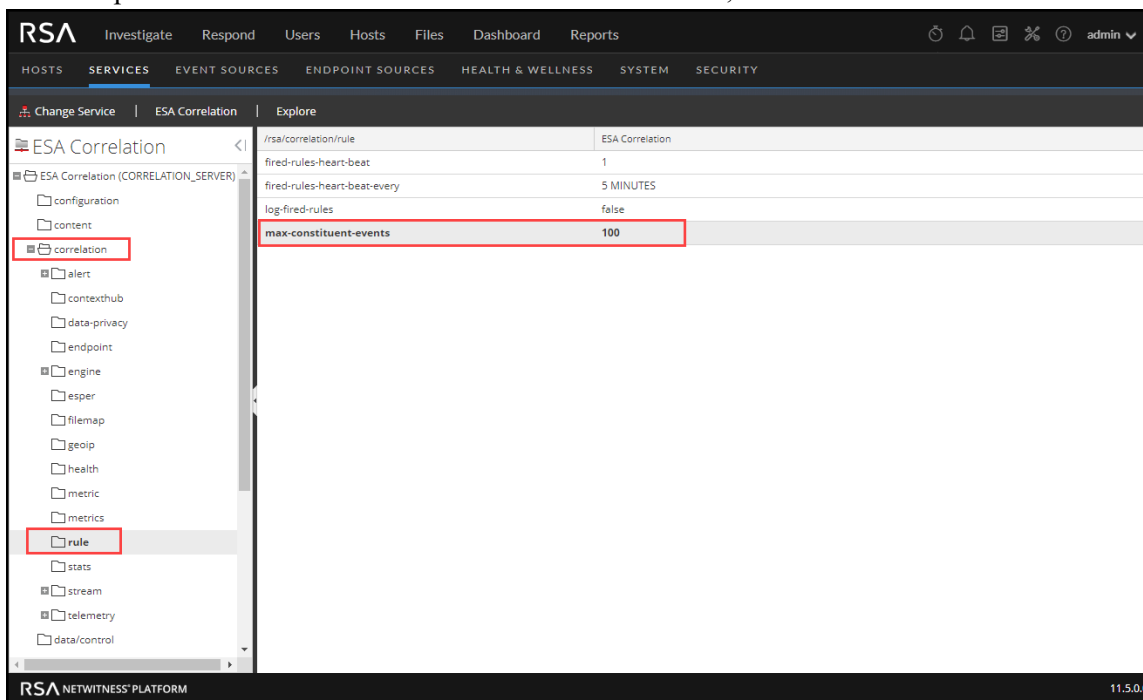


2. Set `log-fired-rules` to **true** to print alerts to the `/var/log/netwitness/correlation-server/correlation-server.log` for troubleshooting. This is the same as the `Debug` option in the rule builders for individual ESA rules except that this option enables debugging for all rules.
3. When you are ready to turn off debugging for all ESA rules, set `log-fired-rules` to **false**. The changes take effect immediately.

Note: The `log-fired-rules` parameter is equivalent to the **Debug Rules?** option in the Event Stream Analysis service in NetWitness Platform version 11.2 and earlier.

Configure Maximum Events per Alert for All Rules

1. In the Explore view node list for an ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > rule**.



2. For rules that contain multiple events, in `max-constituent-events`, enter how many of the associated events to preserve. For example, if a rule fires an alert with 200 associated events and this parameter is set to 100, only the first 100 are preserved by ESA, the rest are dropped. The default value is **100**.
The changes take effect immediately.

Note: The `max-constituent-events` parameter is equivalent to the **Max Constituent Events** option in the Event Stream Analysis service in NetWitness Platform version 11.2 and earlier.

Adjust Maximum Sessions for the ESA Data Source Filter

Note: This procedure applies only to NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later.

In NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later, you can add an optional data source filter to the data sources in your ESA rule deployments to improve performance. This allows your data sources to be filtered further so that only the data relevant to the deployment is forwarded to ESA. The filter is comprised of application rules, which are applied to the Decoders mapped to your selected data sources.

Caution: The data source filter is intended for advanced users familiar with Decoder application rules. Improper filtering can cause the required data to not be forwarded to and analyzed by ESA.

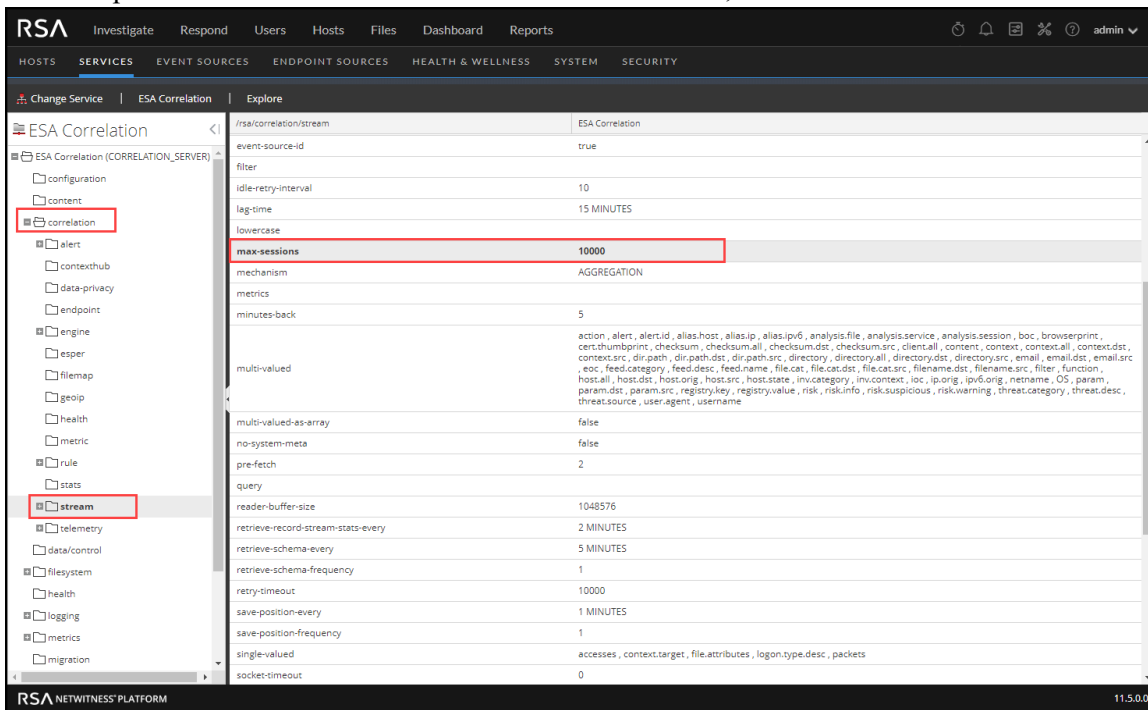
Using a data source filter can be performance intensive for data aggregation. A filter slows the event aggregation rate, but when you are filtering a large amount of traffic, it can have performance benefits on ESA Correlation server. However, if you use a complex filter and do not filter a large amount of traffic, the event aggregation rate may be lower than expected.



11.5 Adjust Maximum Sessions for the ESA Data Source

Filter

When filtering out a large portion of the traffic, you may see an "Invalid header size" error while communicating with Core services in the ESA Correlation log file. (You can use SSH to get in the system and go to: `/var/log/netwitness/correlation-server/correlation-server.log`). Lower the `max-sessions` parameter until you no longer see the error in the log. The more you filter out the traffic, the lower you should set the `max-sessions` parameter.

1. In the Explore view node list for an ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > stream**.



2. In `max-sessions`, lower the value until you no longer see the error in the ESA Correlation log file. The default value is **10000**.
3. Restart the ESA Correlation service. Go to  (Admin) > Services, select the ESA Correlation service, and then select  > Restart.

IMPORTANT: If an application rule linked to a data source filter is modified on a Decoder, the filter must be removed, added again, and redeployed. The changes take effect on ESA after the deployment is redeployed.

For more information, see “(Optional) Add a Data Source Filter” in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.

Configure Meta Keys as Arrays in ESA Correlation Rule Values

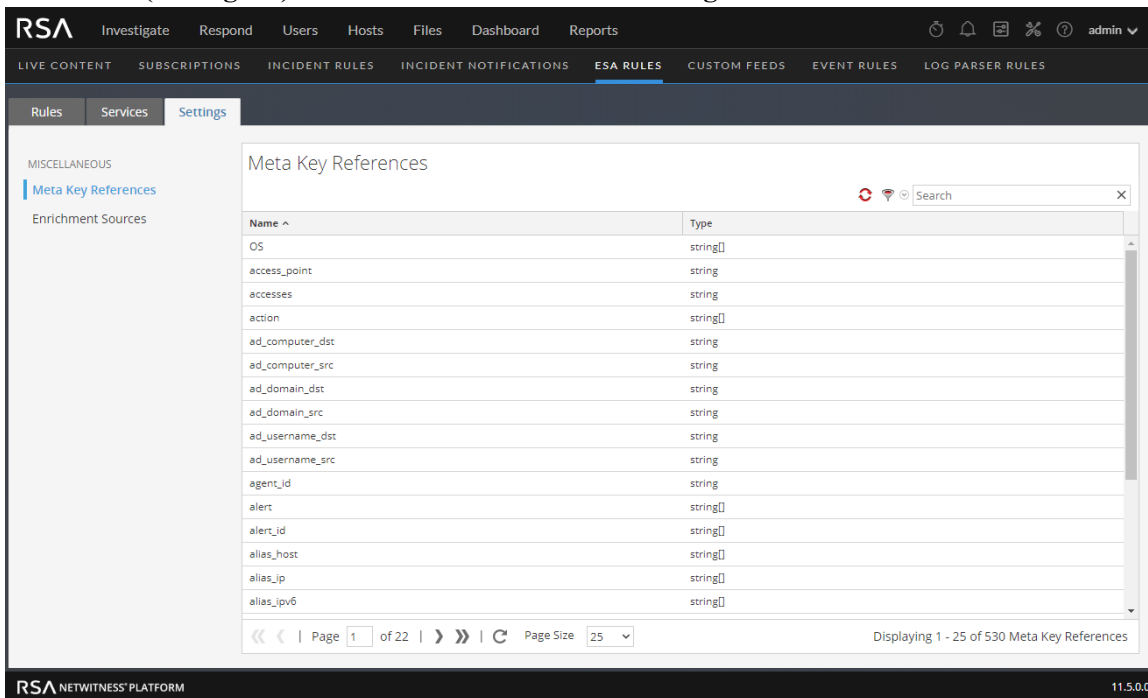
A common reason for an ESA rule to generate an error during deployment is because a meta key in the rule is a string array type, but it shows as a string type on ESA. To prevent or fix this issue, do the following:

- [Determine if a Meta Key is a String Array Type on ESA](#)
- [Add the String Array Type Meta Key to ESA](#)
- [Verify that the String Array Type Meta Key is Configured Correctly on ESA](#)

Caution: Changing string to string array type is not necessary for all fields. To support Endpoint, UEBA, and RSA Live content, specific string array (multi-value) and string (single-value) meta keys are required. See [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#).

Determine if a Meta Key is a String Array Type on ESA

1. Go to  (Configure) > **ESA Rules** and click the **Settings** tab.



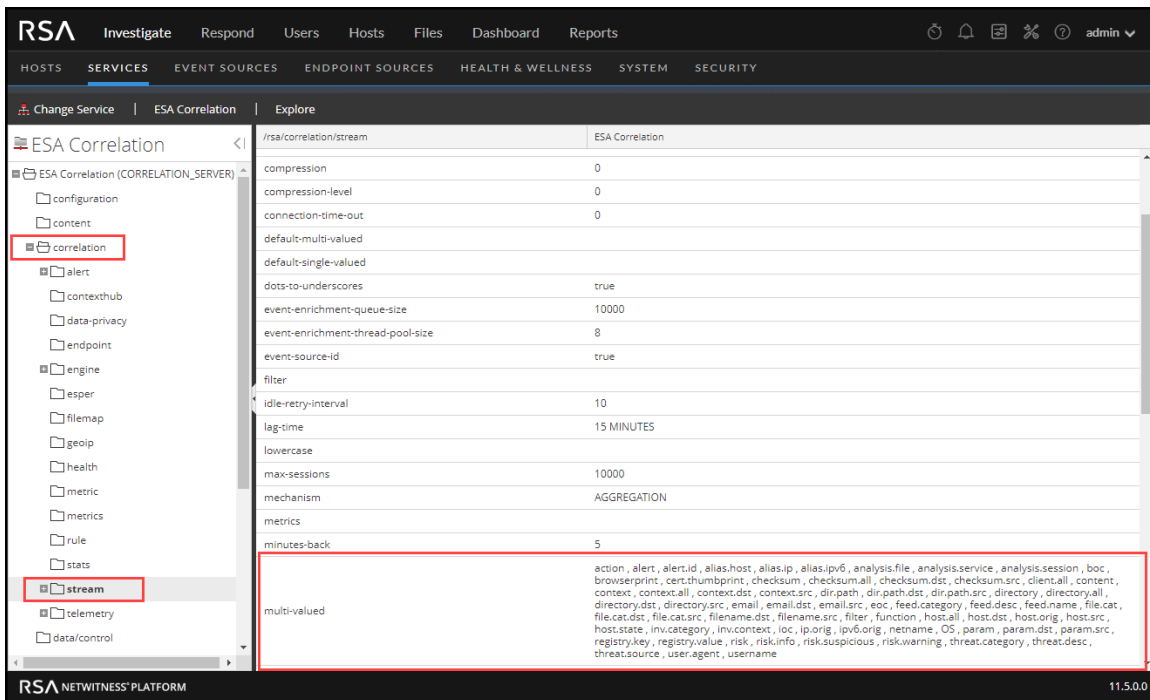
2. In the Meta Key References, for each meta key that is a string array type, locate the meta key in the Name field and then check the value.
 - If it shows `string[]`, it is configured as a string array type on ESA. This is fine.
 - If it shows `string` without the brackets, it is configured as a string type and you need to fix it on ESA. Go to [Add the String Array Type Meta Key to ESA](#).

Caution: Changing string to string array type is not necessary for all fields. To support Endpoint, UEBA, and RSA Live content, specific string array (multi-value) and string (single-value) meta keys are required. See [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#).

Add the String Array Type Meta Key to ESA

Caution: Any changes that you make to the multi-valued parameter may cause an error when you deploy your existing rules. If you add a meta key to the multi-valued parameter field that you use in other ESA rules, ensure that those rules are using the string array syntax.

1. In the Explore view node list for an ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > stream**.
2. Add string array meta keys to the **multi-valued** list to allow them to be used as an array in ESA rules.



3. Verify the configuration on ESA. Go to [Verify that the String Array Type Meta Key is Configured Correctly on ESA](#).

Note: The multi-valued parameter is equivalent to the arrayFieldNames parameter in the Event Stream Analysis service in NetWitness Platform version 11.2 and earlier.

Verify that the String Array Type Meta Key is Configured Correctly on ESA

1. Go back to (Configure) > ESA Rules and click the **Settings** tab.
2. In the Meta Key References, click the Meta Re-Sync (Refresh) icon ().
3. Verify that the meta keys with a string array type show a value of `string[]`.

Required String Array Meta Keys on the ESA Correlation Service

To use the latest Endpoint, UEBA, and Live content rules, the following default **multi-valued** meta keys are required on the ESA Correlation service in NetWitness Platform version 11.3 and later:

action , alert , alert.id , alias.host , alias.ip , alias.ipv6 , analysis.file , analysis.service , analysis.session , boc , browserprint , cert.thumbprint , checksum , checksum.all , checksum.dst , checksum.src , client.all , content , context , context.all , context.dst , context.src , dir.path , dir.path.dst , dir.path.src , directory , directory.all , directory.dst , directory.src , email , email.dst , email.src , eoc , feed.category , feed.desc , feed.name , file.cat , file.cat.dst , file.cat.src , filename.dst , filename.src , filter , function , host.all , host.dst , host.orig , host.src , host.state , inv.category , inv.context , ioc , ip.orig , ipv6.orig , netname , OS , param , param.dst , param.src , registry.key , registry.value , risk , risk.info , risk.suspicious , risk.warning , risk.warning.category , threat.category , threat.desc , threat.source , user.agent , username

The following default **single-valued** meta keys are also required on the ESA Correlation service in NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later:

accesses , context.target , file.attributes , logon.type.desc , packets



Note: Check the default-multi-valued and default-single-valued parameters on your ESA Correlation service for the latest required fields. For more information, see [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#).

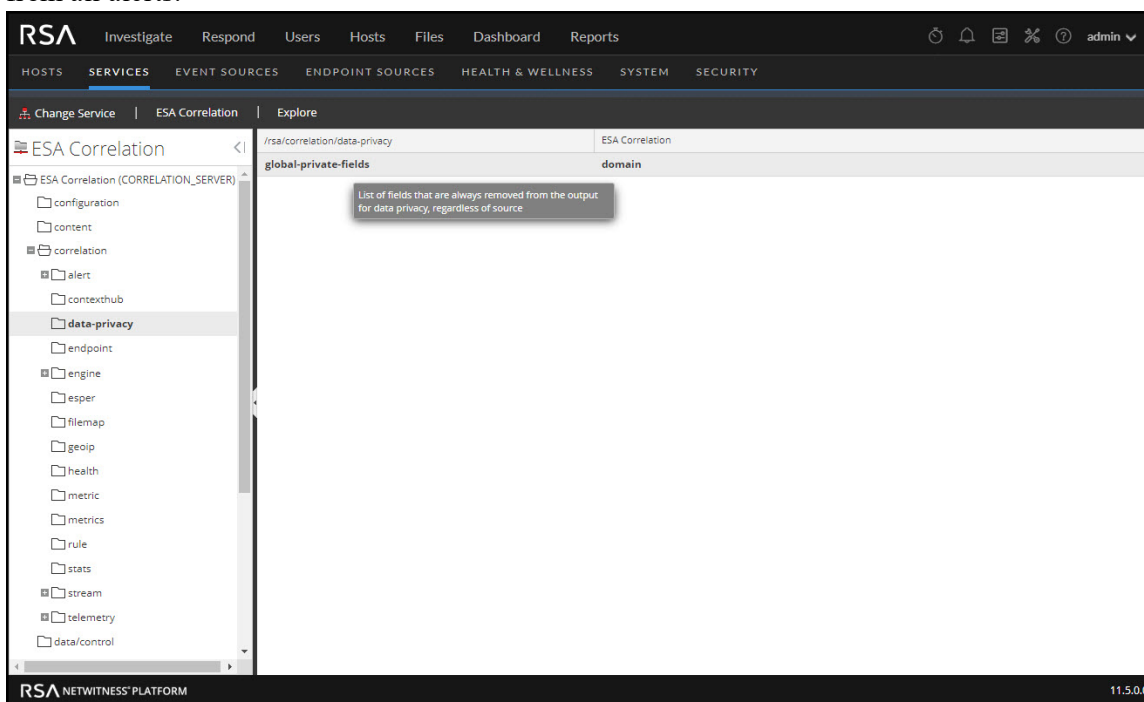
Remove Sensitive Meta Keys Globally from All Alerts for Data Privacy

11.4 Remove Sensitive Meta Keys from Global Alerts for Data Privacy

Note: This procedure applies only to ESA Correlation Rules in NetWitness Platform 11.4 and later versions.

For data privacy reasons, it may be necessary to remove some sensitive meta keys from the alert output globally, regardless of the data source. In the ESA Correlation service, you can set the `global-private-fields` parameter to remove the meta keys from all alert output.

1. Go to  (Admin) > Services, and in the Services view, select an ESA Correlation service and then select  > View > Explore.
2. In the Explore view node list for the ESA Correlation service, select **correlation > data-privacy**.
3. In the `global-private-fields` parameter, add the sensitive meta keys that you want removed from all alerts.



The changes are effective immediately.

For more information, see "How ESA Handles Sensitive Data" in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules Configuration Guide*. For more information on the strategy and benefits of obfuscating data, see the *Data Privacy Management Guide*.

Configure Character Case for Advanced ESA Rules





Note: This procedure applies only to ESA Correlation Rules in NetWitness Platform 11.3.0.2 and later versions, however, it is not supported in version 11.3.1.0.

Advanced Event Processing Language (EPL) rules require correct character case, but in the Investigate Navigate view all characters are converted to lowercase. However, the meta keys may not be lowercase despite appearances in the Investigate Navigate view. To ensure you are using the correct case, you can use the `toLowerCase()` function. However, care should be taken to only add the case-insensitive `toLowerCase()` function on string and string array meta keys as needed. The `toLowerCase()` function can cause significant performance decreases. Consider checking the Investigate Events view or the Event Analysis view to see the real character case for meta fields and avoid unnecessary usage of the function. For more information, see "Event Process Language (EPL)" in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.

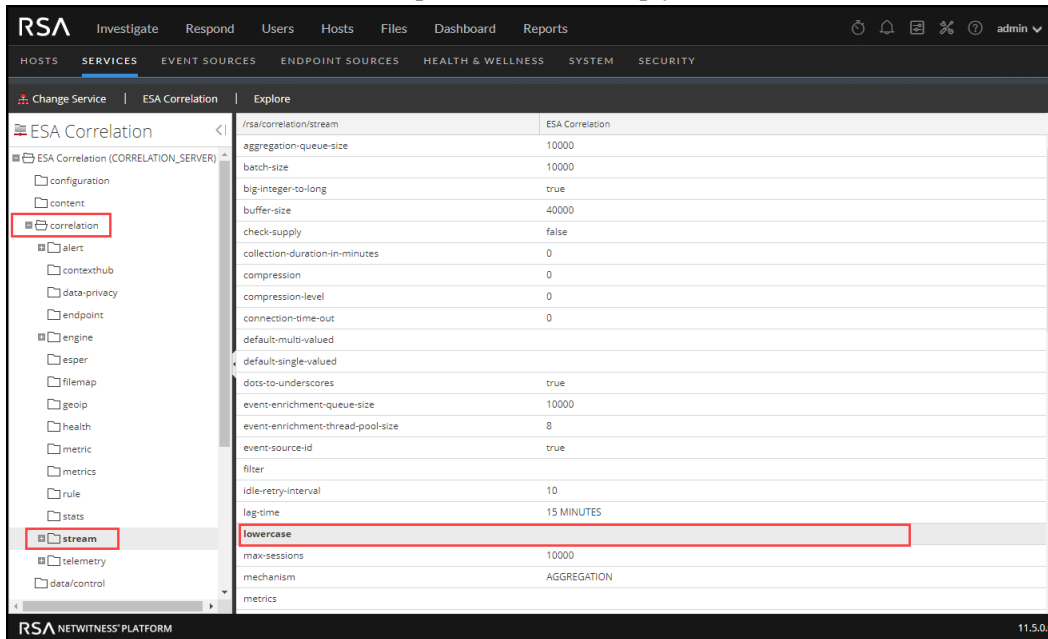
You can optimize your rule performance by identifying the meta keys used most often in your environment. Instead of using the `toLowerCase()` function with the original meta key, replace the meta key throughout the rule with `<meta.key>_lower`. You can also use the special case-insensitive meta keys in your Rule Builder rules.

For example, you can configure ESA Correlation to use `filename_lower` (which is case insensitive) instead of using the original `filename` meta key. In your rule, replace `filename` with `filename_lower`.

To configure special case-insensitive meta keys to use in your ESA rules:

1. Go to  (Configure) > **ESA Rules** > **Rules** tab. In your ESA rule deployments, identify any ESA rules using the `toLowerCase()` function more than ten times for a particular string or string array meta key. Keep track of these ESA rules and meta keys.
2. Go to  (Admin) > **Services**, select an ESA Correlation service, and then select   > **View** > **Explore**.

- In the Explore view node list, select **correlation > stream**. Notice that there is a **lowercase** parameter with empty values.



- Update the **lowercase** parameter with the string or string array meta keys identified in step 1 using a comma separated list, for example: `protocol, alias.host, action, alert`

Note: String and string array are the only data types supported for the ESA Correlation service **lowercase** parameter.

Use NWDB format (decimal), NOT Esper format (underscore). Do not press **Enter** to commit or it will put in a return. Instead, click another parameter.

- After you add all of the meta keys, validate the meta keys on ESA.
 - Go to **(Configure) > ESA Rules > Settings tab > Meta Key References** and click the Meta Re-Sync (Refresh) icon (↻).
 - Search for `_lower` or `<meta key>_lower`, for example: `protocol_lower`.
 - The meta keys with a string array type should show a value of `string[]`.
 - The meta keys with a string type should show a value of `string` (without the brackets).
- Update all of your ESA rules that use `.toLowerCase` meta keys and replace them with `<meta key>_lower` (Example: `filename_lower IN ('svchost.exe')`)
- Deploy the ESA rule deployment again.

Note: If you remove a meta key from the `lowercase` parameter list and re-sync the meta key references, you also need to update the rules that use the corresponding lowercase meta key (`<meta.key>_lower`).

Deploy Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules on ESA

Note: The Information in this topic applies to RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.3 and later.

Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules only apply to NetWitness Endpoint.

The ESA Correlation service processes and deploys endpoint risk scoring rules. These rules generate alerts that are used in risk scoring calculations to identify suspicious files and hosts. To turn on Risk Scoring for NetWitness Endpoint, you must deploy endpoint risk scoring rules on ESA. An *Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle* comes with NetWitness Platform along with the sample ESA rules. The Endpoint Risk Scoring Bundle contains approximately 400 rules. You add this rule bundle to an ESA Rule Deployment in the same way that you would add any ESA rule. However, you must specify endpoint data sources (Concentrators) during ESA Rule Deployment.

For complete information on configuring NetWitness Endpoint, see the *NetWitness Endpoint Configuration Guide*. For more information about ESA rule deployments, see "Deploy Rules to Run on ESA" in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.

Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

Important Considerations when Deploying the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle

- If you add the Endpoint Risk Scoring Bundle to an ESA rule deployment, the deployment should have data sources with endpoint data.
- An ESA rule deployment can have only one ESA Correlation service. You can, however, use the same ESA Correlation service in multiple deployments.
- If you have two ESA Correlation services with the same endpoint data sources, deploy the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle on only one of them.



Deploy the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle on ESA

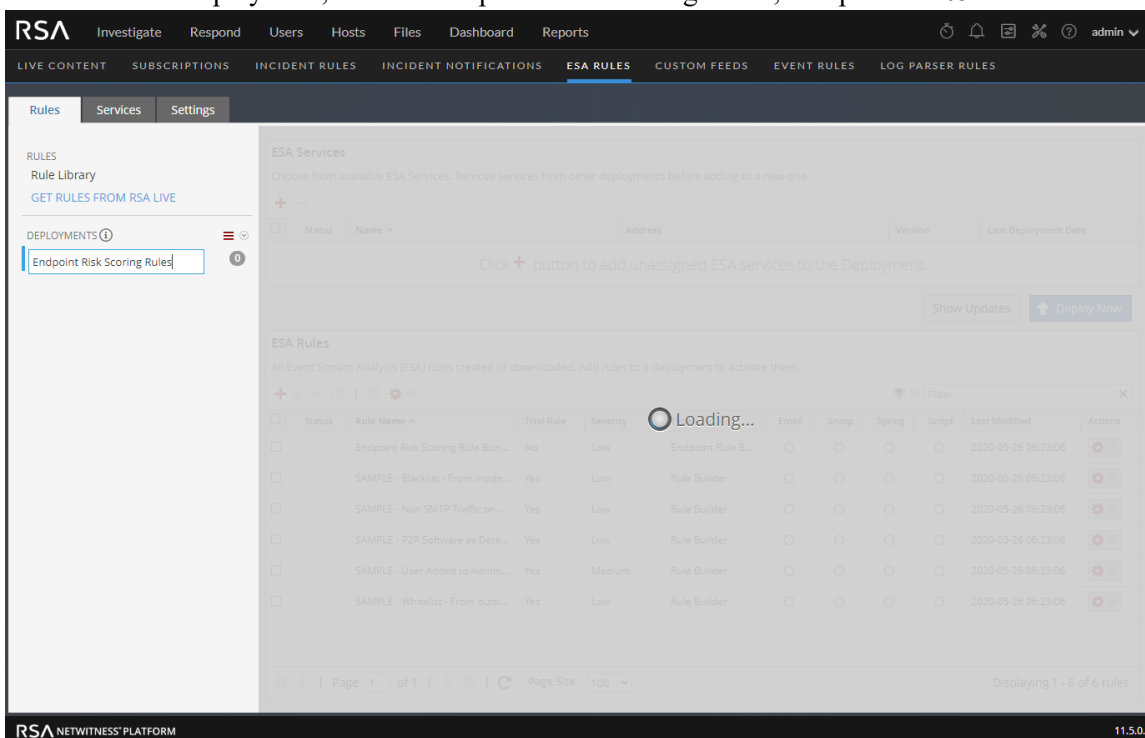
Caution: Before you deploy the Endpoint risk scoring rules, update your meta keys. See [Update Your ESA Rules for the Required Multi-Value and Single-Value Meta Keys](#).

When you deploy the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle in an ESA rule deployment, the ESA Correlation service gathers endpoint data in your network and runs endpoint risk scoring rules against the data. The goal is to capture events that match rule criteria, then generate alerts for the captured events.

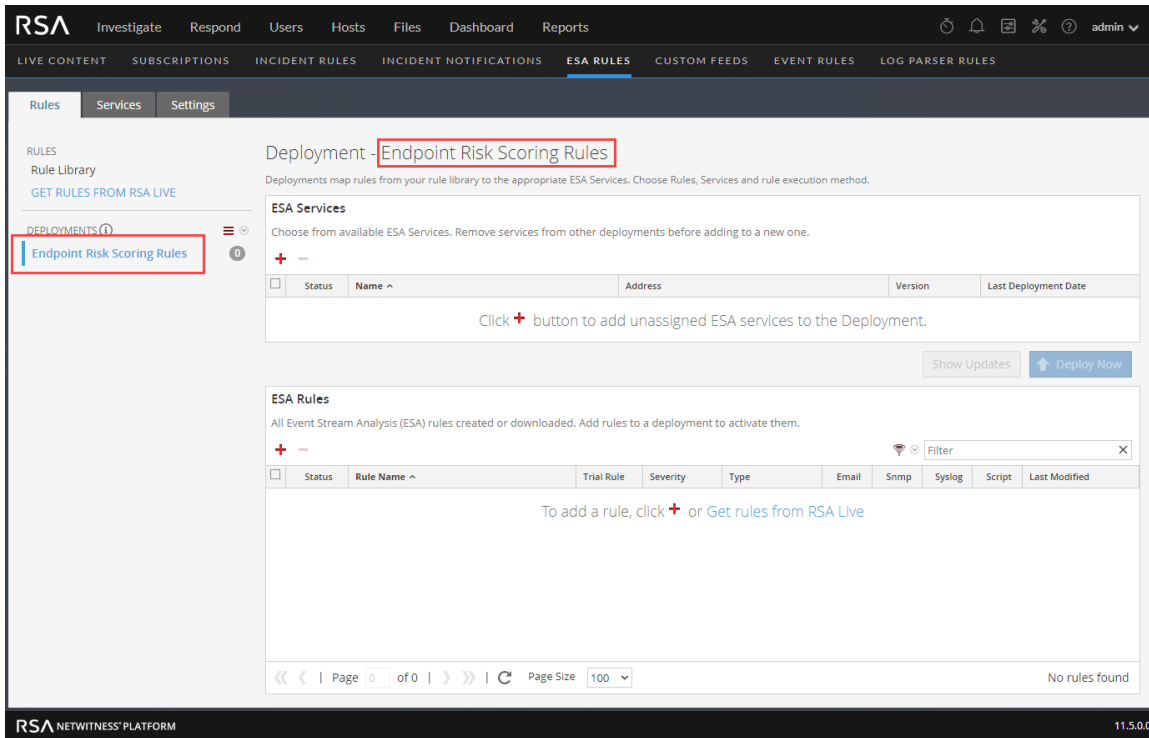
The following procedure shows how to create an ESA rule deployment with the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle and deploy it. If you already have an ESA rule deployment with endpoint data sources, you can add the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle to the existing deployment.


To create and deploy an ESA rule deployment with the Endpoint Risk Scoring Bundle:

1. Go to  (Configure) > **ESA Rules** > **Rules** tab.
2. In the options panel on the left, next to Deployments, select  > **Add** to add a deployment, type a name for the deployment, such as Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules, and press **Enter**.




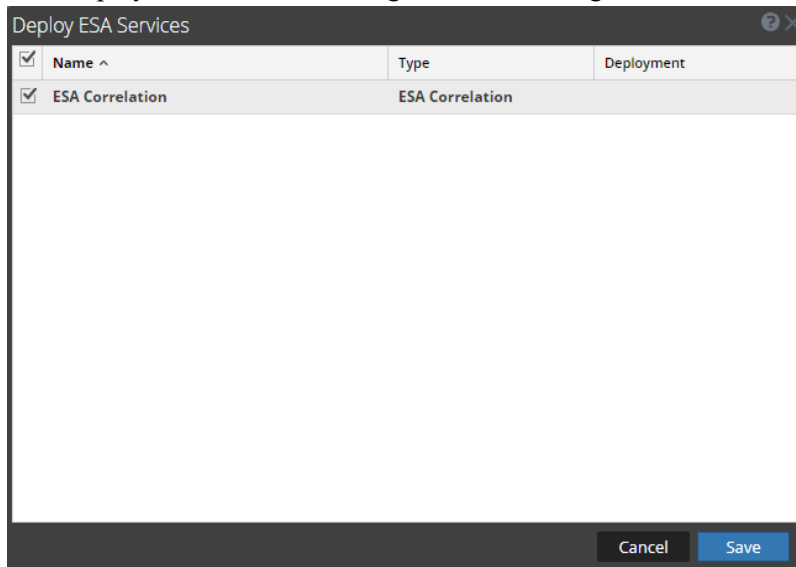
The deployment is added and the Deployment view is displayed on the right.



The deployment name that you choose also appears on a deployment tab in the  **(Configure)** > **ESA Rules** > **Services** tab, where you can view deployment details and statistics.

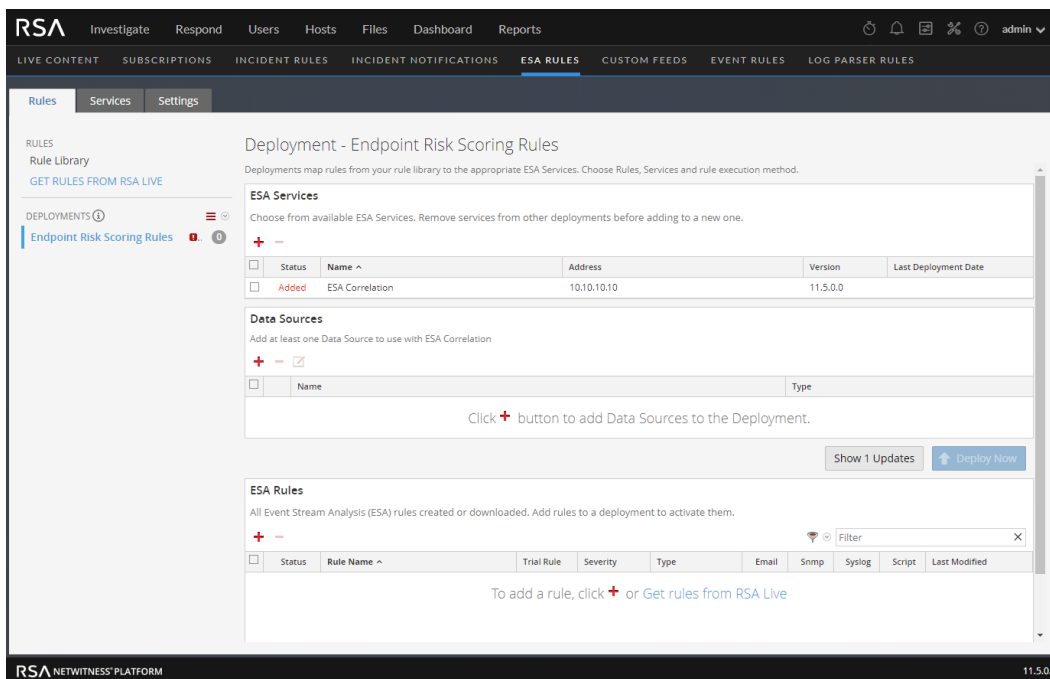
3. Add an ESA Correlation service:

- a. In the **Deployment** view **ESA Services** section, click  .
The Deploy ESA Services dialog lists each configured ESA Correlation service.



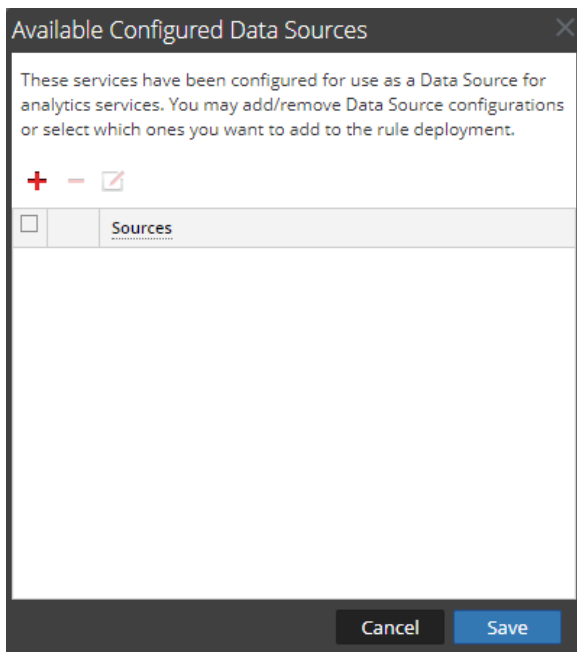
- b. Select an ESA Correlation service and click **Save**.
The Deployment view is displayed. The ESA Correlation service is listed in the **ESA Services**

section with an **Added** status.




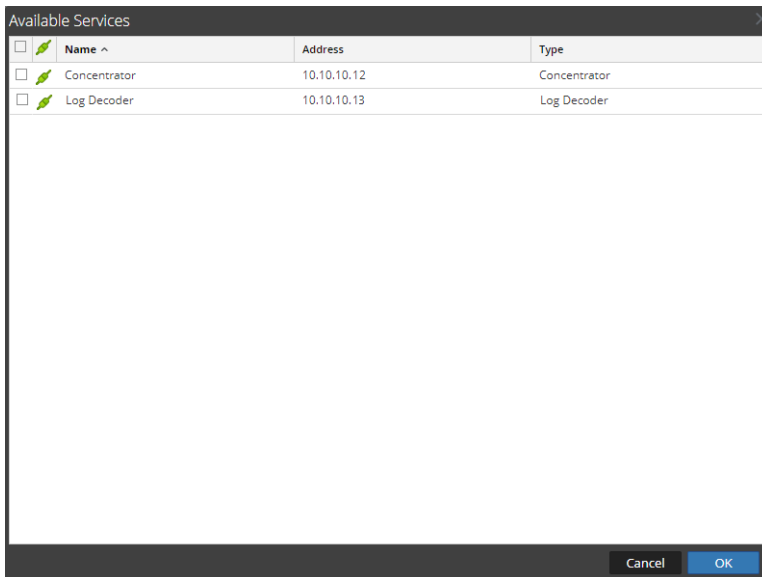
4. Add one or more data sources with endpoint data:

- a. In the **Deployment** view **Data Sources** section, click **+**.
The **Available Configured Data Sources** dialog lists the services that have been configured for use as a data source.



- b. To add a data source configuration, click **+**.
The **Available Services** dialog lists the available data sources from the

 (Admin) > Services view.

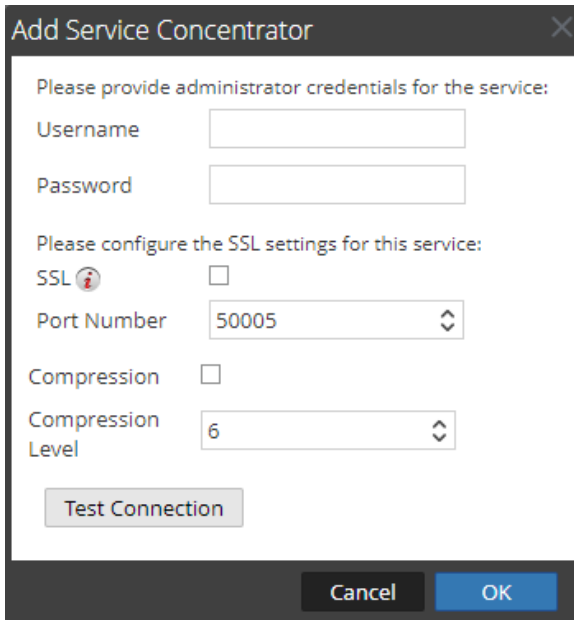


If an endpoint data source (service) that you are looking for is not in the list, see the *Hosts and Services Getting Started Guide* for instructions on how to install a service on a host.

Note: You can add a Log Decoder as a data source for ESA, but it is better to add a Concentrator to take advantage of undivided aggregation as the Decoder may have other processes aggregating from it.

- c. In the **Available Services** dialog, select an endpoint data source, such as a Concentrator, and click **OK**.

- d. In the **Add Service** dialog, type the Administrator username and password for the endpoint data source.



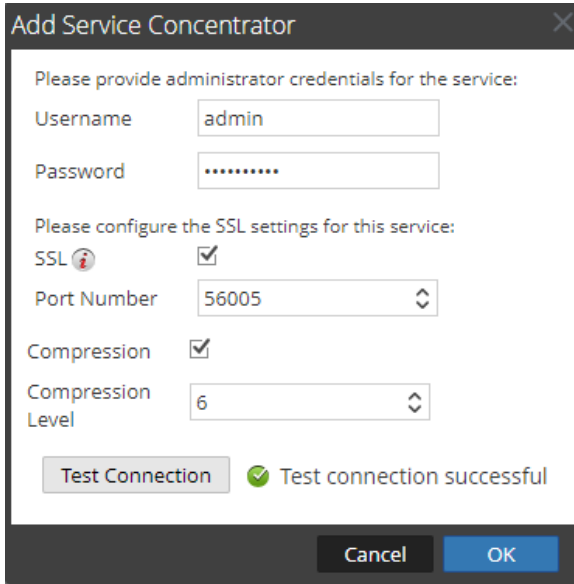
- e. To enable the SSL or Compression options, select the corresponding checkboxes.
- f. (Optional) You have the option to adjust the Compression Level for Concentrators on ESA in NetWitness Platform 11.3 and later. To enable compression, select the **Compression** checkbox. You can set the **Compression Level** for a Concentrator from 0-9:

- Compression Level = **0** (If compression is enabled, it allows Core Services to control the amount of compression.)
- Compression Level = **1** (It uses the lowest amount of compression and has the highest performance.)
- Compression Level = **9** (It uses the highest amount of compression and has the worst performance.)

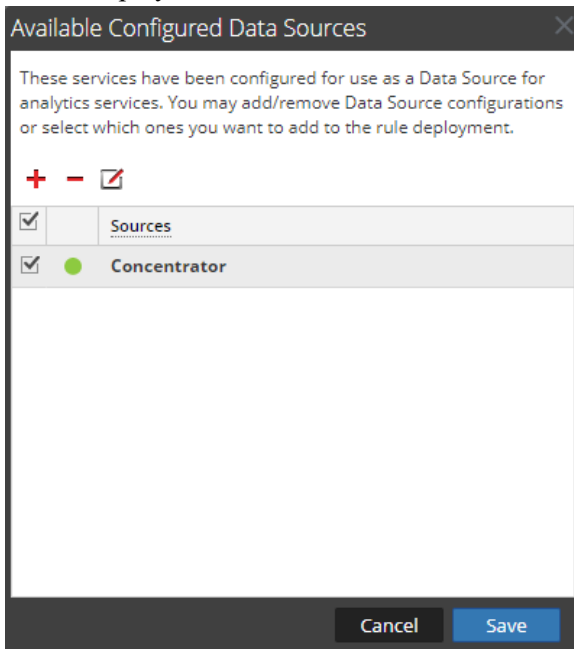
Somewhere in the middle between 1 and 9 is usually the best setting, which is what you get when you select a compression level of 0. For more detailed information, see the *Core Database Tuning Guide*.

Note: If you make any ESA service, data source, or ESA rule changes to an ESA rule deployment, you need to redeploy the deployment. For example, if you change the configuration of a data source in an ESA rule deployment, you must redeploy all the ESA rule deployments that contain that data source.

- g. Click **Test Connection** to make sure that it can communicate with the ESA Correlation service.



- h. Click **OK**.
After you configure your endpoint data sources and they appear in the **Available Configured Data Sources** dialog, you can use them for your deployment.
- i. In the **Available Configured Data Sources** dialog, select at least one endpoint data source to use for the deployment.



A solid colored green circle indicates a running service and a white circle indicates a stopped service.

- j. Click **Save**.
In the Deployment view **Data Sources** section, the selected data sources are added to the

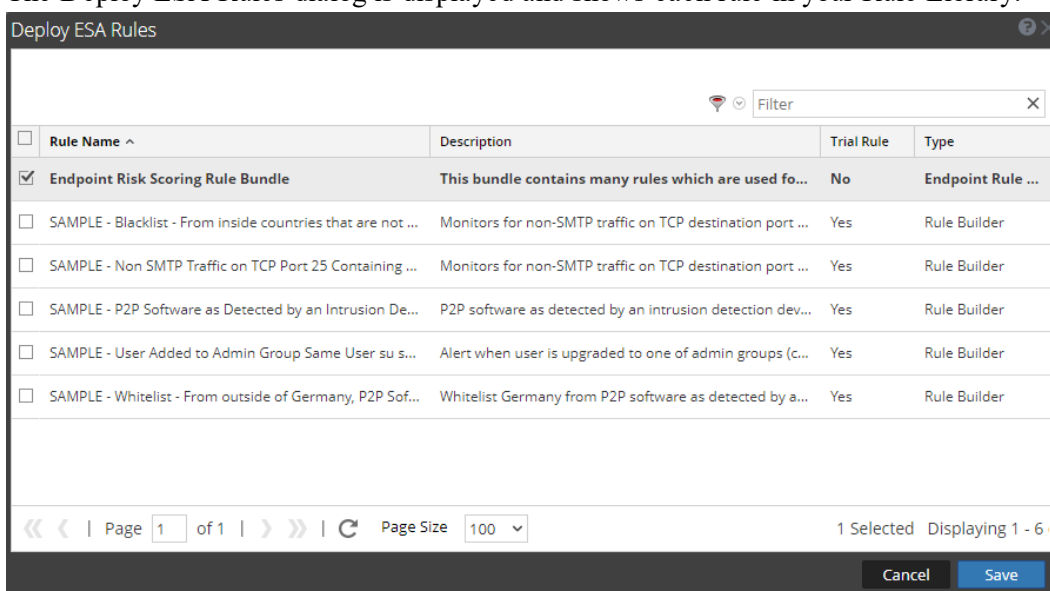
deployment. The **Deploy Now** button activates after a service, data source, and rules are added to an ESA rule deployment.



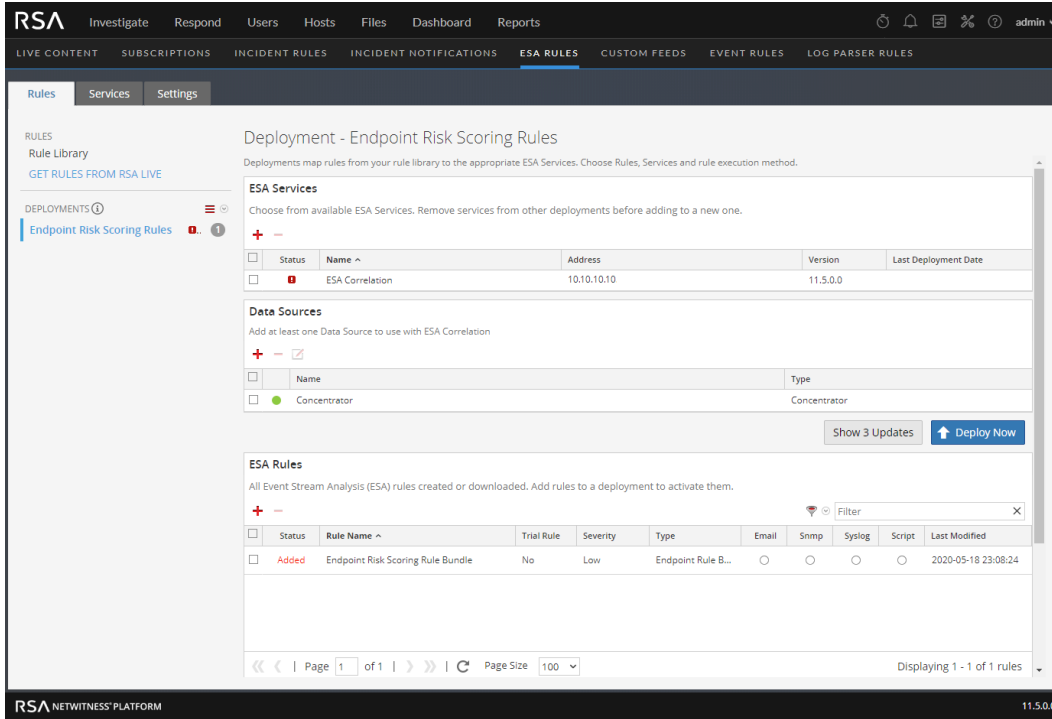
5. Add the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle:

- a. In the **Deployment** view ESA Rules section, click .

The Deploy ESA Rules dialog is displayed and shows each rule in your Rule Library.



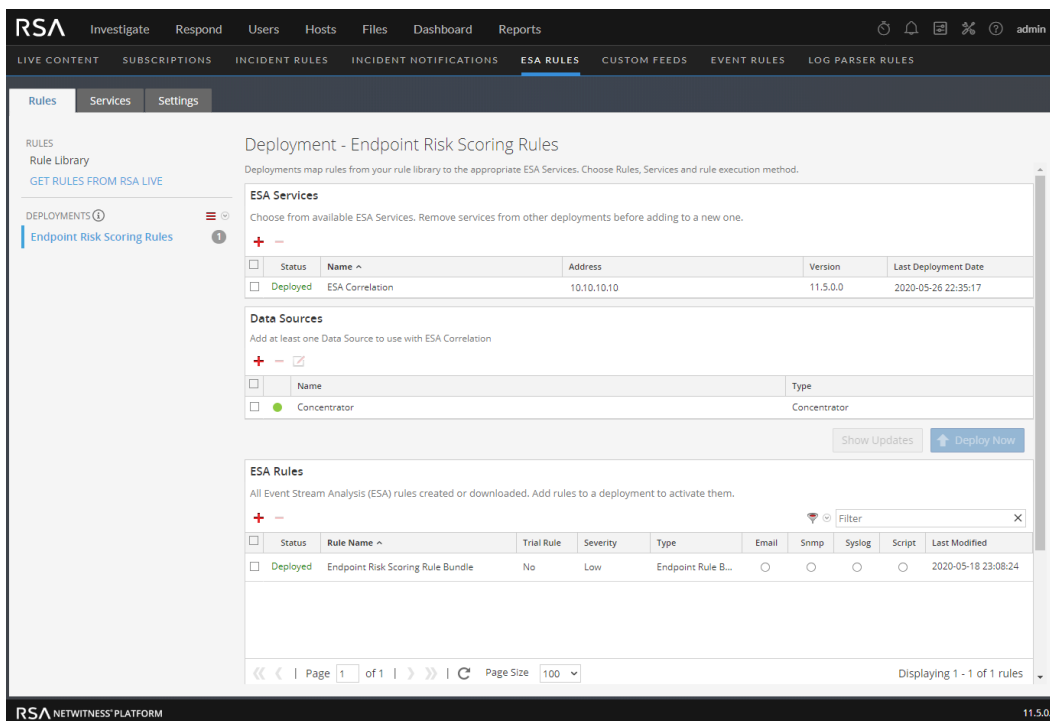
- b. Select the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rule Bundle and click **Save**.
The Deployment view is displayed and the **Deploy Now** button is enabled.




The Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle is listed in the **ESA Services** section with an **Added** status.

6. Click **Deploy Now**.

The ESA Correlation service runs the rules in the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle. The status of the bundle changes to **Deployed**.



You can now view information and statistics on the  (Configure) > **ESA Rules** > **Services** tab. See [View the Status of the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Deployment](#).

Change the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rule Bundle in a Deployment


You cannot edit or duplicate the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle. After the bundle is deployed, you can enable and disable individual rules within the bundle. See [Disable or Enable Individual Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules](#).

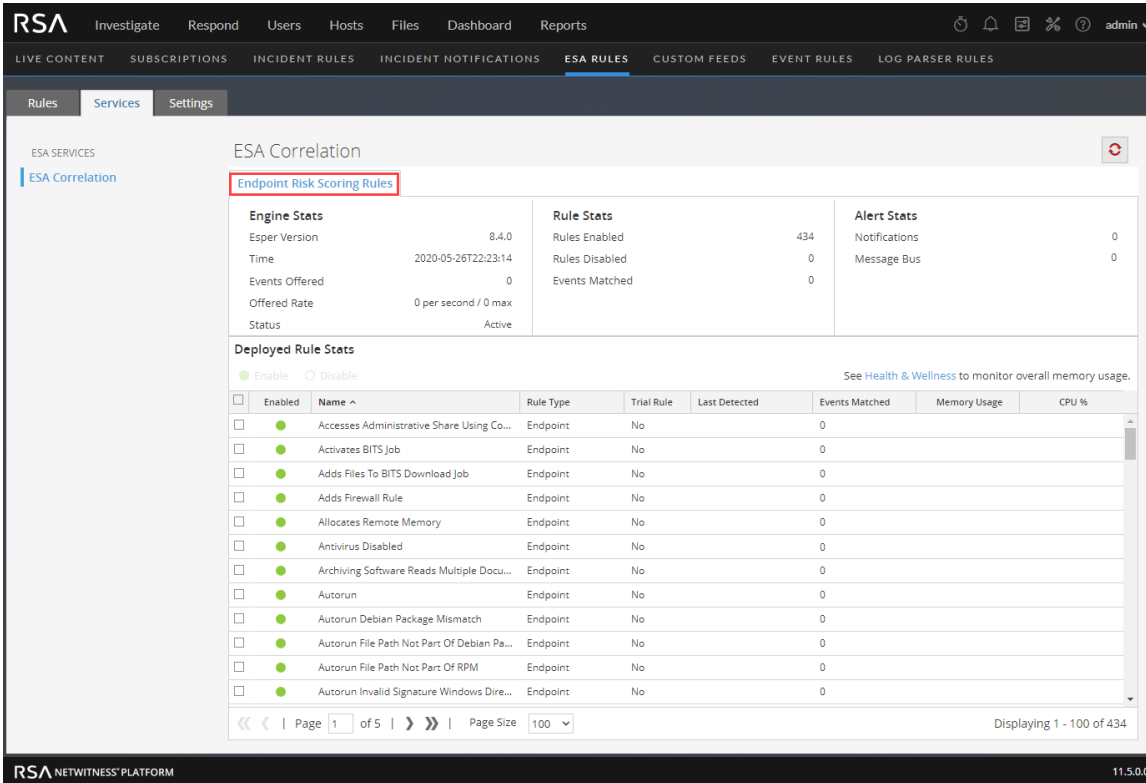
When you make changes to the ESA Rule Deployment containing the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Bundle, such as changing the endpoint data sources or changing compression levels, you must redeploy it for the changes to take effect. To redeploy, click the **Deploy Now** button for that deployment.

Caution: Deleting an ESA Rule Deployment with an Endpoint Risk Scoring Rule Bundle stops the Risk Scoring alerts that are used in risk scoring calculations to identify suspicious files and hosts.

For more information about changing ESA rule deployments, see "Additional ESA Rule Deployment Procedures" in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.

View the Status of the Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules Deployment

1. Go to the ESA Rules Services tab ( (Configure) > ESA Rules > Services).
2. In the options panel on the left, select your ESA Correlation service.
Your deployment name shows on a tab to the right, for example, Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules. If you see multiple tabs on the right, select the tab for your endpoint risk scoring rules deployment.



The screenshot shows the RSA NetWitness Platform interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Investigate', 'Respond', 'Users', 'Hosts', 'Files', 'Dashboard', and 'Reports'. The main navigation bar has 'LIVE CONTENT', 'SUBSCRIPTIONS', 'INCIDENT RULES', 'INCIDENT NOTIFICATIONS', 'ESA RULES', 'CUSTOM FEEDS', 'EVENT RULES', and 'LOG PARSER RULES'. The 'Services' tab is selected, showing 'ESA SERVICES' and 'ESA Correlation'. The 'Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules' deployment is highlighted.

Engine Stats

Esper Version	8.4.0
Time	2020-05-26T22:23:14
Events Offered	0
Offered Rate	0 per second / 0 max
Status	Active

Rule Stats

Rules Enabled	434
Rules Disabled	0
Events Matched	0

Alert Stats

Notifications	0
Message Bus	0

Deployed Rule Stats


● Enable ○ Disable [See Health & Wellness to monitor overall memory usage.](#)

Enabled	Name ^	Rule Type	Trial Rule	Last Detected	Events Matched	Memory Usage	CPU %
<input type="checkbox"/>	Accesses Administrative Share Using Co...	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Activates BITS Job	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Adds Files To BITS Download Job	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Adds Firewall Rule	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Allocates Remote Memory	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Antivirus Disabled	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Archiving Software Reads Multiple Docu...	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Autorun	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Autorun Debian Package Mismatch	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Autorun File Path Not Part Of Debian Pa...	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Autorun File Path Not Part Of RPM	Endpoint	No		0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Autorun Invalid Signature Windows Dire...	Endpoint	No		0		

Page 1 of 5 | Page Size 100 | Displaying 1 - 100 of 434

3. In the **Engine Stats**, **Rules Stats** and **Alert Status** sections, look at the statistics related to the deployment, such as Rules Enabled, Rules Disabled, and Events Matched, which show the total numbers for the deployment.
4. In the **Deployed Rules Stats** section, look at the following details for each Endpoint Risk Scoring Rule:
 - **Enable:** Indicates the enabled status. A green circle icon ● indicates that the rule is enabled. A white circle icon ○ indicates that the rule is disabled.
 - **Name:** Shows the name of the rule.
 - **Rule Type:** Endpoint indicates a rule from the Endpoint Risk Scoring Bundle and Esper indicates Esper-specific rules, such as Rule Builder and Advanced EPL rules.
 - **Last Detected:** Shows the last time an alert was triggered for the rule.
 - **Events Matched:** Shows the total number of events that matched the rule.

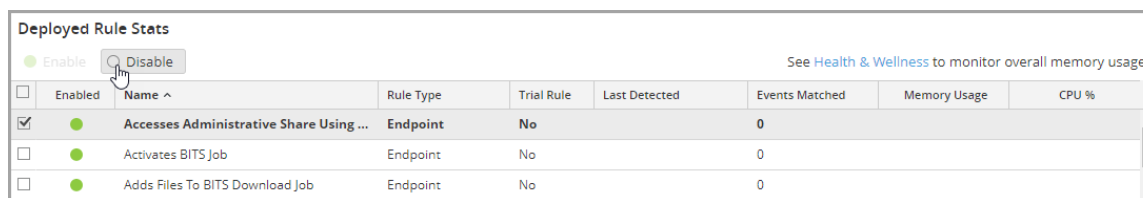
Disable or Enable Individual Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules

1. Go to the ESA Rules Services tab ( (Configure) > ESA Rules > Services).
2. In the options panel on the left, select your ESA Correlation service.
Your deployment name shows on a tab to the right, for example, Endpoint Risk Scoring Rules. If you see multiple tabs on the right, select the tab for your endpoint risk scoring rules deployment.
3. In the **Deployed Rules Stats** section, do one of the following:
 - To enable rules, select the rules that you want to enable in the rules list and click the **Enable** button above the list.



The selected rules are enabled and a message shows that the rules enabled successfully.

- To disable rules, select the rules that you want to disable in the rules list and click the **Disable** button above the list.



The selected rules are disabled and a message shows that the rules disabled successfully.

Change Memory Threshold for ESA Rules

The following procedures pertain to setting memory thresholds for ESA rules to prevent them from using excessive memory.

Change Memory Threshold for All Trial Rules

This procedure is optional and applies only to ESA Correlation Rules.

Administrators can increase or decrease the memory threshold for trial rules. Threshold refers to the ESA memory usage, which includes ESA base memory, trial rules, and non-trial rules. When the threshold is exceeded, all deployed trial rules on an ESA service are disabled.

You use trial rules to see if a rule runs efficiently and does not use excessive memory, which can impact performance or force the service to shut down.

By default, the memory threshold is 90, which is the percentage of Java Virtual Memory (JVM).




- The memory threshold is per ESA, not per rule.
- When the memory threshold is exceeded, all trial rules running on the ESA are automatically disabled.
- The ESA configuration has the following parameters for trial rules:
 - `fatal-percentage`: If memory rises above this percentage, ESA disables trial rules. For example, if `fatal-percentage` is set to 90, when memory rises above 90 percent, ESA disables trial rules.
 - `check-every`: This parameter determines how often ESA checks the `fatal-percentage` to disable trial rules.

For more information, see "Work with Trial Rules" in the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.

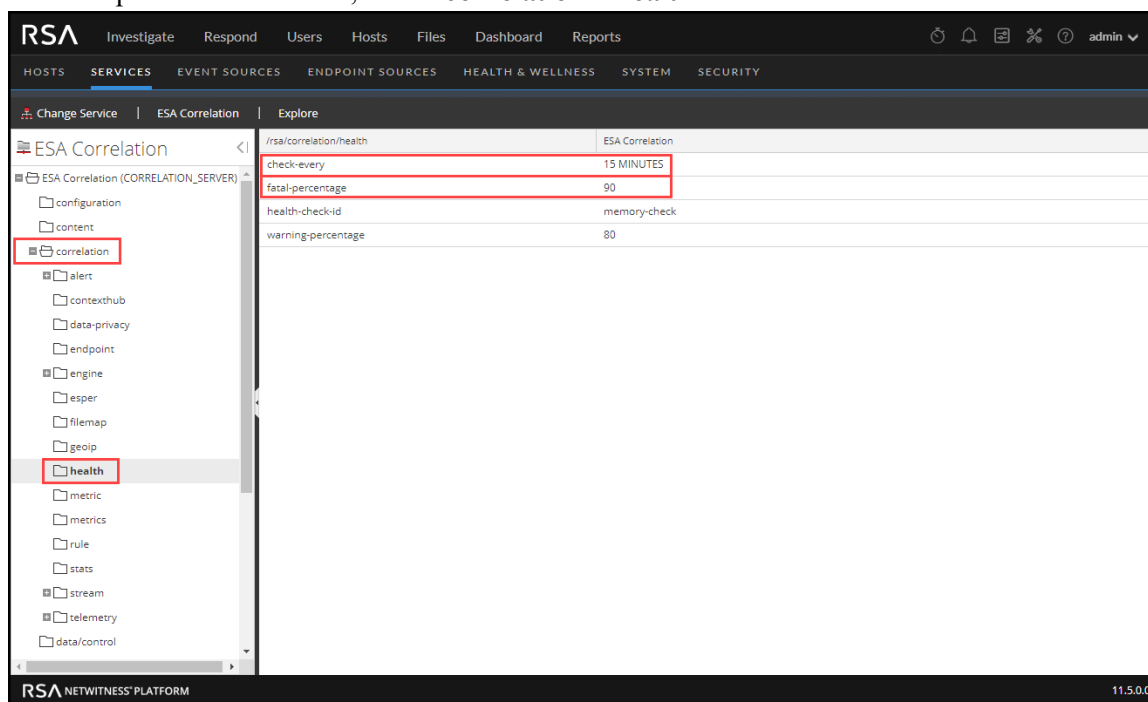
Prerequisites

A role with administrative privileges must be assigned to you.

To change memory threshold for trial rules:

1. Log on to NetWitness Platform as admin.
2. Go to  (Admin) > Services.
3. Select the ESA Correlation service and then select   > View > Explore.


- In the Explore view node list, select **correlation > health**.





- In the right panel, in `fatal-percentage`, type a percentage of JVM that trial rules on the ESA cannot exceed.
The new memory threshold takes effect immediately.
- If necessary, you can also adjust the `check-every` parameter, which determines how often ESA checks the `fatal-percentage` to disable trial rules. By default, ESA checks the `fatal-percentage` every 15 minutes.

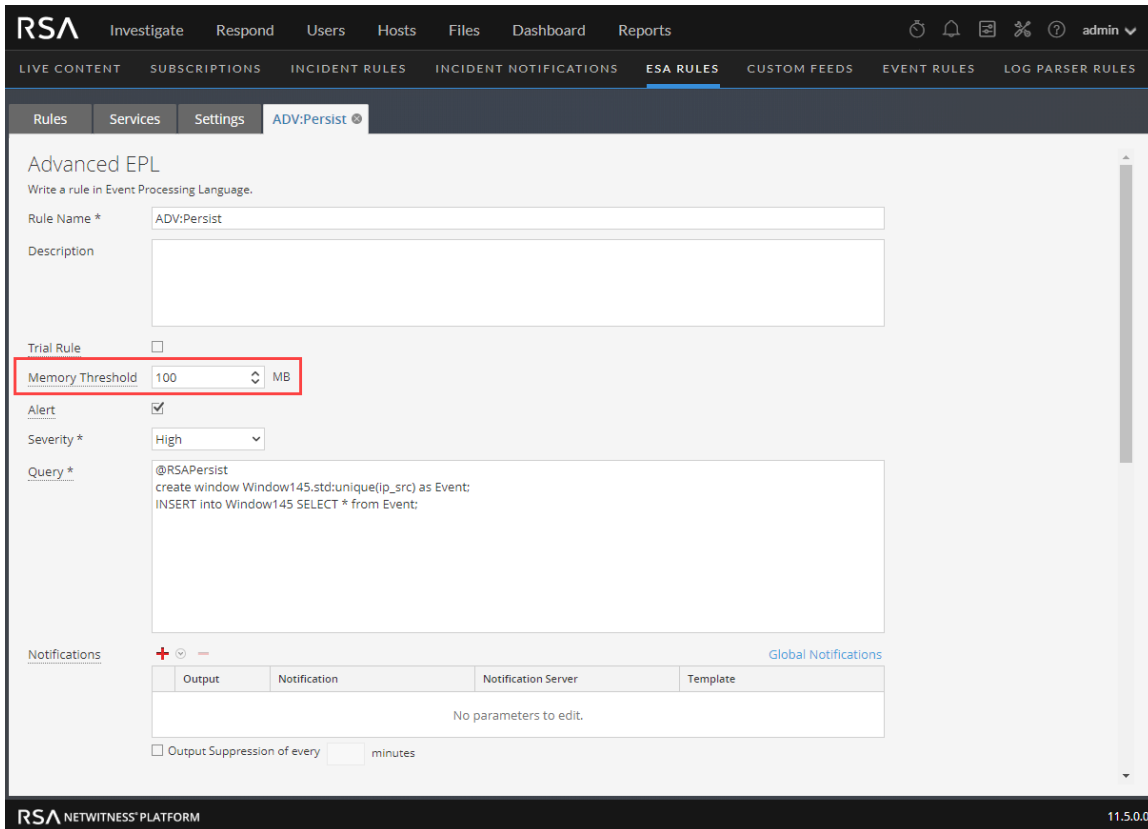
Change Memory Threshold for Individual Trial Rules and Non-Trial Rules

Note: This option is available in NetWitness Platform version 11.5 and later.

In addition to setting a memory threshold for all trial rules, you can set a memory threshold individually for both trial rules and non-trial rules. New rules default to a 100 MB memory threshold. Rules that existed before version 11.5 do not have a default value and a memory threshold is not set. You should configure a memory threshold for rules that use memory, such as a rule that contains windows or pattern matching. If the configured memory threshold is exceeded, the rule gets disabled individually and an error is displayed for that rule on the  (Configure) > ESA Rules > Services tab.

- Go to  (Configure) > **ESA Rules > Rules** tab.
- In the **Rule Library**, select the rule you want to configure and click .
The rule details are displayed.

3. In the **Memory Threshold** field, add the maximum memory usage allowed for this rule in MB. **100 MB** is the default for new rules.





4. Click **Save**.
5. When you are finished changing the memory thresholds for individual rules in an ESA rule deployment, redeploy the deployment.
For more information, see the *Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide*.



Start, Stop, or Restart ESA Service

This topic provides instructions to start, stop, or restart the ESA Correlation service from the NetWitness Platform user interface and from the command line. These procedures apply to ESA Correlation Rules.



Start the ESA Service

1. Log on to NetWitness Platform as admin.
2. Go to  (Admin) > Services.
3. Select the ESA Correlation service and then select  > Start.

Stop the ESA Service

1. Log on to NetWitness Platform as admin.
2. Go to  (Admin) > Services.
3. Select the ESA Correlation service and then select  > Stop.

Restart the ESA Service

1. Log on to NetWitness Platform as admin.
2. Go to  (Admin) > Services.
3. Select the ESA Correlation service and then select  > Restart.

Start the ESA Service from the Command Line

1. Use ssh to connect to the ESA Correlation service and log in as the root user.
2. Type the following command and press **ENTER**:

```
systemctl start rsa-nw-correlation-server
```

Stop the ESA Service from the Command Line

1. Use ssh to connect to the ESA service and log in as the root user.
2. Type the following command and press **ENTER**:

```
systemctl stop rsa-nw-correlation-server
```

Restart the ESA Service from the Command Line

1. Use ssh to connect to the ESA service and log in as the root user.
2. Type the following command and press **ENTER**:
`systemctl restart rsa-nw-correlation-server`

View Audit Logs and Verify ESA Component Versions

This topic provides details about audit logging and instructions to verify the versions of the ESA components installed. These procedures apply to ESA Correlation Rules.

View Audit Logs for Rules

Audit logging allows you to view details about rules that are created and changed in NetWitness Platform. There are local audit logs in each of the services in NetWitness Platform. When Global Audit Logging is configured, NetWitness Platform audit logs collect in a centralized system that converts them into the required format and forwards them to an external syslog system.

For details on how to access your local audit logs, see "Local Audit Log Locations" in the *System Configuration Guide*. To set up Global Audit Logging, see "Configure Global Audit Logging" in the *System Configuration Guide*.

The following Syslog global audit log examples show create, update, remove rule, and delete deployment actions for the ESA Correlation service (correlation-server).

Create Action

```
09-17-2018 08:59:50 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 15:59:54 esaprimary
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=create, success=true,
identity=admin, parameters={EngineSettings=}}09-17-2018 08:59:50 System3.Info
10.0.0.0 Sep 17 15:59:54 esaprimary {deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0,
deviceService=correlation-server, deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-
414066fab2f, deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=create,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={EngineSettings=}}09-17-2018 08:59:50
System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 15:59:54 esaprimary {deviceVendor=RSA,
deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} API{action=/rsa/correlation/module/settings/set,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={Arguments=[ModuleSettings(id=null,
name=a-d-v:multiple_failed_login_successful_login_rule_module,
displayName=ADV: Multiple_FailedLogin_SuccessfulLogin, enabled=true,
eplStatements=[module GHmoduleId15;@Name('GHmoduleName15') @Description
('GHmoduleDesc15') @RSAAAlert(oneInSeconds=0, identifiers=
{"user_dst"}
) SELECT * FROM Event(ec_outcome in ('Success', 'Failure') AND ec_
activity='Logon').win:time(5 min) match_recognize (measures F as f_array, S as
s pattern (F F F F F+ S+) define F as F.ec_outcome= 'Failure', S as S.ec_
outcome= 'Success');], queries=[], maxConstituentEvents=null,
logFiredRules=null, trial=false, alert=ModuleSettings.Alert
(respondEnabled=true, severity=9, notificationReasons=[], uniqueIdentifiers=
[], rateLimit=RateL...09-17-2018 08:59:50 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17
15:59:54 esaprimary {deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0,
deviceService=correlation-server, deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-
414066fab2f, deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=create,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={ModuleSettings=}}
```

Update Action

```
09-17-2018 08:54:21 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 15:54:25 esaprimary
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=update, success=true,
identity=admin, parameters={EngineSettings=5b9fce315068213b17760553}}09-17-
2018 08:54:21 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 15:54:25 esaprimary
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=update, success=true,
identity=admin, parameters={EngineSettings=5b9fce315068213b17760553}}09-17-
2018 08:54:21 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 15:54:25 esaprimary
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} API{action=/rsa/correlation/engine/settings/set,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={Arguments=[EngineSettings(id=null,
name=endpoint-sa-managed, displayName=endpoint, description=endpoint,
enabled=true, eventType=Event, instanceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-
414066fab2f, streamId=5b9fce314a5b1f5951babc29, moduleIds=
[5b9fce314a5b1f5951babc2a, 5b9fce314a5b1f5951babc2b],
enableStatementMetric=null)]}}
```

Remove Rule Action

```
09-17-2018 09:01:11 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 16:01:15 esaprimary
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} API{action=/rsa/correlation/stream/settings/remove,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={Arguments=
[5b9fcf7a4a5b1f5951babc2c]}}09-17-2018 09:01:11 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17
16:01:15 esaprimary {deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0,
deviceService=correlation-server, deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-
414066fab2f, deviceProduct=NetWitness} API
{action=/rsa/correlation/stream/settings/remove, success=true, identity=admin,
parameters={Arguments=[5b9fcf7a4a5b1f5951babc2c]}}09-17-2018 09:01:11
System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 16:01:15 esaprimary {deviceVendor=RSA,
deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=remove, success=true,
identity=admin, parameters={StreamSettings=5b9fcf7a4a5b1f5951babc2c}}
```

Delete Deployment Action

```
09-17-2018 09:02:45 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 16:02:50 esaprimary
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} API{action=/rsa/correlation/engine/settings/remove,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={Arguments=
[5b9fcfcb4a5b1f5951babc2f]}}09-17-2018 09:02:45 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17
16:02:50 esaprimary {deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0,
deviceService=correlation-server, deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-
414066fab2f, deviceProduct=NetWitness} API
{action=/rsa/correlation/engine/settings/remove, success=true, identity=admin,
parameters={Arguments=[5b9fcfcb4a5b1f5951babc2f]}}09-17-2018 09:02:45
```

```
System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 16:02:50 esaprimery {deviceVendor=RSA,
deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} DataAccess{action=remove, success=true,
identity=admin, parameters={EngineSettings=5b9fcfcb4a5b1f5951babc2f}}09-17-
2018 09:02:45 System3.Info 10.0.0.0 Sep 17 16:02:50 esaprimery
{deviceVendor=RSA, deviceVersion=11.3.0.0, deviceService=correlation-server,
deviceServiceId=1abc9465-d0d4-48a9-9205-414066fab2f,
deviceProduct=NetWitness} API{action=/rsa/correlation/engine/stop,
success=true, identity=admin, parameters={Arguments=[madhavi-sa-managed]}}
```

Each log contains the following parameters:

- **Time stamp:** Time the rule was modified. Example: 09-17-2018 08:54:21
- **System Info:** Information about the system where the action was performed, such as IP address. Example: 10.0.0.0
- **deviceVersion:** Version of your ESA service. Example: 11.3.0.0
- **deviceService:** Example: correlation-server
- **action:** Examples: create, update, remove
- **Parameters:** Placeholder for the following keys:
 - **Epl Module Identifier (moduleIds):** unique identifier for the rules. Example: 5b9f3ce314a5b1f5951babc2a, 5b9f3ce314a5b1f5951babc2b
 - **enabled:** Shows if the rule is enabled or not. Example: enabled=true
 - **respondEnabled:** Shows if alerts from this rule can go to the Respond view. Example: respondEnabled=true
 - **trial:** Displays if the rule is configured as a trial rule or not. Example: trial=false
 - **EplStatements:** Displays the rule syntax. Example:

```
eplStatements=[module GHmoduleId15;@Name('GHmoduleName15') @Description
('GHmoduleDesc15') @RSAAlert(oneInSeconds=0, identifiers=
{"user_dst"}
) SELECT * FROM Event(ec_outcome in ('Success', 'Failure') AND ec_
activity='Logon').win:time(5 min) match_recognize (measures F as f_array,
S as s pattern (F F F F F+ S+) define F as F.ec_outcome= 'Failure', S as
S.ec_outcome= 'Success');]
```
 - **identity:** Example: admin

ESA Audit Logs on NW Server (11.5 and Later)

In NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later, in addition to the audit logs available on ESA Correlation-server, new audit logs on the NW Server (SA_SERVER) show when users add, modify, filter, delete, export, and import ESA rules in the Rule Library. The NW Server audit logs also show when users add, modify, and deploy ESA rule deployments. Modifications to an ESA rule deployment include adding, deleting, or updating a rule in a deployment as well as adding a data source or an ESA Correlation service to a deployment.

Verify ESA Correlation Version

1. Use ssh to connect to the ESA Correlation service and log in as the root user.

2. Type the following command and press ENTER:

```
rpm -qa | grep rsa-nw-correlation-server
```

The ESA Correlation server version is displayed.

Troubleshooting

For Troubleshooting Version Installations and Updates, refer to “Troubleshooting Version Installations and Updates” in Hosts and Services getting Started guide and “Troubleshooting” in Physical Host Installation guide.

References - Previous ESA Versions

This section is a collection of references, which describe the user interface for ESA Configuration in previous versions of NetWitness Platform.

Note: ESA Analytics is not supported in NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later versions.

See the following topics for details:

- [Services Config View Data Sources Tab \(11.2 and Earlier\)](#)
- [Services Config View Advanced Tab \(11.2 and Earlier\)](#)
- [ESA Analytics Mappings \(11.1.x to 11.4.x\)](#)
- [Module Settings \(11.1.x to 11.4.x\)](#)
- [Whois Lookup Service Configuration \(11.1.x to 11.4.x\)](#)

Services Config View Data Sources Tab (11.2 and Earlier)

Note: The information in this topic applies ONLY to RSA NetWitness® Platform version 11.2 and earlier.

For version 11.3 and later, see [Data Source Configuration Changes](#).

ESA Analytics is not supported in NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later versions.

The **Services Config view > Data Sources** tab of an ESA service enables you to configure the sources that ESA uses to analyze data. An ESA service ingests data from Concentrators to detect incidents and alert analysts to potential threats.

Workflow

This workflow shows the overall process for configuring ESA. It also shows where configuring data sources is located in the process.

In NetWitness Platform 11.2 and earlier, ESA has two services, the Event Stream Analysis service (ESA Correlation Rules) and the Event Stream Analytics Server service (ESA Analytics). The first four procedures shown pertain to configuring the Event Stream Analysis service:

- **Add Data Source to ESA Service***
- Configure Notifications
- Download Live Content
- (Optional) Configure Advanced Settings

The last procedure is separate from the others and pertains to creating mappings for the ESA Analytics services to start automatically detecting advanced threats:

- (Optional) Create and Deploy ESA Analytics Mappings

What do you want to do?

Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Add a Concentrator as a data source to the Event Stream Analysis Service *	See "Configure ESA Correlation Rules" and "Step 1. Add a Data Source to an ESA Service" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for version 11.2</i> .
Administrator	Configure Notifications	See "Notification Methods" in the <i>Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide for version 11.2</i> .

Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Download Live Content	See "Download Configurable RSA Live Rules" in the <i>Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide for version 11.2</i> .
Administrator	Configure Advanced Settings	See "Step 2. Configure Advanced Settings for an ESA Service" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for version 11.2</i> .

*You can complete these tasks here (that is in the Services Config view Data Sources tab).

Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

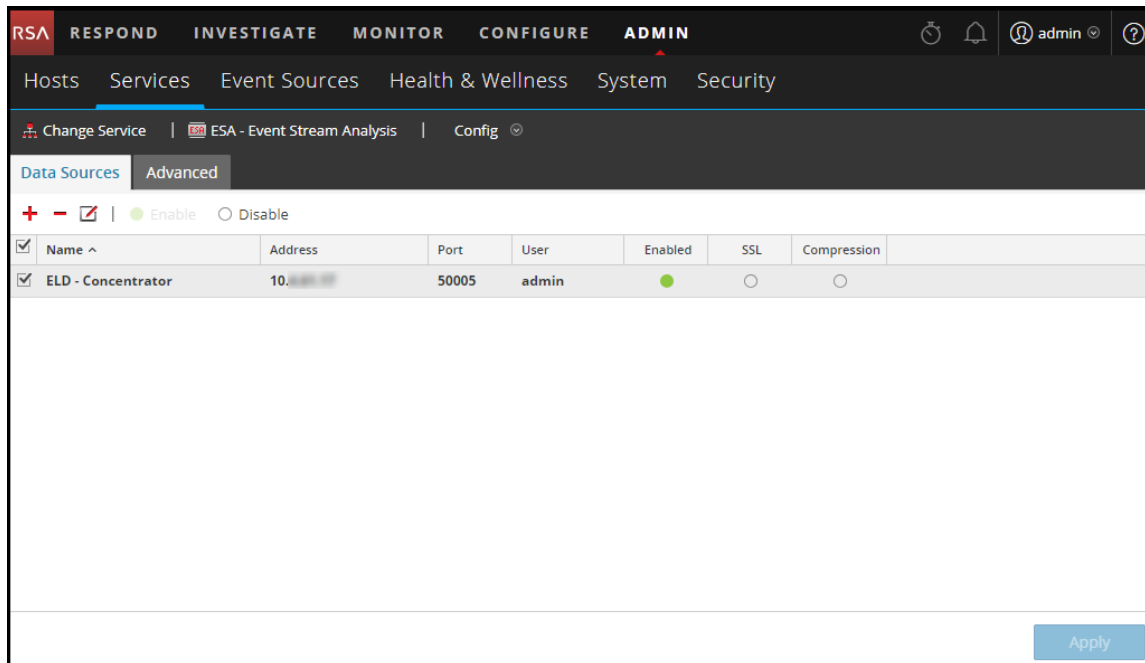
Related Topics

- See "Add or Update a Host" in the *Host and Services Getting Started Guide*.

Quick Look






To access the Data Sources tab, go to **Admin > Services > (Select an ESA service) >  > View > Config.**

The following figure shows the Services Config view Data Sources tab for an ESA service.



Toolbar

The following table describes the options in the toolbar.

Option	Description
	Adds a new data source to the ESA service.
	Deletes a data source from the ESA service.
	Edits a data source. You must have the username and password credentials for the service in order to make changes.
 Enable	Enables the selected data source.
 Disable	Disables the selected data source.

Data Sources

The Data Sources list shows all of the data sources added to the ESA service. The following table describes the columns the Data Sources list.

Column	Description
Name	The name of the data source service.
Address	The address of the data source service.
Port	The port used by the data source.
User	The user connected with the data source.
Enabled	Indicates if the data source is enabled.
SSL	Indicates if SSL communication is enabled.
Compression	Indicates if compression is enabled.

Services Config View Advanced Tab (11.2 and Earlier)

Note: The information in this topic applies ONLY to RSA NetWitness® Platform version 11.2 and earlier.

For version 11.3 and later, see [Configure Advanced Settings for an ESA Correlation Service](#).
ESA Analytics is not supported in NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later versions.

The **Services Config view > Advanced** tab of an ESA service enables you to configure advanced settings. In the Advanced view, you can configure advanced settings to improve performance, to preserve events for rules with multiple events, to buffer events in memory, and to set the number of events to be stored on the ESA.

Workflow

This workflow shows the overall process for configuring ESA. It also shows where configuring advanced settings is located in the process.

In NetWitness Platform 11.2 and earlier, ESA has two services, the Event Stream Analysis service (ESA Correlation Rules) and the Event Stream Analytics Server service (ESA Analytics). The first four procedures shown pertain to configuring the Event Stream Analysis service:

- Add Data Source to ESA Service
- Configure Notifications
- Download Live Content
- **(Optional) Configure Advanced Settings***

The last procedure is separate from the others and pertains to creating mappings for the ESA Analytics services to start automatically detecting advanced threats:

- **(Optional) Create and Deploy ESA Analytics Mappings**

What do you want to do?

Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Add a Concentrator as a data source to the Event Stream Analysis Service	See "Configure ESA Correlation Rules" and "Step 1. Add a Data Source to an ESA Service" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for version 11.2</i> .
Administrator	Configure Notifications	See "Notification Methods" in the <i>Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide for version 11.2</i> .
Administrator	Download Live Content	See "Download Configurable RSA Live Rules" in the <i>Alerting with ESA Correlation Rules User Guide for version 11.2</i> .
Administrator	Configure Advanced Settings *	See "Step 2. Configure Advanced Settings for an ESA Service" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for version 11.2</i> .

*You can complete these tasks here (that is in the Services Config view Advanced tab).

Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

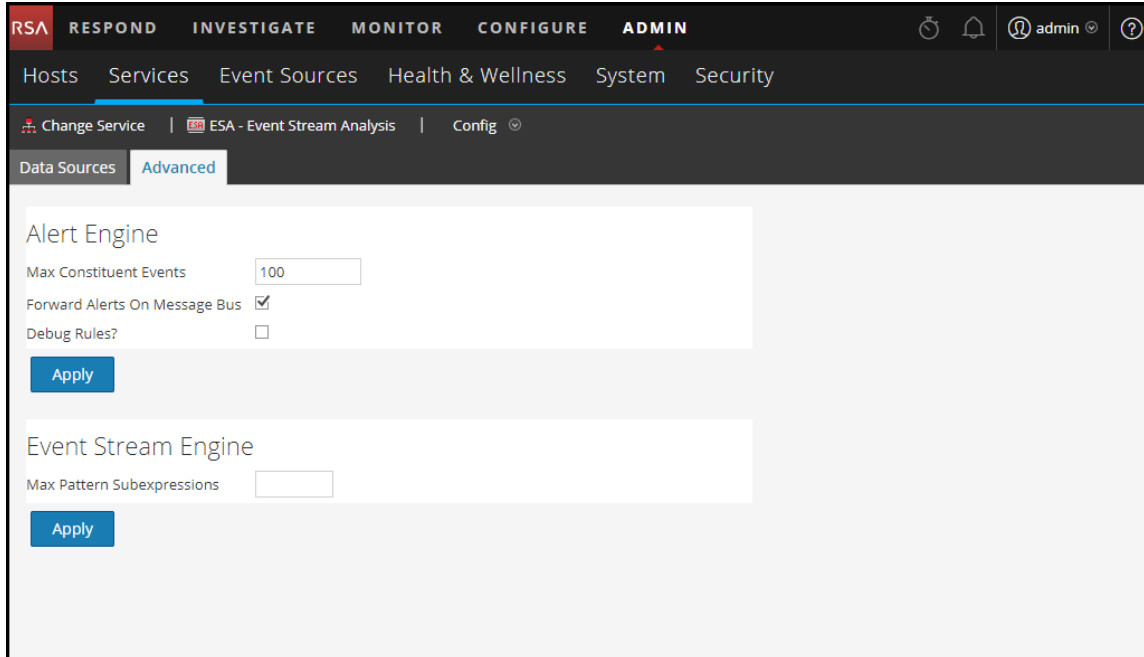
Related Topics

- See "Add or Update a Host" in the *Host and Services Getting Started Guide*

Quick Look

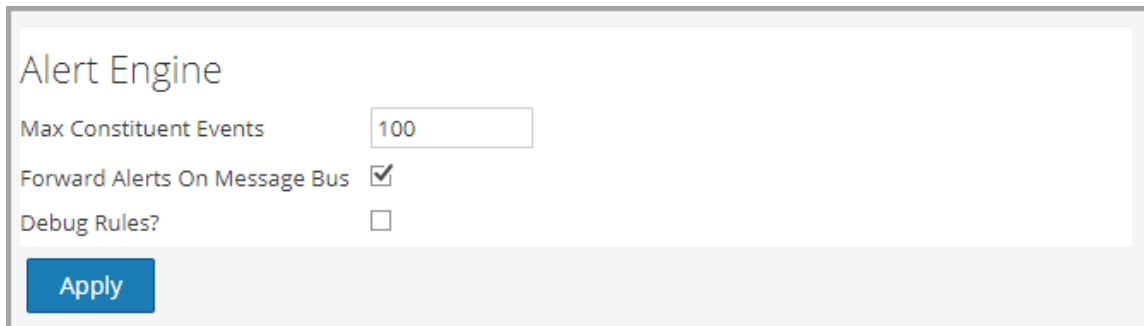
To access the Advanced tab, go to **Admin > Services > (Select an ESA service) >  > View > Config.**

The following figure shows the Services Config view Advanced tab for an ESA service.



Alert Engine Settings

In the Alert Engine section, you specify values to preserve events for rules that choose multiple events. The following figure shows the Alert Engine section.



The following table lists the parameters in the Alert Engine section and their descriptions.

Parameter	Description
Max Constituent Events	For rules that contain multiple events, this configuration value determines how many of the associated events are preserved. For example, if a rule fires an alert with 200 associated events and this parameter is set to 100, only the first 100 are preserved by ESA, the rest are dropped. The default value is 100.
Forward Alerts On Message Bus	To forward ESA alerts for NetWitness Respond, you must select this option. The ESA alerts generated will be sent to the Message Bus and subsequently to Respond. This option is selected by default. You may want to ensure that the Respond Server service is running.
Debug Rules?	Selecting enables debugging rules.

Event Stream Engine Settings

In the Event Stream Engine section, you specify details to improve performance. The following figure shows the Event Stream Engine section.

The screenshot shows a configuration panel for the Event Stream Engine. At the top, the title 'Event Stream Engine' is displayed. Below the title, there is a label 'Max Pattern Subexpressions' followed by an empty text input field. At the bottom of the panel, there is a blue button labeled 'Apply'.

The following table lists the parameter in the Event Stream Engine section and its description.

Parameter	Description
Max Pattern Subexpressions	Certain rules require ESPER to maintain subexpressions in memory before deciding to fire them or not. These subexpressions consume memory and if left unchecked may cause the service to go down with memory exhaustion. This parameter is a safety measure that keeps such memory hogging rules under check. If a rule exceeds the specified number of subexpressions, its processing is delayed. The default value is 0, which means this setting is disabled. You must set a value if there are service stability issues.

Whois Lookup Service Configuration (11.1.x to 11.4.x)

Note: The information in this topic applies ONLY to RSA NetWitness® Platform versions 11.1.x to 11.4.x. The Whois Lookup Service and ESA Analytics are not supported in NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later versions.

In the Whois Lookup Configuration panel (Admin > System > Whois), you configure a connection to the Whois Lookup service for your preconfigured ESA Analytics modules used in RSA Automated Threat Detection. The Whois Service enables you to get accurate data about domains that you connect to. In order to ensure effective scoring, it is important that you configure the Whois service settings.

You must have an RSA Live account to use this service.

If you configured a Live account in the Live Services panel (Admin > System > Live Services), the Whois Lookup Service is automatically configured for you. You just need to check the connection of the Whois Lookup service.

Note: If you do not have an RSA Live account, you can create one at the RSA Live Registration Portal: <https://cms.netwitness.com/registration/> The *Live Services Management Guide* provides additional information.

What do you want to do?

Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Configure the Whois Lookup service.	See "Configure the Whois Lookup Service" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i> .
Administrator	Check the connection of the Whois Lookup service.	See "Configure the Whois Lookup Service" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i> .

Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

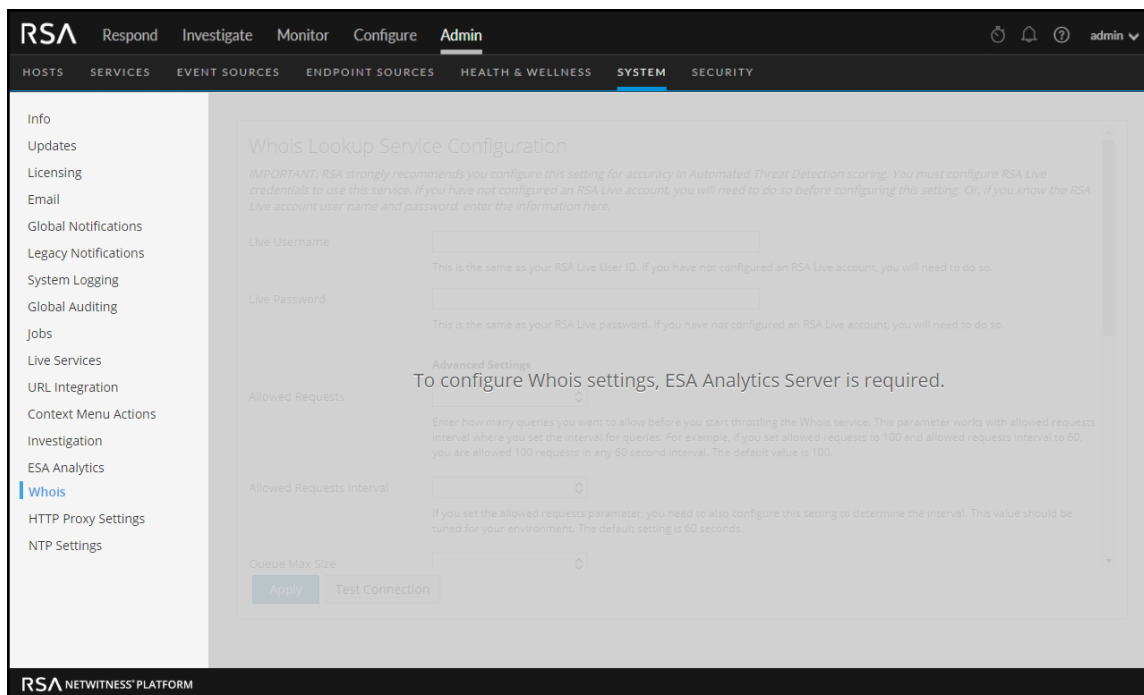
Related Topics

- See "ESA Analytics Mappings" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*.

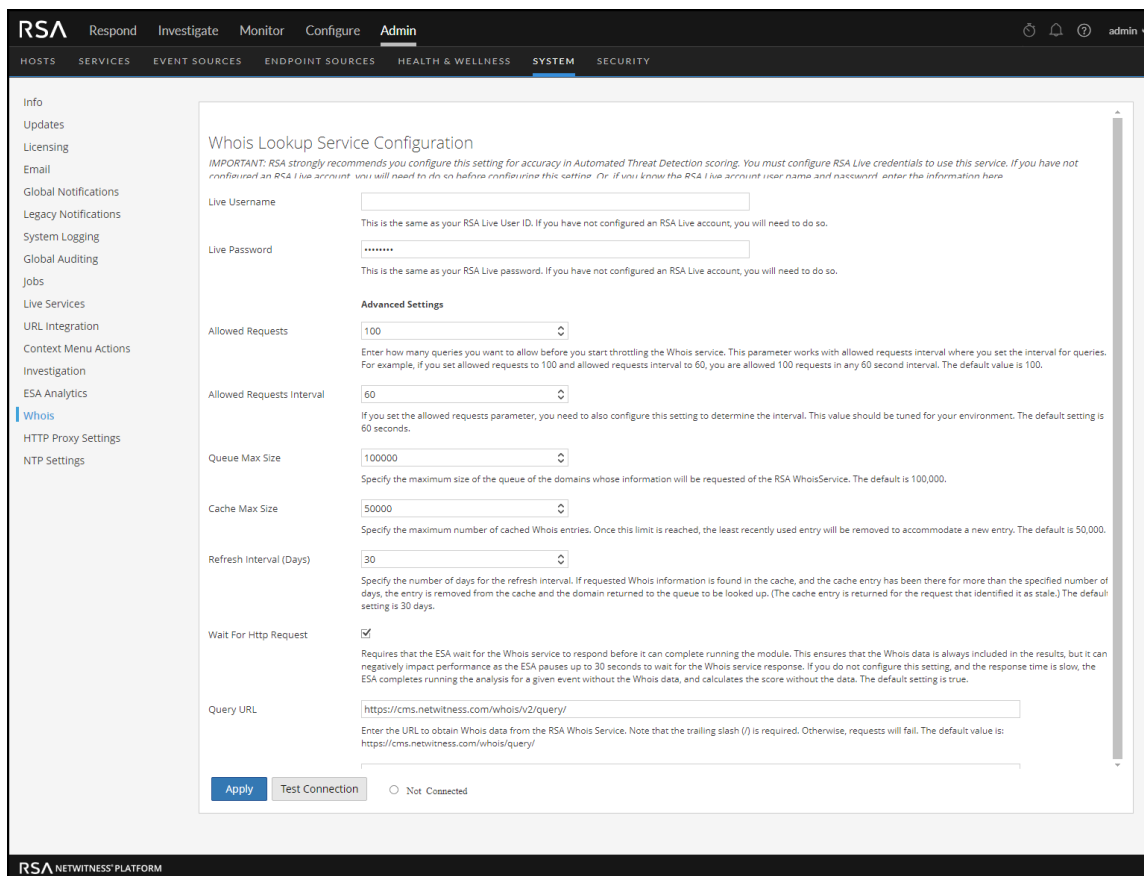
Quick Look

To access the Whois Lookup Service Configuration, go to Admin > System and in the options panel, select Whois.

The ESA Analytics Server service must be available (shows a green circle) in the Admin > Services view. If you do not have an ESA Analytics Server service available, you will see the following panel.



If you have an ESA Analytics Server service available, you will see the following panel.



The following table describes the listed Whois Lookup Service configuration settings.

Parameter	Description
Live Username	<p>Required only if you did not already configure the Whois Lookup service. Enter the authentication credential for the RSA Whois Server. This is the same as your RSA Live User ID. If you have not configured an RSA Live account, you will need to do so.</p> <p>The default value is "whois."</p>
Live Password	<p>Required only if you did already configure the Whois Lookup service. Enter the authentication credential for the RSA Whois Server. This is the same as your RSA Live password. If you have not configured an RSA Live account, you will need to do so.</p> <p>The default value is null.</p>
Allowed Requests	<p>(Optional) Enter how many queries you want to allow before you start throttling the Whois service. This parameter works with Allowed Requests Interval (in seconds), where you set the interval for queries. For example, if you set Allowed Requests to 100 and Allowed Requests Interval to 60, you are allowed 100 requests in any 60 second interval.</p> <p>The default value is 100.</p>
Allowed Requests Interval	<p>(Optional) If you set the Allowed Requests parameter, you need to also configure this setting to determine the interval. This value should be tuned for your environment.</p> <p>The default setting is 60 seconds.</p>
Queue Max Size	<p>(Optional) Specify the maximum size of the queue of the domains whose information will be requested of the RSA WhoisService.</p> <p>The default is 100,000.</p>
Cache Max Size	<p>(Optional) Specify the maximum number of cached Whois entries. Once this limit is reached, the least recently used entry will be removed to accommodate a new entry.</p> <p>The default is 50,000.</p>
Refresh Interval (Days)	<p>(Optional) Specify the number of days for the refresh interval. If requested Whois information is found in the cache, and the cache entry has been there for more than the specified number of days, the entry is removed from the cache and the domain returned to the queue to be looked up. (The cache entry is returned for the request that identified it as stale.)</p> <p>The default setting is 30 days.</p>

Parameter	Description
Wait For HTTP Request	<p>(Optional) Requires that the ESA wait for the Whois service to respond before it can complete running the module. This ensures that the Whois data is always included in the results, but it can negatively impact performance as the ESA pauses up to 30 seconds to wait for the Whois service response.</p> <p>If you do not configure this setting, and the response time is slow, the ESA completes running the analysis for a given event without the Whois data, and calculates the score without the data.</p> <p>The default setting is true.</p>
Query URL	<p>(Optional) Enter the URL to obtain Whois data from the RSA Whois service. The trailing slash ("/") is required. Otherwise, requests will fail.</p> <p>The default value is: https://cms.netwitness.com/whois/v2/query/</p>
Authentication URL	<p>(Optional) Enter the URL to obtain authentication tokens from the RSA Whois service. The default value is: https://cms.netwitness.com/authlive/authenticate/WHOIS</p>

ESA Analytics Mappings (11.1.x to 11.4.x)

Note: The information in this topic applies ONLY to RSA NetWitness® Platform versions 11.1.x to 11.4.x.
 ESA Analytics is not supported in NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later versions.

In the ESA Analytics Mappings panel (Admin > System > ESA Analytics), you define how the RSA Automated Threat Detection functionality should automatically detect advanced threats. You can analyze the data that resides on one or more Concentrators by selecting a preconfigured ESA Analytics module.

To better utilize your network resources and reduce unnecessary data flow, you can map multiple data sources, such as Concentrators, to available ESA Analytics services in order to process data more efficiently and take advantage of additional capacity.

Workflow

This workflow shows the process for creating and enabling an ESA Analytics mapping to start automatically detecting advanced threats.

Before you create an ESA Analytics mapping, ensure that the ESA hosts and services that you want to use for your mappings are online and available. All of the services need to be in sync with a consistent time source. Also ensure that the Concentrators are collecting the required data. When you create an ESA Analytics mapping, you select an ESA Analytics module to map, such as Suspicious Domains. Then you select the data sources, such as Concentrators, to use for that module along with an ESA Analytics service to process the data. When you are ready to start aggregating data, you deploy the mapping. Analysts can view detected threats for that module in the Respond view.

What do you want to do?

Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Verify that the ESA hosts and services are online and available.	Admin > Hosts and Admin > Services See <i>Hosts and Services Getting Started Guide</i> .
Administrator	Ensure that the Concentrators are collecting the required data.	See <i>Broker and Concentrator Configuration Guide</i>
Administrator	Create ESA Analytics mappings.*	See "Mapping ESA Data Sources to Analytics Modules" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i> .

Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Deploy ESA Analytics mappings.*	See "Mapping ESA Data Sources to Analytics Modules" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i> .
Administrator, Analyst	View detected threats.	See <i>NetWitness Respond User Guide</i> .

*You can complete these tasks here (that is in the ESA Analytics Mappings panel).

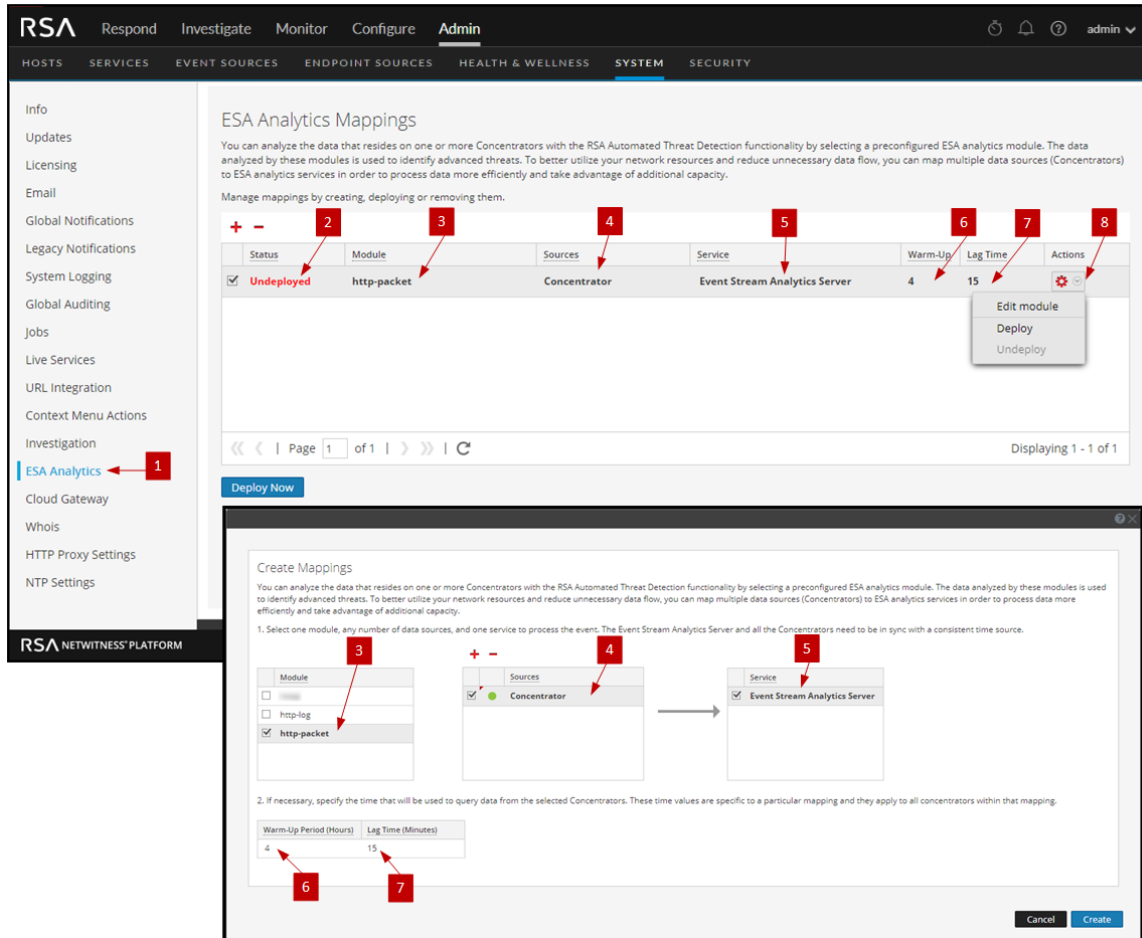
Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

Related Topics

- "Configure ESA Analytics" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*
- "Update a Mapping" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*
- "Undeploy a Mapping" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*
- "Delete a Mapping" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*
- "Change the Warm-up Period and Lag Time" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*
- [Module Settings \(11.1.x to 11.4.x\)](#)

Quick Look



The following example illustrates an ESA Analytics mapping. The configuration defines the data sources for the selected module and the ESA Analytics service that will process the events from those data sources.



- 1 Displays the ESA Analytics Mappings panel.
- 2 Shows the status of the ESA Analytics mapping.
- 3 The name of the module that is mapped.
- 4 Data sources, such as Concentrators, assigned to the mapping.
- 5 ESA Analytics service that processes the data for the mapping.
- 6 Warm-up period configuration (in hours) on the data sources for the mapping.
- 7 Lag configuration (in minutes) on the data sources for the mapping.
- 8 Actions for changing module settings, deploying module mappings, and undeploying module mappings.

Toolbar


The following table describes the toolbar actions.

Icon / Button	Description
	Opens the Create Mappings dialog where you can create an ESA Analytics mapping. Create a separate mapping for each module. After creating and reviewing the mappings, you deploy them.
	<p>Deletes an ESA Analytics Mapping.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can delete a mapping with a status of Undeployed at any time. Since a mapping in the Undeployed state is not deployed and is not running, it does not affect data aggregation. Deleting a deployed mapping clears the configuration on the ESA server, reverts the deployment for that mapping, and stops pulling data from the data source for that module. You should undeploy a mapping with a status of Deployed before deleting it.
Deploy Now	After you create your mappings, you need to deploy them in order to start aggregating data for the modules. You can select one or more mappings with a status of Undeployed to deploy.


Note: If you want to make changes to a deployed mapping, such as adding or removing Concentrators or changing the service, you must undeploy and delete the existing mapping and then create and deploy a new mapping for that module.

ESA Analytics Mappings

The following table describes the listed ESA Analytics mappings.

Title	Description
	To select an individual mapping, select the checkbox next to the mapping.
Status	<p>Shows the status of the mapping. There are two statuses:</p> <p>Undeployed - An undeployed mapping maps an ESA Analytics module to sources and an ESA Analytics service. It does not start aggregating data for the module until you deploy the mapping.</p> <p>Deployed - A deployed mapping is deployed and running. In a deployed mapping, the selected ESA Analytics service uses query-based aggregation to collect the appropriate filtered events for the selected module from the Concentrators.</p>

Title	Description
Module	Indicates the selected ESA Analytics module. An ESA Analytics module is a pipeline composed of activity objects that enrich an event with additional information through mathematical computations. The module resides within the ESA Analytics service.
Sources	Sources are the data sources, such as Concentrators, from which ESA will aggregate the data for the specified module.
Service	Indicates the ESA Analytics service that will process the data for the specified module. The selected service needs to be in sync with a consistent time source.
Warm-Up Period (Hours)	<p>Specifies a warm-up duration (in hours). A warm-up period is required to allow Automated Threat Detection to "learn" your traffic. The warm-up period should run when typical traffic is running. During this time, alerting for your module mapping is suppressed. The Warm-up Period primes the module with historical data and guarantees that the specified number of hours of data collection completes before sending alerts.</p> <p>RSA provides preconfigured ESA Analytics modules. Each module type has a default warm-up period defined, which you can adjust to your environment, if necessary. After this warm-up period, alerts can be viewed.</p> <p>For more information about Warm-up Period and Lag time, see Module Settings (11.1.x to 11.4.x).</p>

Title	Description
<p>Lag Time (Minutes)</p>	<p>Specifies a constant time delay in minutes, which is added to avoid losing events being processed by the data sources during periods of heavy activity. For example, Concentrator performance varies depending on factors such as incoming load, ongoing queries, and indexing. Due to these factors, a Concentrator may not aggregate events in real-time, which leads to the delay.</p> <p>The Lag parameter gives the Concentrator a chance to finish aggregating all of the data.</p> <p>After the warm-up period completes, data aggregation continues at Current (System) Time - Lag Time. This is useful when a Concentrator is slow in aggregating data. The Lag time guarantees that the module does not process data that arrives to the Concentrator within the Lag time window so there is adequate delay to ensure all events that get generated in the enterprise can be processed by the module.</p> <p>For example, if Lag time is 30 minutes, and the current time is 2:00 PM, the Concentrator starts pulling records at 1:30 PM. The Lag time window, 30 minutes in this example, remains constant as time advances. When the current time advances to 2:01 PM, the Concentrator pulls the next minute of data at 1:31 PM, and so on.</p> <p>Important: The Lag time defines the buffer between the current time and the time when the module ingests the data.</p> <div data-bbox="391 1052 1237 1203" style="border: 1px solid yellow; padding: 5px;"> <p>Caution: RSA recommends that Administrators adjust the Lag parameter dynamically based on the performance of each of the individual Concentrators to avoid missing any events during aggregation.</p> </div> <p>For more information about Warm-up Period and Lag time, see Module Settings (11.1.x to 11.4.x).</p>
	<p>Enables you to select additional actions for the selected module mapping:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Edit Module - Enables you to configure the warm-up period and lag time for the selected module mapping. • Deploy - Deploys the selected module mapping. The specified ESA Analytics service starts pulling data from the data sources for that module. • Undeploy - Undeploys the selected module mapping. The specified ESA Analytics service stops pulling data from the data sources for that module. <div data-bbox="391 1703 1237 1791" style="border: 1px solid yellow; padding: 5px;"> <p>Caution: Undeploying a mapping with a status of Deployed will affect data aggregation for that module.</p> </div>

Module Settings (11.1.x to 11.4.x)

Note: The information in this topic applies ONLY to RSA NetWitness® Platform versions 11.1.x to 11.4.x.
 ESA Analytics is not supported in NetWitness Platform 11.5 and later versions.

After you create or deploy a module mapping in the ESA Analytics Mappings panel (Admin > System > ESA Analytics), you have the option to change some module configurations for that mapping.

What do you want to do?


Role	I want to ...	Show me how
Administrator	Change the warm-up period for an undeployed module mapping.	"Change the Warm-up Period and Lag Time" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i>
Administrator	Change the warm-up period for a module mapping during the warm-up period.	"Change the Warm-up Period and Lag Time" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i>
Administrator	Change the warm-up period for a module mapping after the warm-up period is complete.	"Change the Warm-up Period and Lag Time" in the <i>ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4</i>

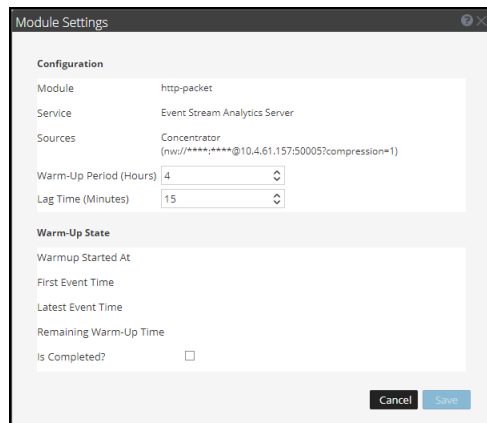
Go to the [Master Table of Contents](#) to find all RSA NetWitness Platform 11.x documents.

Related Topics

- "Mapping ESA Data Sources to Analytics Modules" in the *ESA Configuration Guide for RSA NetWitness Platform 11.4*
- [ESA Analytics Mappings \(11.1.x to 11.4.x\)](#)

Quick Look

To access the module settings, in the ESA Analytics Mappings panel, select the mapping that you want to change and in the **Actions** column, select  > **Edit Module**. The Module Settings dialog has a Configurations section and a Warm-Up State section.



Configurations

The Configurations section enables you to change the Warm-Up Period and Lag Time configurations. The following table describes the settings available for an ESA Analytics module mapping.

Field	Description
Module	Shows the name of the mapped module.
Service	Shows the ESA Analytics service that processes the data for the mapping.
Sources	Shows the mapped data sources and the URLs used to communicate with ESA.

Field	Description
Warm-Up Period (Hours)	<p>Specifies a warm-up duration in hours. A warm-up period is required to allow Automated Threat Detection to "learn" your traffic. The warm-up period should run when typical traffic is running. During this time, alerting for your module mapping is suppressed. The Warm-up Period primes the module with historical data and guarantees that the specified number of hours of data collection completes before sending alerts.</p> <p>RSA provides preconfigured ESA Analytics modules. Each module type has a default warm-up period defined, which you can adjust to your environment, if necessary. After this warm-up period, alerts can be viewed.</p> <p>You can update the Warm-Up Period of a deployed module mapping depending on whether or not the warm-up period is complete:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • During the warm up period - You can add hours to the warm-up period or subtract any remaining warm-up time. • The warm-up period is complete - You can add hours to the warm-up period by adding the difference between the current time and the First Event Time to the hours that you want to add. For example, a warm-up period of 10 hours is complete and the First Event Time shows 12:00:00. The current (system) time is 16:00:00 (4 hours later) and you want to add 5 more hours to the warm-up time. To do this, you need to add 9 hours (4+5=9) to the warm-up period of 10, so you would set the new warm-up period to 19 hours. You cannot decrease the warm-up period if it is complete, unless you delete the mapping and create a new one. <p>The Warm-up Period value is specific to a particular mapping and it applies to all Concentrators within that mapping after you deploy it. If a Concentrator is shared between two modules with different warm-up times, the Concentrator uses separate Warm-up Period values for each module mapping.</p>

Field	Description
Lag Time (Minutes)	<p>Specifies a constant time delay in minutes, which is added to avoid losing events being processed by the data sources during periods of heavy activity. For example, Concentrator performance varies depending on factors such as incoming load, ongoing queries, and indexing. Due to these factors, a Concentrator may not aggregate events in real-time, which leads to the delay.</p> <p>The Lag parameter gives the Concentrator a chance to finish aggregating all of the data. When you specify a Lag time, the first time the module deploys, data aggregation starts at Current (System) Time - Lag Time - Warm-Up Time. For example, if the current time is 2:00 PM, Lag time is 30 minutes, and Warm-up time is 4 hours, when the module deploys for the first time, data collection starts at 9:30 AM (2:00 PM - .5 hour - 4 hours).</p> <p>After the warm-up period completes, data aggregation continues at Current (System) Time - Lag Time. This is useful when a Concentrator is slow in aggregating data. The Lag time guarantees that the module does not process data that arrives to the Concentrator within the Lag time window so there is adequate delay to ensure all events that get generated in the enterprise can be processed by the module.</p> <p>For example, if Lag time is 30 minutes, and the current time is 2:00 PM, the Concentrator starts pulling records at 1:30 PM. The Lag time window, 30 minutes in this example, remains constant as time advances. When the current time advances to 2:01 PM, the Concentrator pulls the next minute of data at 1:31 PM, and so on.</p> <p>Important: The Lag time defines the buffer between the current time and the time when the module ingests the data.</p> <p>The Lag time value is specific to a particular mapping and it applies to all Concentrators within that mapping after you deploy it. If a Concentrator is shared between two modules with different Lag times, the Concentrator uses separate Lag values for each module mapping.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid yellow; padding: 5px;"> <p>Caution: RSA recommends that Administrators adjust the Lag parameter dynamically based on the performance of each of the individual Concentrators to avoid missing any events during aggregation.</p> </div> <p>To determine the correct Lag Time, add together the following to get an environmental lag time:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log or Packet Latency - This is the time it takes for the Log Decoder to receive the logs or the (Packet) Decoder to receive packets. For example, the Log Decoder may get logs every 20 minutes. In this case, you would want to set Lag time to at least 20 minutes, preferably 25 minutes, so that you do not miss events. Aggregation Latency - This is the time it takes to get the data from the Log Decoder to the Concentrator. Other Buffer - Add in any additional time delay specific to your

Field	Description
	environment.

Warm-Up State

The Warm-Up State section provides information about the warm-up state, which you can use to determine the appropriate adjustments to the warm-up period.

Field	Description
Warmup Started At	The time when the first event was processed by the ESA Analytics module from the data source.
First Event Time	The time that the first event occurred. The warm-up time is based on this time.
Latest Event Time	The time that the latest event occurred.
Remaining Warm-Up Time	The number of hours remaining in the warm-up period.
Is Completed?	Indicates whether the warm-up period is complete. If it is true, the warm-up period is complete. If it is false, the module is still warming up and you can view the number of hours remaining in the Remaining Warm Up Time field.