



# System Administration

## User Guide

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## Overview

A System Administrator account within ThreatConnect® works, in many ways, just like a normal Organization account—it even belongs to an Organization that can contain other System Administrator accounts—but it has additional permissions and capabilities that allow the user to configure System Settings within On Premises and Private Cloud ThreatConnect Instances. This guide explains many of the tasks requiring system privileges, particularly the systemwide tasks that are performed primarily on the **System Settings** screen. See the *ThreatConnect Account Administration Guide* for instruction on tasks that must be performed by a System Administrator on the **Accounts Settings** screen.

Because of the account's ability to change System Settings, it is advised that the account be used only for these tasks and not for Organization administration, Community administration, or regular analysis. In general, administrative tasks should always be carried out by the least-privileged account possible to help maintain system security and functionality.

## Access the System Settings Screen

1. Log in with a System Administrator account (that is, an account with a [System role](#) of Administrator).
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Settings** , and the **Settings** menu will be displayed (Figure 1).

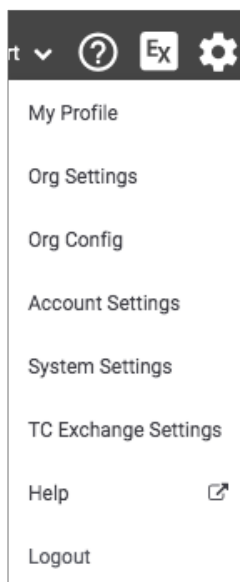


Figure 1

3. Select **System Settings**. The **System Settings** screen will be displayed with the **Settings** tab selected (Figure 2).

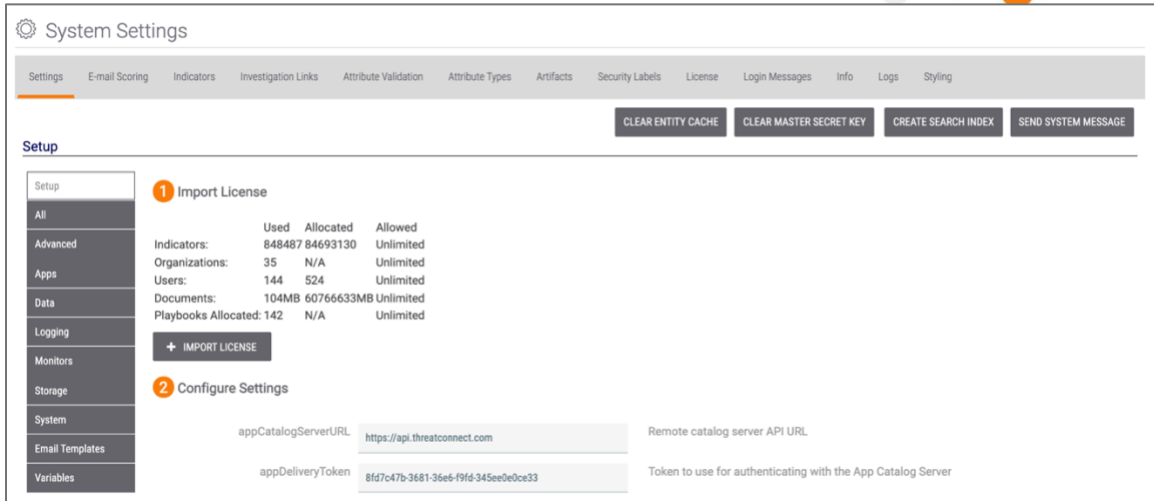


Figure 2

Table 1 provides an overview of the **Settings** menu options. For more information on tasks performed in the **Account Settings** and **Org Settings** screens, refer to the *ThreatConnect Account Administration User Guide* and *ThreatConnect Organization Administration User Guide*, respectively.


Table 1

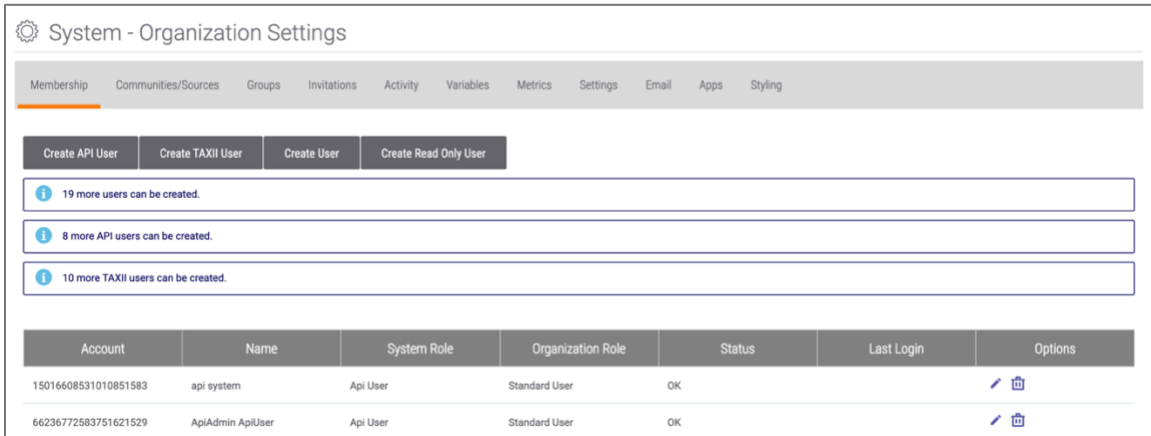
Settings Menu Option	Description
My Profile	Select this option to configure basic user settings for this account, including password changes.
Org Settings	Select this option to create and configure other user accounts within the Organization. Typically, these are other System Administrator accounts.
Org Config	Select this option to modify Attributes, Indicator Exclusion Lists, Security Labels, and Deprecation for a given Organization.
Account Settings	Select this option to create, configure, and manage all Organizations and accounts within an On Premises Instance.
System Settings	Select this option to configure systemwide properties for an On Premises Instance.
TC Exchange™ Settings	Select this option to view loaded apps, to install apps, and to configure System Jobs, among other features.
Help	Select this option to access the <a href="#">ThreatConnect Knowledge Base</a> in a new window.
Logout	Use this option to log out of ThreatConnect.



## User Accounts

### Create User Accounts

1. Log in with a System Administrator account.
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Settings** , and the **Settings** menu will be displayed (Figure 1).
3. Select **Org Settings**, and the **Organization Settings** screen will be displayed (Figure 3).







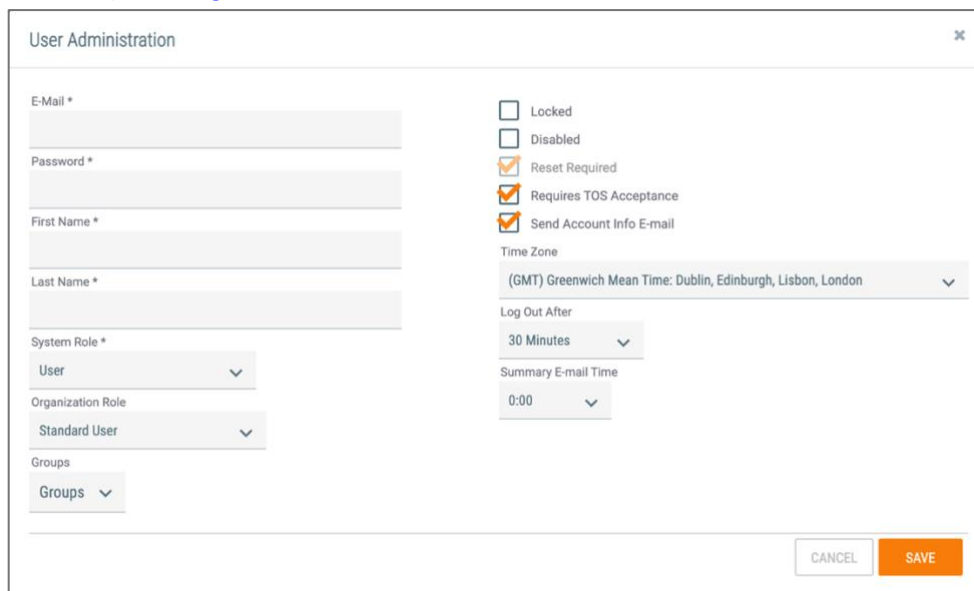
Account	Name	System Role	Organization Role	Status	Last Login	Options
15016608531010851583	api system	Api User	Standard User	OK		 
66236772583751621529	ApiAdmin ApiUser	Api User	Standard User	OK		 

Figure 3

4. Click the **Create User** button, and the **User Administration** window will be displayed (Figure 4).  
**NOTE: Above the Account table, the Organization Settings screen displays how many more users can be added by the Organization account.**



User Administration

E-Mail \*

Password \*

First Name \*

Last Name \*

System Role \*

User

Organization Role

Standard User

Groups

Groups

Locked

Disabled

Reset Required

Requires TOS Acceptance

Send Account Info E-mail

Time Zone

(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London

Log Out After

30 Minutes

Summary E-mail Time

0:00

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 4



- **E-Mail:** Enter an email address that will also be the name of the user account.
- **Password:** Enter the initial user password, which is subject to the ThreatConnect password policy defined within the system settings.
- **First Name:** Enter the user's first name, which, along with the last name, is what other user accounts see when the user posts within the Organization or in a full-profile Community.
- **Last Name:** Enter the user's last name, which, along with the first name, is what other user accounts see when the user posts within the Organization or in a full-profile Community.
- **System Role:** Select one of the following [System roles](#): **Read Only User, Community Leader, Accounts Administrator, User, Operations Administrator, or Administrator.**
- **Organization Role:** Select one of the following [Organization roles](#): **Organization Administrator, Read Only User, App Developer, Standard User, Sharing User, or Read Only Commenter.**
- **Groups:** Select a user group to which to add the user, if desired.
- **Locked:** Select the checkbox to lock a user account, or clear the checkbox to unlock a user account that has been locked by ThreatConnect.
- **Disabled:** Select the checkbox to disable a user account, which is typically done when a user no longer requires ThreatConnect access and the Administrator wishes to retain log integrity.
- **Reset Required:** Select the checkbox to force a user to change the account password upon next login. This checkbox is selected by default upon account creation, and it is cleared once the password has been changed.

**NOTE: When initially creating the account, the Reset Required checkbox cannot be cleared. To clear this checkbox, first create the account, edit it, and then clear the checkbox, which enforces tighter security.**

- **Requires TOS Acceptance:** Select the checkbox to reset the "terms of service" flag, so the user is presented with the terms of service again.

**NOTE: This setting must be set to true in the System Settings screen for the checkbox to be displayed in this window.**

- **Send Account Info E-mail:** Select the checkbox to send an email with the account information to the specified email address.
- **Time Zone:** Select the appropriate time zone.
- **Log Out After:** Select a time interval upon which a user will be logged out after a corresponding period of inactivity.
- **Summary E-mail Time:** Select the time at which a user account will receive daily summary emails of followed items or other notifications from ThreatConnect.


5. Click the **SAVE** button to create the user account.

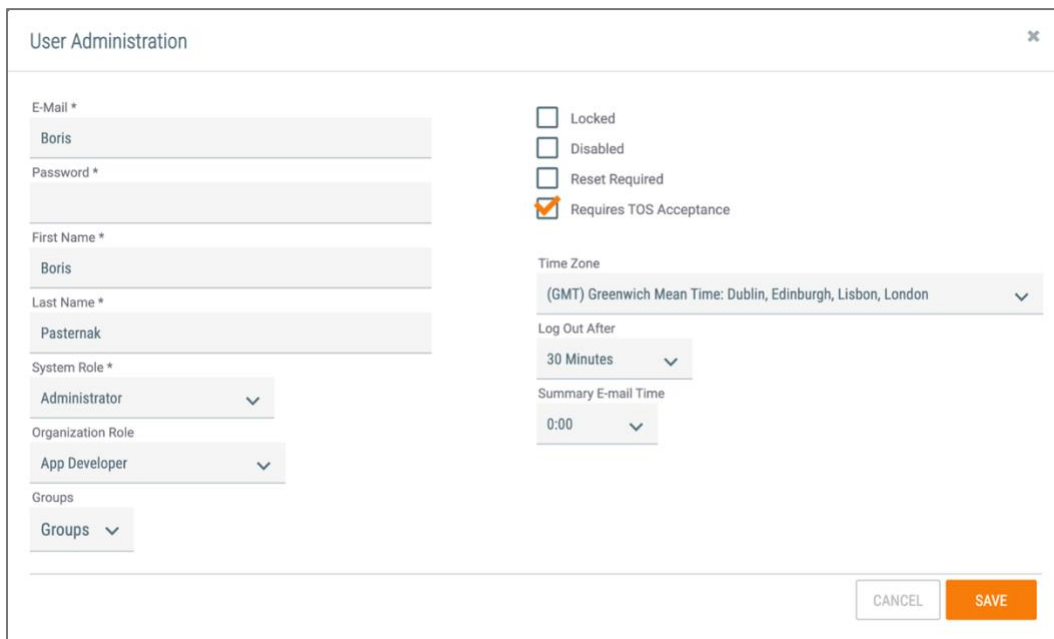


To create Read Only User accounts (including Read Only Commenters), follow the preceding steps, but click the **Create Read Only User** button in Step 4. Note that only **Read Only User** and **Read Only Commenter** are available in the **Organization Role** menu. Users of these types that join a Community or Source will have read-only permissions in that owner as well.

**NOTE: Read Only User accounts do not count against Organization's user license limits as long as they have a System role of Read Only User. Creating Read Only Users requires a license that allows Read Only Users.**

## Modify User Accounts

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Create User Accounts” section.
2. Click **Edit**  to the right of an entry in the table. The **User Administration** screen will be displayed (Figure 5).



The screenshot shows a 'User Administration' form with the following fields and options:

- E-Mail \*: Boris
- Password \*
- First Name \*: Boris
- Last Name \*: Pasternak
- System Role \*: Administrator
- Organization Role: App Developer
- Groups: Groups
- Locked:
- Disabled:
- Reset Required:
- Requires TOS Acceptance:
- Time Zone: (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
- Log Out After: 30 Minutes
- Summary E-mail Time: 0:00
- CANCEL and SAVE buttons

Figure 5

3. Make any desired changes to the account, and click the **SAVE** button.

## Edit User Profiles

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Create User Accounts” section.
2. Click an account’s User Name in the **Account** column. The **User Profile** screen will be displayed (Figure 6).



**User Profile**

Overview | Follow Settings | Variables | Spaces | Activity | Authenticator

User Name: Boris

First Name: Boris

Last Name: Pasternak

Pseudonym \*: BP1

Organization Role: App Developer

System Role: Administrator

Job Function: Threat Intelligence

Organizational Position: Director/Manager

Time Zone: (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London

Summary E-mail Time: 0:00

Log Out Interval: 30 Minutes

- Receive Post Reply Notification Emails
- Follow Organization Posts
- Locked
- Disabled
- Reset Required
- Requires TOS Acceptance
- Allow Pseudonym Change
- Dark Mode

\*This user has never accepted Terms of Service

CHANGE PASSWORD | **SAVE**

**Figure 6**

3. Make any desired changes to the account, and click the **SAVE** button.



## System Settings

### View and Modify System Settings

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click **All** in the menu on the left side of the screen to view a list of settings grouped by category.
3. Make any desired changes to the settings, which will be saved automatically.

### Setting Descriptions

Each system setting or group of settings is defined as follows:

#### **advancedJobScheduleEnabled**

This setting enables access to advanced job scheduling.

#### **alertExpirationEnabled**

This setting turns on or off the System Alert Expiration Monitor, which, when enabled, deletes system alerts after a period configured in the **alertExpirationInterval** setting. System alerts include alerts for sending notifications to users based on the [Follow](#) feature.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

#### **alertExpirationInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in hours, at which the alert-expiration purge runs if the Alert Expiration Monitor is enabled.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

#### **alertRetentionTime**

This setting determines the number of days to keep alerts with no associated records before deleting them.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

#### **allowUIErrorCollection**

This setting determines whether UI error logs are sent to ThreatConnect.

#### **allowOrganizationPublish**

This setting determines whether an Organizations can create intelligence packages via [the Publish feature](#) (typically limited to Communities and Sources).

#### **appBuilderFileLimitMb**

This setting specifies the maximum file size (in MB) for storing a single file in an app development project.



### appCatalogServer

This setting allows the server to act as an App Catalog Server.

### appCatalogServerURL

This setting corresponds to the remote Catalog Server API URL.

### appDeliveryToken

This setting signifies the token that is used to authenticate with the App Catalog Server.

### appExecutionDBDaysToKeep

This setting determines the number of days to keep data in the job-execution table.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### appMessageBrokerHost

This setting signifies the messaging broker host and port.

### appSharedPlaybookExpirationDays

This setting specifies the number of days before a shared Playbook expires.

### appSharingServer

This setting allows the server to act as an App Sharing Server.

**NOTE: To configure additional Sharing Servers or to convert the primary ThreatConnect instance to a Sharing Server, this setting must be enabled.**

### appSharingServerURLs

This setting corresponds to the App Sharing Server API URL.

### appsApiTokenKeepAliveOffsetSeconds

This setting determines the number of seconds to keep an app's API token alive by adding to the user logout interval.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### appsApiTokenKey

This setting is the app's API token signing key.

### appsApiUrl

This setting should point to the URL for the API at port 8443.  
(e.g., <https://api.threatconnect.com:8443>).

**NOTE: To solve a routing issue, modify the `/etc/hosts` files to allow loopback to resolve to the host in the URL (e.g., `127.0.0.1localhostapi.threatconnect.com`).**



### **appsJavaHome**

This setting holds the path to the Java binary.

### **appsJobMonitorEnabled**

This setting is not currently in use.

### **appsJobNotifyLogFileSizeLimit**

This setting is the maximum file size (in MB) of each log file that is attached to the email notifying a user that a job has finished executing.

### **appsPythonHome**

This setting holds the path to the Python<sup>®</sup> binary.

### **appsRuntimeKillMinutes**

This setting indicates the number of minutes that an app will run before being killed automatically.

### **appsRuntimeThresholdEmail**

This setting represents the email used for when an app reaches the threshold minutes limit.

### **appsRuntimeThresholdMinutes**

This setting indicates the number of minutes an app will run before the threshold email is sent (if set).

### **appsSandboxUser**

This setting represents the user account used to execute jobs. It is used only in Linux<sup>®</sup> installs.

### **appsSessionDaysToKeep**

This setting indicates the number of days that logs will be kept in the jobs log directory: `%threatconnect%/exchange/jobs`. It is set to 5 in the Cloud.

### **appsUploadLimitMb**

This setting is the app's catalog file size limit (in MB).

### **batchApiEnabled**

This setting indicates whether batch Indicator upload is enabled.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **batchExpireFileDays**

This setting indicates the number of days to retain batch job error files.

### **batchFileUploadLimit**

This setting indicates the batch file size upload limit (in MB).



### **bulkIndicatorEnabled**

This setting turns on the Bulk Indicator Export Service for Communities and Sources.

**NOTE: Document storage is a prerequisite for enabling this service.**

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **bulkIndicatorOnDemandEnabled**

This setting determines whether Indicator bulk downloads may be run on demand.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **bulkIndicatorTempLocation**

This setting tells the system where it will have temporary disk space to build and compile the Bulk Indicator list.

Acceptable Values: A file path to which the system has read/write/edit permissions

### **bulkReportBatchSize**

This setting represents the maximum number of results to process at a time during bulk report creation.

### **CALEnabled**

This setting enables ThreatConnect's Collective Analytics Layer (CAL™), a feature that constantly monitors a user's interaction with the platform's native Indicators. The four CAL settings must be turned on to enable this feature.

### **CALHost**

This setting identifies the hostname or IP address of the Collective Analysis Layer server.

### **CALMonitorEnabled**

This setting enables the Collective Analysis Layer integration monitor.

### **caseResolutionList**

**[Containment Achieved, Deferred/Delayed, Escalated, False Positive, In Progress/Investigating, Not Specified, Rejected. Restoration Achieved]**

This setting displays a comma-separated list of possible Case Resolution values.

### **componentForkPoolSize**

This setting specifies the number of concurrent Component threads allowed per Playbook Worker.



## **defaultDashboard**

This setting indicates the name of the default dashboard layout to use for all new Organizations, users, etc.

## **defaultUserTheme**

This setting indicates the default theme for new users.

## **diskSpaceMonitorInterval**

This setting indicates the system interval the disk space monitor runs (in minutes).

## **diskSpaceMonitorThresholdFactor**

This setting indicates the percentage of disk used when the monitor takes action.

## **diskSpaceMonitorInodeFactor**

This setting indicates the percentage of inodes used when the monitor takes action.

## **diskSpaceMonitorAlertFactor**

This setting indicates the percentage of disks used when the monitor sends an email notification.

## **diskSpaceMonitorAlertEmail**

This setting indicates the e-mail addresses or alias to receive alert notifications (comma separated).

## **diskSpaceMonitorInodeHoursToKeep**

This setting indicates the number of hours retained for session logs when the inodes threshold factor is reached.

## **diskSpaceMonitorIntodeFileSystem**

This setting indicates the filesystem where inodes are checked.

## **diskSpaceMonitorDaysToKeepDeleteFactor**

This setting indicates the percentage reduced for existing days to keep settings.

## **dnsBounceDailyLimit**

This setting determines the maximum number of DNS daily changes before Bounce Protection is activated, if DNS Bounce Protection is enabled (under the **dnsBounceProtectionEnabled** setting).

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

## **dnsBounceProtectionEnabled**

This setting turns the System DNS Bounce Protection on or off. DNS Bounce Protection monitors Host Indicators, with DNS monitoring turned on for excessive DNS fluxing. If a Host



Indicator changes its DNS enough times to meet the maximum value specified in the **dnsBounceDailyLimit** setting, then its DNS monitoring will be turned off.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **dnsEnabled**

This setting turns the System DNS monitor on or off, as well as supports DNS tracking. The DNS monitor sends periodic DNS requests for Host Indicators, with DNS monitoring turned on, and logs responses as DNS Resolutions. The period of DNS requests is determined by the **dnsRefreshInterval** setting.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **dnsRefreshInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in minutes, at which Host Indicator DNS resolutions are performed.

Acceptable Values: This setting is set within the **On Premises Instance** license; it is not configurable.

### **dnsServerList**

This setting determines the DNS servers that the DNS monitor requires for resolution.

Acceptable Values: Comma-separated IPv4 addresses

### **documentAwsAccessID**

This setting determines the access ID required by Amazon Web Services® (AWS), if using AWS for document storage.

Acceptable Values: Valid AWS access ID (e.g., ACLBMQG9NSOILNSOIH8D)

### **documentAwsBucketName**

This setting determines the globally unique bucket name for S3 document storage.

Acceptable Values: Valid AWS bucket name (e.g., **example-bucket-ace39bf-23d0a9e**)

### **documentAwsKMScmkId**

This setting is the AWS KMS-Managed Customer Master Key (enables client and server-side encryption).

### **documentAwsRegion**

This setting determines the AWS Region for document storage.

Acceptable Values: A valid AWS Region: [ **AP\_NORTHEAST\_1**, **AP\_SOUTHEAST\_1**, **AP\_SOUTHEAST\_2**, **CN\_NORTH\_1**, **EU\_CENTRAL\_1**, **EU\_WEST\_1**, **GovCloud**, **SA\_EAST\_1**, **US\_EAST\_1**, **US\_WEST\_1**, **US\_WEST\_2**].



### documentAwsSecretKey

This setting determines the Secret Key used to authenticate to AWS for document storage.

Acceptable Values: Valid AWS Access ID

### documentStorageFileLimit

This setting determines the maximum size, in megabytes, of a single upload document if document storage is enabled.

Acceptable Values: Whole integers (e.g., 30 for 30 megabytes)

### documentStorageLocalPath

This setting determines the location on the local server to store documents, if document storage is enabled and set to the **local** setting (rather than using AWS).

Acceptable Values: Valid path on the ThreatConnect server with appropriate permissions



**WARNING: DO NOT** set this value to “/tmp”. A location like “\$TC\_HOME/docstorage” is recommended.

**NOTE: This setting needs to reside on a highly available storage system such as a SAN/RAID-backed filesystem.**

### documentStorageType

This setting determines whether document storage is enabled, and, if so, the type of storage to use (i.e., local or AWS).

Acceptable Values: [NONE, AWS, LOCAL]

### elasticSearchCluster

This setting specifies the Elasticsearch cluster name. It must match the one specified in `elasticsearch.yml`.

### elasticSearchEnabled

This setting determines whether the Elasticsearch<sup>®</sup> service is enabled.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

**NOTE: This setting must be set to true to enable ThreatConnect to use the DataStore. See the “DataStore” section of [The Playbook Designer](#) for more information.**

### elasticSearchUri

This setting determines the URL for the Elasticsearch server.

Acceptable Values: A valid URL and port specification (e.g., <http://localhost:9200>)



**NOTE:** This setting must be defined to enable ThreatConnect to use the DataStore. See the [“DataStore” section of The Playbook Designer](#) for more information.

### **emailEnabled**

This setting determines whether the System will send notifications, invites, and other emails.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **emailScoreEvil**

This setting determines the breakpoint for an “Evil” email when submitted for header analysis. Any value below this limit, but above the **emailScoreSuspicious** value, will be rated as “Evil.”

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers greater than the value set for **emailScoreSuspicious**

### **emailScoreSafe**

This setting determines the breakpoint for a “Safe” email when submitted for header analysis. Any value below this limit will be rated as “Safe.”

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### **emailScoreSuspicious**

This setting determines the breakpoint for a “Suspicious” email when submitted for header analysis. Any value below this limit, but above the **emailScoreSafe** value, will be rated as “Suspicious.”

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers greater than the value set for **emailScoreSafe**

### **emailScoreVeryEvil**

This setting determines the breakpoint for a “Very Evil” email when submitted for header analysis. Any value below this limit, but above the **emailScoreEvil** value, will be rated as “Very Evil.”

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers greater than the value set for **emailScoreEvil**

### **esBackupHour**

This setting indicates the hour of the day when the Elasticsearch backup should be run.

### **escapeExternalLinks**

This setting prevents external links from being rendered in the notification message center.

### **exclusionListMaxItems**

This setting indicates the maximum number of items contained in any single Indicator exclusion list.



### highPriorityNotificationLimit

This setting specifies the number of days that high-priority notifications are retained before being automatically deleted.

### importLimitIndicator

This setting determines the maximum number of Indicators that can be imported at one time. Depending on browser and system-timeout settings, making the limit too high may result in failed import attempts.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### importLimitIndicatorFileSize

This setting determines the maximum file size, in kilobytes, that can be uploaded per Indicator import. Depending on browser and system-timeout settings, making the limit too high may result in failed import attempts.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### importSignatureAllowedMediaTypes

This setting determines the File Media Types allowed for Signature files during the Signature upload. Typical File Media Types include XML and plain text.

Acceptable Values: Java-compatible regular expression

### importSignatureFileSize

This setting determines the maximum file-size limit, in kilobytes, for a Signature file during the Signature upload. Depending on browser- and system-timeout settings, making the limit too high may result in failed import attempts.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### importSignatureTypes

This setting specifies the Signature file types allowed in the Signature upload.

### inAppInteractionEnabled

Setting this value to **true** enables in-app tours, guides, and surveys provided by ThreatConnect, for the user's benefit, through a third-party analytics service.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)



**WARNING:** By activating this feature, the customer is consenting to ThreatConnect's collection and use of the customer's user-activity data and information to improve the product and user experience.

### indicatorDeleteInterval

This setting specifies the interval, in hours, at which deleted Indicator transactions are deleted.



### indicatorDeleteRetentionTime

This setting specifies the number of days to retain Indicator delete history.

### indicatorExportLimit

This setting determines the maximum number of Indicators that a user can export at one time.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

**NOTE: The default value of 5000 is the maximum recommended value. Using a value that is significantly higher may result in system instability when larger exports are run.**

### ipGeoBrokerURL

This setting determines the URL to which the IP GeoLocation Service will send queries. Changing this value may result in the IP GeoLocation Service not being able to retrieve location and other amplifying data for Address Indicators.

Acceptable Values: Text value (the full URL of the IP GeoLocation Service)

### ipGeoDbRefreshInterval

This setting specifies the system interval, in days, at which to check for a new IP Geo data file.

### ipGeoMonitorInterval

This setting determines the system interval, in minutes, at which the IP GeoLocation Service searches for new IP addresses to check for geographic data. Newly imported Address Indicators may not show IP GeoLocation information until the IP GeoLocation Service performs another query.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### jobLoggingResetInterval

This setting specifies the interval to reset job logging back to **INFO**.

### keychainEnabled

If this setting is enabled, the user is forced to generate a master key to encrypt the secret keys used in jobs. If the keys are persisted, it will encrypt the master key and store it in the database. If persist is not selected, the user is forced to enter the master key while logged in as an Admin for each restart.

### loggingLevel

This setting determines the lowest level of logging that will be logged.

Acceptable Values: One of (**TRACE, DEBUG, INFO, WARN, ERROR, FATAL**)

Refer to <https://docs.jboss.org/process-guide/en/html/logging.html> for more information.

### loggingLocation

This setting determines the name and location of the log file for this deployment.



Acceptable Values: Full-system path and file name/extension

### **loggingMaxBackupIndex**

This setting determines the maximum number of logging files that will remain in the logging directory.

Acceptable Values: Positive integer

### **loggingMaxFileSize**

This setting determines the maximum size, in bytes, of a single logging file.

Acceptable Values: Positive integer

### **loggingPattern**

This setting determines the log4j pattern for what will be logged.

Acceptable Values: Valid log4j pattern (e.g., **Systemd{yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss,SSS} System5p [Systemt] (SystemF:SystemL) - SystemmSystemn**)

### **loggingSyslogHost**

This setting determines the syslog host.

Acceptable Values: A host and port combination (e.g., **localhost:514**)

### **logToElasticSearch**

This setting turns on logging to Elasticsearch.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **logToFile**

This setting turns on application-level logging to system setting **loggingLocation**.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **logToSyslog**

This setting turns on application-level logging to a syslog server.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **logTraceforClass**

This setting turns on TRACE logging for a list of comma-separated fully qualified class names.

### **lowPriorityNotificationLimit**

This setting specifies the number of days that low-priority notifications are retained before being automatically deleted.

### **mailInboundDomain**

This setting indicates the appropriate specified domain to be used for inbound email inboxes.



Acceptable Values: A valid host that has a DNS MX record configured for it, typically pointing to ThreatConnect (e.g., `tcsoar.mydomain.com`).

### **mailInboundEnabled**

This setting enables the email-ingestion capability.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **mailInboundEnableTLS**

This setting determines whether TLS is enabled on inbound mail. If the Enabled box is selected, inbound emails that come from SMTP and SMTPS connections will be allowed.

### **mailInboundKeyStore**

This setting indicates the path to the Java Keystore.

### **mailInboundKeyStorePassword**

This setting specifies the password for the Java Keystore.

### **mailInboundPort**

This setting specifies the port used by the ThreatConnect mail server.

Acceptable Values: A valid port (e.g., 2500)

### **mailInboundRequireTLS**

This setting specifies whether TLS is required on inbound mail. If the Enabled box is checked, only inbound emails that come from SMTPS connections will be allowed.

### **managementAPISubscriberIntervalSeconds**

This setting specifies the minimum interval for triggering alerts.

### **managementApiSubscriberMaxHourlyAlerts**

This setting specifies the maximum number of alerts that can be triggered in one hour.

### **maxDailyNotificationsPerPlaybook**

This setting specifies the maximum number of email failure notifications that can be sent daily for a Playbook.

### **mediumPriorityNotificationLimit**

This setting specifies the number of days that medium-priority notifications are retained before being automatically deleted.

### **organizationStatusMonitorEnabled**

This setting turns on the Organization Status Monitor.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)



### **organizationStatusMonitorinterval**

This setting determines the interval, in minutes, at which the system checks for and handles expired Organizations.

### **passwordFailureLockCount**

This setting determines the number of failed login attempts after which a user account is locked.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number

### **passwordLower**

This setting determines the number of lowercase letters required for a password.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number or zero

### **passwordMinimum**

This setting determines the minimum number of characters required for a password.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number or zero

### **passwordNumber**

This setting determines the number of numerical characters required for a password.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number or zero

### **passwordSpecial**

This setting determines the number of special characters required for a password.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number or zero

### **passwordUpper**

This setting determines the number of uppercase characters required for a password.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number or zero

### **playbookExecutorAotDepth**

This setting specifies the number of levels to AOT launch in Playbook execution.

### **playbookExecutorAotPoolSize**

This setting specifies the process cache size for AOT launched apps.

### **playbookExecutionDBDaysToKeep**

This setting specifies the number of days to keep data in the Playbook execution table.

### **playbookFailedInteractiveSessionCount**

This setting specifies the number of **Interactive Mode** sessions to keep for a Playbook.



### [playbookForkPoolSize](#)

This setting specifies the number of concurrent threads allowed per Playbook Worker.

### [playbookVersionArchiveLimit](#)

This setting specifies the number of archived Playbook versions that are allowed.

### [playbookWebHookPathByOrg](#)

This setting determines if WebHook URLs are isolated per Organization.

### [playbooksCompletedSessionDaysToKeep](#)

This setting determines the number of days for which to keep session data for Playbook executions.

### [playbooksDbHost](#)

This setting specifies the Playbooks Redis DB host.

### [playbooksDbPort](#)

This setting specifies the Playbooks Redis DB port.

### [playbooksDefaultRoiDollarsPerHour](#)

This setting specifies the default Playbooks return on investment (ROI) dollars per hour.

### [playbooksDefaultRoiMinutes](#)

This setting specifies the default Playbooks ROI minutes.

### [playbooksDisplayFailureNotifications](#)

This setting determines if email notifications are enabled for failed Playbooks.

### [playbooksEnabled](#)

This setting enables Playbooks when set to **true**.

***NOTE: A System Administrator can run Playbooks in Cloud for an Organization that cannot activate this feature. Furthermore, a System Administrator can see any Playbook (using direct link).***

### [playbooksEndpointLimitMb](#)

This setting specifies the maximum number of megabytes allowed for a Playbook endpoint.

### [playbooksLoggingLevel](#)

This setting determines the lowest level of playbooks logging that will be logged (**TRACE**, **DEBUG**, **INFO**, **WARN**, **ERROR**, or **FATAL**).

### [playbooksLoggingLocation](#)

This setting specifies the name and location of the Playbooks log file for this deployment.



### **playbooksLoggingMaxBackupIndex**

This setting determines the maximum Playbooks logging files that will remain in the logging directory.

### **playbooksLoggingMaxFileSize**

This setting specifies the maximum size of a Playbooks logging file, in bytes.

### **playbooksLogToFile**

This setting turns on or off Playbooks logging to file.

### **playbooksMaxDailyExecutions**

This setting specifies the number of Playbook executions allowed in a single day.

### **playbooksMaxLoopLimit**

This setting specifies the maximum number of iterations allowed in a Playbook loop.

### **privateIndicatorsEnabled**

This setting, when set to **true**, allows CAL data retrieval to be disabled for individual Indicators.

### **proxyHost**

This setting determines the appropriate proxy host if a proxy server is required.

Acceptable Values: Valid IP address or host name for a proxy accessible by the ThreatConnect instance

### **proxyPassword**

This setting determines the password required for authenticating with the proxy.

Acceptable Values: Blank or valid proxy password

### **proxyPort**

This setting determines the proxy port to use if a proxy server is required.

Acceptable Values: Valid port number

### **proxyRequired**

This setting determines whether an HTTP proxy is required for HTTP data services. If **proxyUsername** and **proxyPassword** both have values, ThreatConnect will use them to authenticate to the proxy server.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **proxyUsername**

This setting determines the username required for authenticating with the proxy.

Acceptable Values: Blank or valid proxy username





### **reverseWhoisBrokerURL**

This setting determines the URL to which the Reverse WHOIS Track service sends queries. Changing this value may result in the Reverse WHOIS service not being able to retrieve results for Reverse WHOIS Track queries and monitoring.

Acceptable Values: Text value (the full URL of the Reverse WHOIS service)

### **reverseWhoisEnabled**

This setting determines whether the Reverse WHOIS Monitor, and support for Reverse WHOIS Tracks, is turned on or off. The Reverse WHOIS Monitor checks for results when users run a Reverse WHOIS Track and, periodically, for new results from existing Tracks.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **reverseWhoisInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in hours, at which Reverse WHOIS alerts are checked.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number

### **reverseWhoisMonitorConcurrency**

This setting determines the number of concurrent Reverse WHOIS Monitors to run.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number, typically 1

### **reverseWhoisTimerStart**

This setting determines the time of day at which to start Reverse WHOIS queries for the previous day. The time is configured as Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) in Cloud versions of ThreatConnect. The default time zone is set by the operating system, so the time zone may vary.

Acceptable Values: 0-24

### **secureProxyBlacklist**

This setting is a comma-separated list of domains or IP addresses that are blocked by the Spaces Secure Proxy. This is a security feature to prevent unauthorized access to application resources.

### **secureSystemUrl**

This setting determines the URL used to create linked content. For example, a System Indicator will have the following URL if this setting's value is **https://app.threatconnect.com**:

**https://app.threatconnect.com/tc/auth/indicators/details/address.xhtml?address=1.2.3.4.**

Acceptable Values: Text (should be the desired System's URL)

### **sourceFeedMonitorEnabled**

This setting enables the Source Feed Monitor, which searches for updates to pre-configured source feeds.



Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **sourceFeedMonitorInterval**

This setting specifies the frequency, in minutes, on which the Source Feed Monitor runs.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### **summaryEmailRefreshInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in minutes, at which the system sends out a summary-notification email. Summary notifications are configured in the user settings for each user.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### **synchronousBatchSaveLimit**

This setting determines the kilobyte limit for processing batch save requests synchronously.

### **systemDisplayName**

This setting determines the display name for the system, as used in system emails. Its value should be the desired system name as seen in notifications, invites, and other system-generated emails.

Acceptable Values: Text

### **systemEmailAddressAccount**

This setting determines the email address used by the system when sending account information.

Acceptable Values: Text (should be a valid email address)

### **systemEmailAddressNotification**

This setting determines the email address used by the system when sending notifications.

Acceptable Values: Text (should be a valid email address)

### **systemSubjectName**

This setting determines the first string in the subject field of system-generated emails.

Acceptable Values: Text

### **systemUrl**

This setting determines the system URL used in system emails and graphics within HTML-formatted emails. This setting, by default, will point to the **Cloud Instance** of ThreatConnect.

Acceptable Values: Text (should be a valid URL)



### **taskEmailMonitorEnabled**

This setting determines whether the system creates emails for monitored tasks (escalation, overdue, etc.).

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **taskEmailMonitorInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in minutes, at which the task email monitor looks for tasks to escalate or flag as overdue.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### **taxiiExchangeMonitorEnabled**

This setting turns the Trusted Automated eXchange of Indicator Information (TAXII™) Exchange-related maintenance task on or off.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **taxiiExchangeMonitorInterval**

This setting is the system interval, in minutes, at which TAXII Exchange is done.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### **taxiiPollServiceIndicatorExportLimit**

This setting indicates the limit of Indicators the TAXII Server can provide for each request. Subsequent Indicators can be pulled via multi-part poll exchange.

### **taxiiPollServiceMaxDataRange**

This setting indicates the maximum time frame for which data may be pulled via the TAXII Service.

### **tempPasswordDuration**

This setting determines the duration, in minutes, for which a temporary password is valid.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number

### **termsOfServiceRequireNewUserToAccept**

This setting requires that new users accept the existing Terms of Service.

### **threatAssessIntervalCount**

This setting determines the number of Indicators to process per monitor cycle.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

### **threatAssessMonitorEnabled**

This setting turns the Threat Assessment maintenance task on or off.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)



### **threatAssessMonitorInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in minutes, at which Threat Assessment is performed.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number

### **threatAssessRefreshInterval**

This setting determines the system interval, in days, at which a Threat Assessment for a given Indicator is updated.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number

### **threatDeprecationMonitorEnabled**

This setting turns the Threat Deprecation maintenance task on or off.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)

### **threatDeprecationMonitorInterval**

This setting determines the interval, in minutes, at which Threat Deprecation is performed.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole number

### **v3ApiCreateLimit**

This setting specifies the maximum number of items that can be created at a time using the V3 API.

### **v3ApiBulkDeleteAllowed**

When enabled, this setting determines whether bulk delete operations are available using the V3 API.

### **v3ApiReadLimit**

This setting specifies the maximum number of items that can be read at a time using the V3 API.

### **whoisBrokerURL**

This setting determines the URL of the WHOIS Monitor service. Changing this value may result in the WHOIS service not being able to retrieve WHOIS records for Host Indicators.

Acceptable Values: Text (should be the full URL of the WHOIS service)

### **whoisEnabled**

This setting determines whether the System WHOIS Monitor service (and support for WHOIS functions) is turned on or off. The WHOIS Monitor service queries a third party for domain WHOIS information for Host Indicators with WHOIS tracking enabled.

Acceptable Values: Boolean (true, false)



## whoisMonitorInterval

This setting determines the system interval, in minutes, at which the WHOIS Monitor searches for new Host Indicators for which to check WHOIS.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

## whoisRefreshInterval

This setting determines the system interval, in days, at which WHOIS lookups are performed.

Acceptable Values: Positive whole numbers

## xpackAdminPassword

This setting specifies the X-Pack admin password.

## xpackAdminUsername

This setting specifies the X-Pack admin username.

## xpackSecurityEnabled

This setting turns on or off X-Pack security for Elasticsearch on system.

## Email Templates

Emails that are sent by the platform can be customized using the corresponding template. A list of Email Templates is located in System Settings.

**NOTE: ThreatConnect uses FreeMarker™ as the parser for email templates.**

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click **Email Templates** in the menu on the left side of the screen. The **Email Templates** screen will be displayed (Figure 7).

Setup	Name	Options
All		
Advanced	Disk Space Alert Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Apps	Invite to Community Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Data	Invite to Source Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Logging	Job Result Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Monitors	Notification Immediate Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Storage	Notification Summary Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
System	Password Reset Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Email Templates	Playbooks Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>
Variables	Post Reply Email	<a href="#">/</a> <a href="#">✉</a>

Figure 7



3. Select an email template from the list and click **Edit** . A window will be displayed with the name of the email template (**Invite to Community Email** this example) (Figure 8).

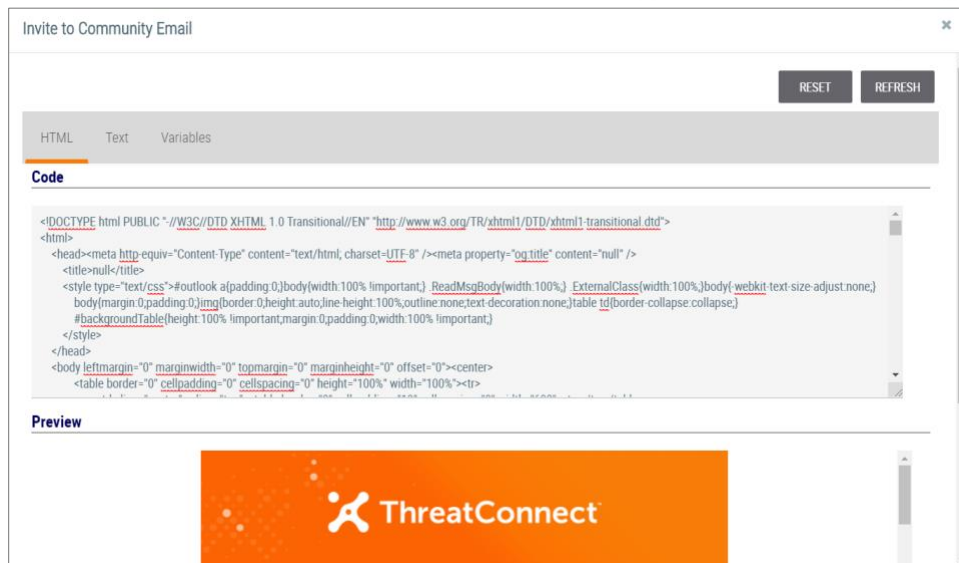



Figure 8

4. Click the **HTML** or the **Text** tab for HTML- or text-supported emails, respectively, and enter the desired changes into the **Code** window.
5. Click the **Variables** tab to see a list of predefined variables. These variables are not configurable, but the **image1-4** options allow a user to upload images that can be inserted into the email.
6. Return to the **HTML** or **Text** screen and click the **REFRESH** button. The modified email template will be displayed in the **Preview** or **Text Preview** window.
7. If satisfied with the changes, click the **SAVE** button. Otherwise, click the **RESET** button and the original text will be displayed.
8. To receive a system-generated email for review, click **Test Email**  next to any of the available Email Templates. The **Send Test Email** window will be displayed.
9. Enter a destination email address, and click the **SEND** button.

## Variables

Variables can be preconfigured and used to populate certain fields, such as the **ThreatConnect API Access ID** or **Secret Key**.

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Variables** button in the menu located on the left side of the screen. The **Variables** screen will be displayed (Figure 9).

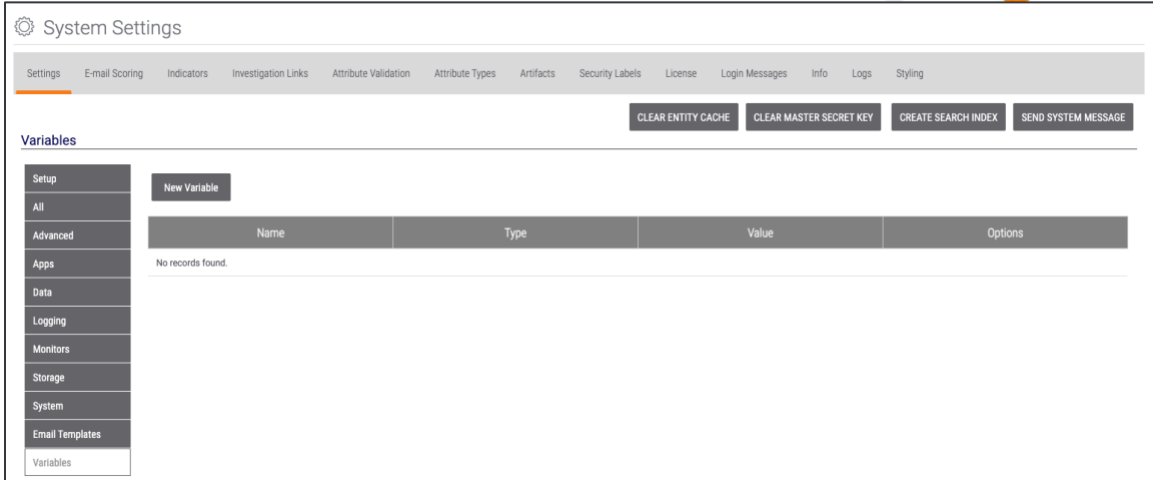


Figure 9

3. Click the **New Variable** button. The **Property** window will be displayed (Figure 10).

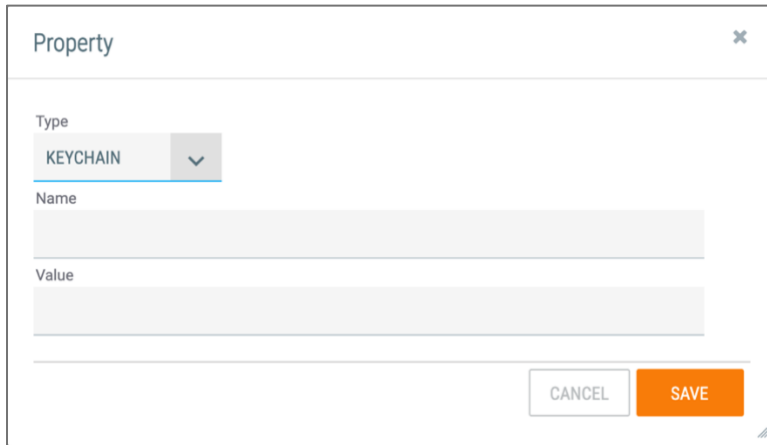


Figure 10

- **Type:** Select the variable's type. Available options include **KEYCHAIN**, **TEXT**, and **FILE**.
- **Name:** Enter a name for the variable.
- **Value:** Enter a value for the variable.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the new variable.



## Email-Scoring Rules

From the **System Settings** screen, an Administrator can click on the **E-mail Scoring** tab to view, create, and edit System-wide rules for scoring email headers when imported into ThreatConnect.

### How the Scoring Engine Works

All email-scoring rules use Java<sup>®</sup>-compatible regular expressions for pattern matching on an email header. There are two basic types of rules used by the email-scoring engine: those that match on an Indicator (e.g., host, IP address, or email address) within the email header, and those that match on a non-Indicator pattern within the email header (e.g., X-Mailer or Sender Policy Framework (SPF) value). Several rules have been pre-populated into the **On Premises Instances**, but the user may modify or add to these default rule sets.

All scoring rules require a Header Name Field with a specified range for finding the pattern within the email header. For example, to find an email sent by the **FastMail 1.6 [cn]** mail tool, search for the text string **FastMail 1.6 [cn]** in the X-Mailer field of the header. To define this rule in the **Email Header Scoring Engine**, set a regex to define the Header Field Name as `\bX-Mailer\b` and the Header Field Value as `FastMail 1\.6 \[cn\]`.

For rules that match on Indicators, the score given to an email header based on a match is calculated from the Indicator's Threat Rating (i.e., the number of skulls it is assigned). For rules that do not match on an Indicator, the score must be given a value.

### Create an Email-Scoring Rule

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **E-mail Scoring** tab. The **E-mail Scoring** screen will be displayed (Figure 11).

Name	Type	Regex Strings	Source	Score	Precedence	Active	Options
Domain	Header	Name: \bReceived\b	Host	Rating	0	Active	
IPv4 Address	Header	Name: \bReceived\b	Address-IPv4	Rating	0	Active	
Email Address	Header	Name: \bFrom\b	EmailAddress	Rating	0	Active	
SPF Failure	Header	Name: \bReceived-SPF\b Value: \bFail\b		250	0	Active	
SPF Soft Failure	Header	Name: \bReceived-SPF\b Value: \bSoftfail\b		150	0	Active	
SPF Neutral	Header	Name: \bReceived-SPF\b Value: \bNeutral\b		100	0	Active	
SPF Permanent Error	Header	Name: \bReceived-SPF\b Value: \bpermmerror\b		50	0	Active	
SPF Temporary Error	Header	Name: \bReceived-SPF\b Value: \btemperror\b		50	0	Active	

Figure 11

3. Click the **+ NEW** button. The **E-mail Scoring Rule** window will be displayed (Figure 12).




**Figure 12**

- **Name:** Enter the name of the rule.
- **Type:** Select either the **Header** or **Body** email component.
- **Source:** Select an Indicator as the source of a rule's score, if this rule will match on an Indicator string. If this rule will match on a non-Indicator string, leave this field set to **None**.
- **Score:** Enter a base score for the email if there is a match on the rule in the **Score** field, or use the plus and minus buttons to add or subtract increments of 1, respectively. Points may be added to the rule if the rule is matching on an Indicator and the **Add Rating** checkbox is selected.
- **Precedence:** Enter the Precedence value, which is used if two rules exist for different Indicator types, or use the plus and minus buttons to add or subtract increments of 1, respectively. A rule with a higher Precedence value will be counted instead of a rule with a lower Precedence value that matches on the same header value. If the rules match on Indicators of different types, the rule with the higher Precedence value will determine the type.
- **Add Rating:** Select the checkbox to add an Indicator's Threat Rating (i.e., number of skulls) to the score's value when a match occurs. This feature is applicable only for rules that match on an Indicator.
- **Active:** Select the checkbox to specify whether the rule is active. The rule will not be included in the Email-Scoring Engine unless this checkbox is selected.



- **Header Name Regex (Header Only):** Enter a Java-compatible regular expression that defines the email header field in which the header value will be found.
- **Header Value Regex or Body Value Regex:** Enter a Java-compatible regular expression that defines the email header or body value that will result in a match for the rule.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the rule.

## Edit an Email-Scoring Rule

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **E-mail Scoring** tab. The **E-mail Scoring** screen will be displayed (Figure 11).
3. Click **Edit**  for the rule that is to be edited. The **E-mail Scoring Rule** window will be displayed (Figure 12).
4. Make any changes to the rule, and click the **SAVE** button.





## Indicators

All Indicator-matching rules use Java-compatible regular expressions for pattern matching on Indicator creation and import. In ThreatConnect, there are currently 12 native Indicator types: Address, ASN, CIDR, Email Address, Email Subject, File (MD5, SHA1, SHA256), Hashtag, Host, Mutex, Registry Key, URL, and User Agent. For users with a Dedicated or On Premises Instance, ThreatConnect can be extended to create custom Indicator types to support different use cases. Indicator-matching rules have been pre-populated into the On Premises Instance for each built-in Indicator type, but the user may modify or add to these default rule sets.

### Create an Indicator Import Rule

1. Repeat Steps 1-3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Indicators** tab. The **Indicators** screen will be displayed (Figure 13).

Types	Name	Fields	Data Types	Case	Options
Exclusion Rules	ASN	AS Number	text	upper	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	CIDR	Block	text	lower	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Email Subject	Subject	text	sensitive	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Hashtag	Hashtag	text	lower	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Multi All Types	1 to 20 Anything 1 to 5 Numeric Pick Me	text number selectone	sensitive	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Mutex	Mutex	text	sensitive	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Registry Key	Key Name Value Name Value Type	text text selectone	sensitive	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Sample	value	text	upper	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>

Figure 13

3. Click **Import Rules** in the menu on the left side of the screen. The **Import Rules** screen will be displayed (Figure 14).

Types	Name	Regex Strings	Source	Precedence	Active	Options
Exclusion Rules	Host	<code>\b(?:[a-zA-Z0-9]{1,63}(?:\.\d{1,3})+)?</code>	Host	0	Active	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	IPv4 Address	<code>\b(?:25[0-5] 2[0-4][0-9] 0?[0-9]{1,2})\.(?:25[0-5] 2[0-4][0-9] 0?[0-9]{1,2})\.(?:25[0-5] 2[0-4][0-9] 0?[0-9]{1,2})\.(?:25[0-5] 2[0-4][0-9] 0?[0-9]{1,2})\b</code>	Address-IPv4	0	Active	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	Email Address	<code>[?][a-z0-9#\\$%&amp;*+/?=._ !~-'()*@{}[\]^`{ }~]{1,64}@(?[a-z0-9]{1,64}(?:\.[a-z0-9]{1,64})*)</code>	EmailAddress	0	Active	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
	MD5	<code>\b([a-fA-F]{32})\b</code>	File-MD5	0	Active	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>

Figure 14



4. Click the + **NEW** button. The **Create Indicator Import Rule** window will be displayed (Figure 15).


The screenshot shows a window titled "Create Indicator Import Rule" with a close button in the top right corner. The window contains the following fields and controls:

- Name \***: A text input field.
- Active**: A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Source**: A dropdown menu with "None" selected and a downward arrow.
- Precedence**: A numeric input field showing "0" with plus and minus buttons for incrementing and decrementing.
- Regex**: A large text area for entering a regular expression.
- Buttons**: "CANCEL" and "SAVE" buttons at the bottom right.

**Figure 15**

- **Name:** Enter the name of the rule.
- **Active:** Select the checkbox to designate the rule as active. The rule will not be included for Indicator validation unless this checkbox is selected.
- **Source:** Select the Indicator type on which the rule will match.
- **Precedence:** Enter the Precedence value, which is used if two rules exist for different Indicator types and if the regular expressions both match on the import content, or use the plus and minus buttons to add or subtract increments of 1, respectively. A rule with a higher Precedence value will be counted instead of a rule with a lower Precedence value.
- **Regex:** Enter a Java-compatible regular expression to define the Indicator that will result in a match for the rule.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the rule.

## Edit an Indicator Import Rule

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Indicators** tab. The **Indicators** screen will be displayed (Figure 13).
3. Click the **Import Rules** button in the menu located on the left side of the screen. The **Import Rules** screen will be displayed (Figure 14).
4. Click **Edit**  for the rule to be edited. The **Create Indicator Import Rule** window (Figure 15) will be displayed with pre-entered values for the given rule.
5. Make any desired changes to the rule, and click the **SAVE** button.



## Indicator Exclusion Lists: System Level

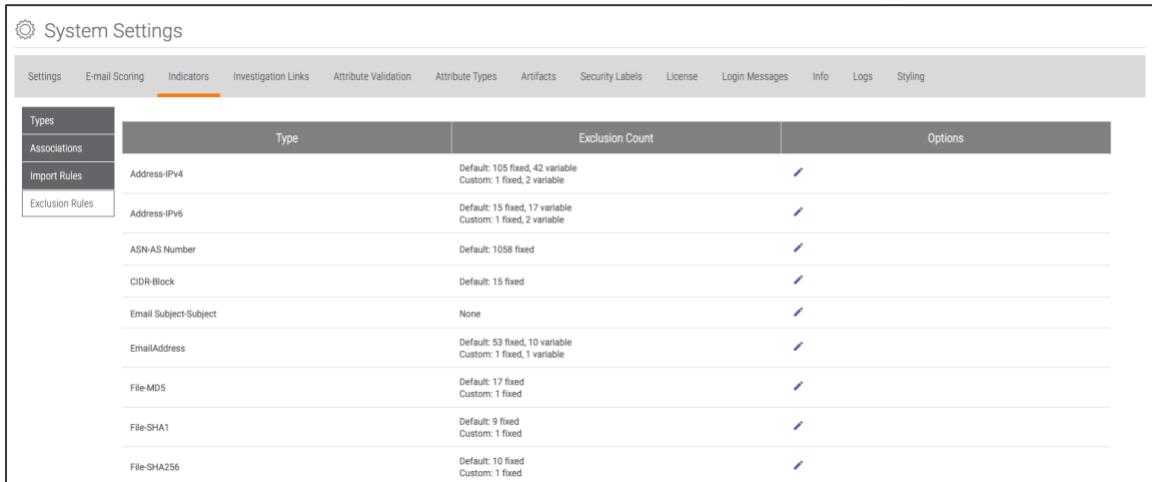
The purpose of creating an Indicator Exclusion List is to prevent the importation of Indicators that may be deemed legitimate or non-hostile by an Administrator. ThreatConnect is prepopulated with default Indicator Exclusion Lists, but the system allows users to create custom Exclusion Lists at the System, Organization, Community, or Source level. The System-level List is configured through the **System Settings** screen by a System Administrator. Table 2 displays a list of what is and is not blocked by an Indicator Exclusion List.

**Table 2**

Item	Yes	No
Manual Creation	✓	
Structured Import	✓	
Unstructured Import	✓	
E-mail Ingestion (Phishing and Feed)	✓	
Source Feed Monitor	✓	
STIX™/TAXII Feeds	✓	
API Creation	✓	
API Bulk Import	✓	
Contribute/Copy to My Org		✓
pDNS		✓
Track Imports		✓
DNS Monitoring		✓



1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Indicators** tab. The **Indicators** screen will be displayed (Figure 13).
3. Click **Exclusion Rules** in the menu on the left side of the screen. The **Exclusion Rules** screen will be displayed (Figure 16).



The screenshot shows the 'System Settings' interface with the 'Indicators' tab selected. A table lists various exclusion rules with their types and counts.

Types	Type	Exclusion Count	Options
Associations			
Import Rules	Address-IPv4	Default: 105 fixed, 42 variable Custom: 1 fixed, 2 variable	
Exclusion Rules	Address-IPv6	Default: 15 fixed, 17 variable Custom: 1 fixed, 2 variable	
	ASN-AS Number	Default: 1058 fixed	
	CIDR-Block	Default: 15 fixed	
	Email Subject-Subject	None	
	EmailAddress	Default: 53 fixed, 10 variable Custom: 1 fixed, 1 variable	
	File-MD5	Default: 17 fixed Custom: 1 fixed	
	File-SHA1	Default: 9 fixed Custom: 1 fixed	
	File-SHA256	Default: 10 fixed Custom: 1 fixed	

Figure 16

4. Click **Edit** for an Indicator listed in the **Type** column (**Address-IPv6** for this example). The **Exclusion Details** window will be displayed (Figure 17).



The screenshot shows the 'Address-IPv6 Exclusion Details' window. It features a toggle switch for 'Active' (currently on) and two text areas for 'Default' and 'Custom' exclusion lists. The 'Default' list contains a long list of IPv6 addresses and ranges. The 'Custom' list contains three specific IPv6 addresses. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'UPLOAD FILE', 'DOWNLOAD', 'CLEAR', 'CANCEL', and 'SAVE'.

Figure 17

5. If the slider at the top right of the window is toggled on (orange), the **Default** Exclusion List on the left side of the screen will be used, as well as any Indicators that have been added to the



**Custom** Exclusion List on the right. If the slider is toggled off (gray), only the **Custom** Exclusion List will be used.

**NOTE: The List on the Default side cannot be modified.**

6. When creating a new Exclusion List, enter the information directly into the **Custom** text box, and click the **SAVE** button. Alternatively, click the **+ UPLOAD FILE** button to locate and select a file upload. After the file is uploaded, click the **SAVE** button.

**NOTE: The file must be in .txt format. Also, place an asterisk (\*) at the beginning and end of the Indicator to exclude all results. For example, \*xyz.com\* in the URL Exclusion List would exclude any URL that contains the string xyz.com.**

7. To modify an existing Exclusion List, edit it directly from the **Custom** text box, and click the **SAVE** button. Alternatively, click the **DOWNLOAD** button to download and edit a file, and then click the **+ UPLOAD FILE** button to upload the edited file. After the file is uploaded, click the **SAVE** button.

**NOTE: When trying to create an Indicator that has been placed on an Exclusion List, a message will be displayed in the Create window warning that the Indicator is contained on a System-wide Exclusion List.**

8. To remove an existing **Custom** Exclusion List, click the **CLEAR** button, and the **Remove Exclusions** window will be displayed.
9. Click the **YES** button, followed by the **SAVE** button.

## Custom Indicator Types

For ThreatConnect users with a **Dedicated Cloud** or **On Premise** subscription, ThreatConnect can be extended to create custom Indicator types to support different use cases.

Custom Indicators are treated in the same manner as built-in Indicator types, such as URL or File, and they can be associated with Groups, such as Threats, Incidents, and Emails, as well as with other Indicators via the custom Associations functionality (see the “Custom Associations” section). Once they are added into ThreatConnect, they will be displayed in menus and lists along with built-in Indicator types. Users will not be able to tell the difference between a custom Indicator and a built-in Indicator.

For example, if users wish to keep track of unique Bitcoin strings generated by malicious binaries in HTTP traffic, they could create a Bitcoin custom Indicator type to store strings they may wish to filter and alert on in their environment.

**NOTE: Improperly configured custom Indicator types could damage the ThreatConnect instance. Please contact a ThreatConnect Customer Success Engineer for guidance about defining custom Indicator types.**

**NOTE: Because of database constraints, a custom Indicator’s descriptive name is limited to 50 characters, and the total number of characters used in the value of the Indicator (i.e., Fields 1–3) itself cannot exceed 500.**



**NOTE:** Also because of database constraints, custom Indicator regexes that do not constrain total character length are incompatible with custom Indicators.

**NOTE:** System Administrators can edit and delete custom Indicators at any time.

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Indicators** tab. The **Indicators** screen will be displayed (Figure 13).
3. Click the + **NEW** button. The **Create Custom Indicator Type** window will be displayed (Figure 18).

The screenshot shows a 'Create Custom Indicator Type' dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button. The form is organized into several sections. The 'Name \*' field contains 'Bitcoin'. The 'Api Branch \*' field contains 'bitcoin'. The 'Api Entity \*' field contains 'bitcoin'. The 'Case Rules' section has a dropdown menu set to 'Case Sensitive' and a 'Parsable' checkbox that is unchecked. The 'Field 1 \*' section has a dropdown menu set to 'Bitcoin String'. The 'Field 2' and 'Field 3' sections are empty. The 'Field 1 Type', 'Field 2 Type', and 'Field 3 Type' sections each have a dropdown menu set to 'Text'. At the bottom right, there are 'CANCEL' and 'SAVE' buttons.

**Figure 18**

- **Name:** Enter a name for the custom Indicator (e.g., **Bitcoin**).  
**NOTE:** Once a custom Indicator has been created, its name may not be changed.
- **Api Branch:** Set this parameter to the mapped API field in ThreatConnect (e.g., **bitcoin**).
- **Api Entity:** Set this parameter to the mapped entity fields in ThreatConnect. In this case, the entity type would be **bitcoin**.
- **Case Rules:** Specify whether text fields require lowercase, uppercase, or case-sensitive letters. The case rule applies to all text fields; it is not possible to choose separate case rules for separate fields. All data imported into a text field will be changed to conform to the case rule. For example, if **Lowercase** is chosen, any uppercase letters imported into the field will be changed to lowercase letters, and if **Uppercase** is chosen, any lowercase letters imported into the field will be changed to uppercase letters. If **Case Sensitive** is chosen, then all data will remain the same.
- **Parsable:** Select this checkbox if the Indicator will be parsable within ThreatConnect. If an Indicator is parsable, it will be verified against the Indicator import rules to determine whether an unstructured import can be performed.

**NOTE:** Multi-value custom Indicator types are not parsable.



- **Field 1:** Set a label for the primary field (e.g., **Bitcoin String**).
- **Field 1 Type:** Set the field's data type (i.e., **Text**, **Number** or **Select One**). If **Select One** is chosen, a **Field 1 Options List** box will be displayed below the **Field 1 Type** box. Items entered into this box should be separated by semicolons.

**NOTE:** *In this example, the Bitcoin String field would require the Type to be Text, while a credit card number would require the Type to be Number.*

- Optionally, configure secondary fields in the same manner as any of the primary fields. Secondary fields will be concatenated with the primary field, and the resulting value will be treated as a unique Indicator.

**NOTE:** *Fields 1–3 may store up to a combined total of 500 characters of text. Attempts to store more characters than that between the three fields could lead to stability or performance issues, rendering the system inoperable. Number fields may store up to 20 characters per field.*

**NOTE:** *ThreatConnect uses colons to distinguish between the fields used in multi-value Indicators. For that reason, multi-value custom Indicator types may not use colons. However, single-value custom Indicator types can still use colons.*

- Click the **SAVE** button to save the changes.

**NOTE:** *The maximum length for all fields combined is limited to 500 characters, which may be helpful for Indicators that would otherwise be duplicates. For instance, a primary field of User Agent String and a secondary field of Process Name may uniquely identify an Indicator for a malicious binary that is spoofing a legitimate string, such as Internet Explorer:evil.exe.*

## Import Rules for Custom Indicator Types

Follow the steps in the “Create an Indicator Import Rule” section to create import rules for custom Indicators. Make sure to define a regular expression that must be matched (in order) for new Indicators of that type and to select the **Active** checkbox to designate the rule as active. It is recommended that the regular expressions be used to define the three fields of a custom Indicator so that they conform to the character-limit rules. Each field of a custom Indicator must have at least one import rule defined before Indicators of that type can be created.





## Custom Associations

Custom associations allow Indicators to be associated to other Indicators. These Indicators can be native Indicators [Address, ASN, CIDR, Email Address, Email Subject, File (MD5, SHA1, SHA256), Hashtag, Host, Mutex, Registry Key, URL, and User Agent] or custom Indicators created by the System Administrator. The details of these associations are found on the **Browse** screen. Table 3 displays the built-in custom associations provided by ThreatConnect.

**Table 3**

Name	API Branch	Primary	Target
ASN to Address	asnToAddress	ASN	Address
ASN to CIDR	asnToCidr	ASN	CIDR
Address to User Agent	addressToUserAgent	Address	User Agent
CIDR to Address	cidrToAddress	CIDR	Address
Domain Registrant Email	domainRegistrant	Host	EmailAddress
File Download	fileDownload	URL	File
DNS PTR Record	dnsPtrRecord	Address	Host
URL Host	urlHost	URL	Address, Host

1. Repeat Steps 1-3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Indicators** tab. The **Indicators** screen will be displayed (Figure 13).
3. Click **Associations** in the menu on the left side of the screen. The **Associations** screen will be displayed (Figure 19).



System Settings				
Settings E-mail Scoring Indicators Investigation Links Attribute Validation Attribute Types Artifacts Security Labels License Login Messages Info Logs Styling				
Types				
Associations				
Import Rules				
Exclusion Rules				
+ NEW				
Name	Type	Indicators	Options	
Address to User Agent	Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Address (Primary)</li><li>User Agent</li></ul>		
ASN to Address	Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ASN (Primary)</li><li>Address</li></ul>		
ASN to CIDR	Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ASN (Primary)</li><li>CIDR</li></ul>		
CIDR to Address	Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CIDR (Primary)</li><li>Address</li></ul>		

Figure 19

4. Click the + NEW button. The **Create Custom Indicator Association** window will be displayed with the **Association** option selected (Figure 20).

### Create Custom Indicator Association

Association  File Action

Name

Association Api Branch

Primary Indicator Type  
Select One

Associate Non-Primary Indicators

Indicators

Figure 20

- **Name:** Enter a name for the custom association (e.g., **Address to CIDR**).
- **Association Api Branch:** Set this parameter to the mapped API field in ThreatConnect (e.g., **addressToCidr**).
- **Primary Indicator Type:** Select the primary Indicator type.



- **Associate Non-Primary Indicators:** Select this checkbox to allow non-primary Indicators that are associated with the primary Indicator to be associated with each other.

**NOTE:** *If this checkbox is not selected, an association between two Indicators is commutative. That is, the designation of primary vs. non-primary is insignificant: The association works equally in both directions, and non-primary Indicators associated with a given primary Indicator are not associated with each other. If this checkbox is selected, non-primary Indicators of a given Indicator are also associated with each other.*

- **Indicators:** Select one or more Indicators to associate with the primary Indicator type.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the custom association.

## File Actions

File Actions are a sub-type of custom associations that allow the File Indicator type to be associated to other Indicators. The details of these associations are found on the **Browse** screen. ThreatConnect provides three built-in File Action types: **File Mutex**, **File Registry Key**, and **File User Agent**.

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Indicators** tab. The **Indicators** screen will be displayed (Figure 13).
3. Click **Associations** in the menu on the left side of the screen. The **Associations** screen will be displayed (Figure 19).
4. Click the **+ NEW** button. The **Create Custom Indicator Association** window will be displayed with the **Association** radio button selected (Figure 20). Select the **File Action** option (Figure 21).

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Create Custom Indicator Association" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there are two radio buttons: "Association" (unselected) and "File Action" (selected). Below the radio buttons are two text input fields: "Name" and "Association Api Branch". Underneath these is a "Primary Indicator Type" dropdown menu with "Select One" and a downward arrow. A checkbox labeled "Associate Non-Primary Indicators" is present and is currently unchecked. Below the checkbox is an "Indicators" dropdown menu with a downward arrow. At the bottom right of the dialog are two buttons: "CANCEL" and "SAVE".

**Figure 21**



- **Name:** Enter a name for the custom association (e.g., **File CIDR**).
- **Association API Branch:** Set this parameter to the mapped API field in ThreatConnect (e.g., **cidr**).
- **Indicators:** Select one or more Indicators to associate with the File.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the File Action.





## Investigation Links

ThreatConnect includes dozens of third-party enrichment links to specific sources. To view the links for a particular Indicator, navigate to that Indicator's **Details** screen. Administrators can also add custom sources for each Indicator type.

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Investigation Links** tab. The **Investigation Links** screen will be displayed (Figure 22).

Name	URL	Indicator Type	Options
#totalhash	https://totalhash.cymru.com/search/?dnsrr={value1}	Host	
#totalhash	https://totalhash.cymru.com/search/?hash={value1}	File	
#totalhash	https://totalhash.cymru.com/search/?ip={value1}	Address	
#totalhash	https://totalhash.cymru.com/search/?email={value1}	EmailAddress	
abuse.net	https://www.abuse.net/lookup.php?domain={value1}	Host	
Alexa	https://www.alexa.com/siteinfo/{value1}	Host	

Figure 22

3. Click the **+ NEW** button. The **Create External Link** window will be displayed (Figure 23).

### Create External Link

Name \*

URL \*

Indicator Type \*

Select One

Encode Values

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 23

- **Name:** Enter the name of the external link.
- **URL:** Enter the URL of the external link
- **Indicator Type:** Select the Indicator type to which the external link applies.



- **Encode Values:** Select the checkbox to URL encode the Indicator to which the external link applies.
- Click the **SAVE** button.

***NOTE: It is best practice for System Administrators to click the Clear Entity Cache button on the Settings tab after creating Investigation Links. Otherwise, the links may not populate for all users viewing the Indicators.***



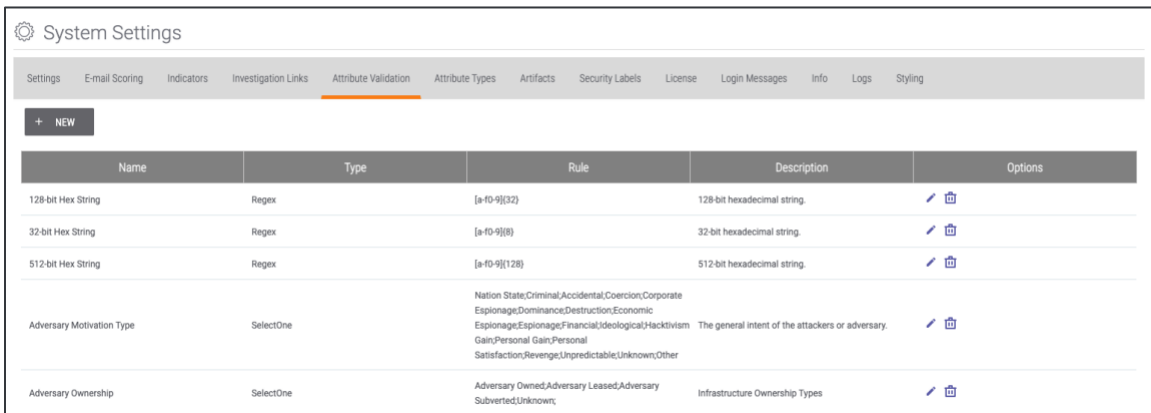


## Attribute Validation

ThreatConnect is preloaded with a variety of Validation Rules to ensure that Attribute Types (see the “Attribute Types” section) conform to a valid input range and format. For example, a System Administrator may want country codes to follow a specific two-letter scheme or email addresses to match a proper regular expression. With ThreatConnect, System Administrators are capable of creating additional Validation Rules, which can be used by System, Community, and Organization Administrators when creating Attribute Types at their respective levels.

### Create System Attribute Type Validation Rules

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Attribute Validation** tab. The **Attribute Validation** screen will be displayed (Figure 24). The **Attribute Validation** screen displays the existing System Attribute Validation Rules.



Name	Type	Rule	Description	Options
128-bit Hex String	Regex	[a-f0-9]{32}	128-bit hexadecimal string.	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
32-bit Hex String	Regex	[a-f0-9]{8}	32-bit hexadecimal string.	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
512-bit Hex String	Regex	[a-f0-9]{128}	512-bit hexadecimal string.	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
Adversary Motivation Type	SelectOne	Nation State;Criminal;Accidental;Coercion;Corporate Espionage;Dominance;Destruction;Economic Espionage;Espionage;Financial;Ideological;Hacktivism;Gain;Personal Gain;Personal Satisfaction;Revenge;Unpredictable;Unknown;Other	The general intent of the attackers or adversary.	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>
Adversary Ownership	SelectOne	Adversary Owned;Adversary Leased;Adversary Subverted;Unknown;	Infrastructure Ownership Types	<a href="#">✎</a> <a href="#">🗑️</a>

Figure 24

3. Click the **+ NEW** button. The **Create Attribute Validation Rule** window will be displayed (Figure 25).



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Create Attribute Validation Rule". It features a "Type" dropdown menu currently set to "Regex". Below this are three text input fields: "Name \*", "Description \*", and "Enter a valid Regular Expression \*". The "SAVE" button is highlighted in orange, while the "CANCEL" button is white with a grey border. A close button (x) is in the top right corner of the dialog.

**Figure 25**


- **Type:** Select the schema for the Validation Rule. Each option offers the flexibility to determine the valid domain for each Attribute Type:
  - **Regex:** A regular expression that considers only matching inputs to be valid (e.g., an IP address or email address on a certain domain)
  - **Xsd:** An XML Schema Definition used to validate input (useful for attaching logs from a vendor product)
  - **Select One Picklist:** Presented as a dropdown menu of options—after the Administrator defines the options in the text box at the bottom of the window—from which users may only select one value (e.g., high, medium, or low priorities)
  - **Select One Radio:** Similar to Select One Picklist, but presented as a series of radio buttons
  - **Date:** A date in the YYYY/MM/DD format.
  - **Date/Time:** A date and time in the YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM UTC format.
  - **Integer:** A whole number, valid in the range specified in the right-hand text box (e.g., 0:1440 for “minutes worked”)
- **Name:** Enter the name of the Validation Rule as it will be displayed in the Validation Rules table of the Attribute Validation screen.
- **Description:** Enter a general description of the Validation Rule.
- **Enter a Valid Regular Expression:** If applicable, enter the parameters for a Validation Rule as defined previously.



- Click the **SAVE** button to save and use the new **System Attribute Validation Rule**.

**NOTE:** A **System Attribution Validation Rule** will need to be attached to an **actual Attribute Type** to validate user input.

## Edit System Attribute Validation Rules

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Attribute Validation** tab. The **Attribute Validation** screen will be displayed (Figure 24).
3. Click **Edit**  for the Validation Rule to be edited. The **Create Attribute Validation Rule** window will be displayed with pre-entered values for the selected rule.
4. Make any desired changes to the rule, and click the **SAVE** button.





## Attribute Types

Attribute Types are used to describe similar types of data within ThreatConnect. They can be used to articulate aspects of [the Diamond Model](#) or dictate how to deal with a certain Group or Indicator. ThreatConnect is deployed with a default set of System Attribute Types, which may be affixed to Groups and Indicators by any Organization or Community. System Administrators can add or edit System Attribute Types to make them available to the entire user base.

### View System Attribute Types

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Attribute Types** tab. The **Attribute Types** screen will be displayed (Figure 26).

Name	Description	Max Length	Types	Error Message	Options
Additional Analysis and Context	Relevant research and analysis associated with this Indicator, Signature, or Activity Group. Can be internal analysis or links to published articles, whitepapers, websites, or any reference providing amplifying information or geo-political context.	65K	ASN Address Adversary Attack Pattern CIDR Campaign Course of Action Email EmailAddress Event File Host Incident Intrusion Set Malware Malix Registry Key Report Signature Tactic Threat Tool Url User Agent Victim Vulnerability	Please enter valid Additional Analysis and Context.	

Figure 26

### Create System Attribute Types

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Attribute Types** tab. The **Attribute Types** screen will be displayed (Figure 26).
3. To create a new, custom System Attribute Type, click the **+ NEW** button. The **Configure Attribute Type** window will be displayed (Figure 27).



Figure 27

- **Name:** Enter the name of the System Attribute Type as it will be displayed on menus and on the **Details** screen for Indicators and Groups.
- **Description:** Enter a description of the System Attribute Type as seen by users when inputting a value for the Attribute Type or when viewing it from the **Details** screen.
- **Error Message:** Enter the message presented when users try to input a value that does not meet the System Attribute Type's Validation Rules.
- **Validation Rule:** Select the schema that determines whether a user's input is valid when logging an Attribute Type for an Indicator or Group. ThreatConnect is preloaded with a variety of Validation Rules, such as for IP Addresses, Dates, Country Codes, etc. System, Community, and Organization Administrators can define their own System Attribute Type Validation Rules as needed.
- **Max Length:** Enter the maximum size, in number of characters, of the System Attribute Type, if applicable, based on the Attribute Type's assigned Validation Rule. The maximum size can also be entered using the plus and minus buttons to add or subtract increments of 1, respectively.
- **Allow Markdown:** Select this checkbox to allow Markdown to be used when configuring an Attribute Type.

**NOTE:** *Markdown is a [plaintext formatting language](#) that can be used to add formatting elements to a number of Attribute Types, including Description and Source. See the "Enabling and Using Markdown in Attributes" section of [Creating Attributes](#) for more information.*



- **Mapping:**

- **Indicators:** Click the dropdown to display a scrollable multi-select list of Indicators, and select the checkboxes to specify the types of Indicators to which the Attribute Type can apply. For example, it may make sense to track a “work-hours” Attribute Type against an Incident or File, but not against a URL.
- **Groups:** Click the dropdown to display a scrollable multi-select list of Groups, and select the checkboxes to specify the types of Groups to which the Attribute Type can apply.
- **Case:** Select this checkbox if the Attribute Type should apply to a [Case](#).
- **Max Allowed:** If the **Case** checkbox is selected, the **Max Allowed** option will become enabled. Enter the maximum number of times that the Attribute Type can be added to a single Case, or use the plus and minus buttons to add or subtract increments of 1, respectively.

***NOTE: If a user tries to add an Attribute to a Case when the Attribute Type’s Max Allowed limit has been reached, an error message will be displayed stating that the maximum allowed for the Attribute Type has been exceeded on the current Case, and the user will be directed to select an alternative Attribute Type or remove an existing Attribute of the maxed-out Attribute Type from the Case.***

- **Victim:** Select this checkbox if the Attribute Type should apply to a Victim.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the custom Attribute Type.

Figure 28 shows an example of a custom System Attribute Type that uses the **System Country Validation Rule** to track the suspected nationalities of those responsible for the given Groups and Indicators. If custom Indicators have been added, they will be displayed in the **Indicators** section as well.





Figure 28

## Upload System Attribute Types

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Attribute Types** tab. The **Attribute Types** screen will be displayed (Figure 26).
3. Click the **UPLOAD** button. The **Upload Attributes** window will be displayed (Figure 29).

Figure 29

4. Click the **+ SELECT FILE** button to locate and select a file to upload.



5. Click the **SAVE** button.

System Attribute Types can be uploaded in a text or JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) file. If uploading a System Attribute Type via a text file, use the following format: **Name, Description, Error Message, Length, Applicable Types**.

**NOTE: In text files, columns are delimited by the comma character (,). Applicable Types are delimited by the pipe character (|).**

If uploading a System Attribute Type via a JSON file, refer to Table 4 for the fields that can be included in the file.

**Table 4**

Field	Required	Type
allowMarkdown	FALSE	Boolean
description	TRUE	String
errorMessage	TRUE	String
groups	FALSE	String
indicators	FALSE	String
maxLength	TRUE	Integer
name	TRUE	String
version	FALSE	Integer

**NOTE: Upon creation of a new System Attribute Type, the version field is automatically assigned a value of 1.**

**NOTE: To update an existing System Attribute Type, the value for the name field must equal the name of the System Attribute Type being updated, and the value for the version field must be incremented from the previous value by at least 1.**


The following is an example JSON file format used to upload a System Attribute Type:





```
{
  "types": [
    {
      "allowMarkdown": true,
      "description": "Description of System Attribute Type",
      "errorMessage": "Enter a valid value",
      "groups": [
        "Adversary",
        "Campaign",
        "Course of Action",
        "Document",
        "Email",
        "Incident",
        "Malware",
        "Threat"
      ],
      "indicators": [
        "Address",
        "EmailAddress",
        "File",
        "Host",
        "Url"
      ],
      "maxLength": 100,
      "name": "System Attribute Type Name",
      "system": false,
      "version": 2
    }
  ]
}
```

## Edit System Attribute Types

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Attribute Types** tab. The **Attribute Types** screen will be displayed (Figure 26).
3. Click **Edit**  for the Attribute to be edited. The **Configure Attribute Type** window will be displayed with pre-entered values for the selected Attribute Type.
4. Make any desired changes to the Attribute Type, and click the **SAVE** button.



## Artifacts

Artifacts are integral components of ThreatConnect's Workflow feature. (See the “Workflow and Case Management” section and [Workflow Overview](#) for more information.) Artifacts are typed, like Indicators and Groups, and a set of supported Artifact types is preconfigured in ThreatConnect. This set includes all ThreatConnect Indicator types.

## Types

### Create Artifact Types

ThreatConnect is preloaded with a set of Artifact types, but System Administrators can create new Artifact types.

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Artifacts** tab. The **Artifacts** screen will be displayed (Figure 30). The **Artifacts** screen displays the existing Artifact types.

The screenshot shows the 'System Settings' interface with the 'Artifacts' tab selected. A table lists existing artifact types with columns for Name, Description, Data Type, Intel Type, UI Validator, UI Element, Active status, Potentially Associate Cases, and Options. A '+ NEW' button is visible in the top right corner.

Name	Description	Data Type	Intel Type	UI Validator	UI Element	Active	Potentially Associate Cases	Options
ASN	An Autonomous System Number (ASN) is a two-byte number that identifies an Autonomous System (AS).	String	indicator-ASN		String	✓		
Asset Group ID	An identification number for a group of assets. For example, a vulnerability management platform may require a list of defined IP Addresses and host names grouped into an Asset Group.	String			String	✓		
Bitcoin Wallet Address		String			String		✓	

Figure 30


3. Click the + **NEW** button. The **Configure Artifact Type** window will be displayed (Figure 31).



**Figure 31**

- **Name:** Enter the name of the Artifact type as it will be displayed in the **Artifact Types** table.
- **Description:** Enter a description of the Artifact type.
- **Active:** Select the checkbox to make this Artifact type active.
- **Intel Type:** Select a ThreatConnect Indicator type to map to the Artifact type.
- **Data Type:** Select the data type for the Artifact type.
- **UI Element:** Select the UI element into which the user will enter data for Artifacts of this type.
- Click the **SAVE** button to create the Artifact type.

## Edit Artifact Types

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Artifacts** tab. The **Artifacts** screen will be displayed (Figure 30).
3. Click **Edit**  for the Artifact type to be edited. The **Configure Artifact Type** window will be displayed with pre-entered values for the selected Artifact type.
4. Make any desired changes to the Artifact type, and click the **SAVE** button.

## Potential Association Exclusion Rules

Potential Association Exclusion Rules are not included by default, but users can add them. They prevent Artifacts from creating potential associations between Cases if the Artifacts’ types are on the Exclusion List.

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Artifacts** tab. The **Artifacts** screen will be displayed (Figure 30).



3. Click **Potential Association Exclusion Rules** in the menu on the left side of the screen. The **Exclusion Rules** screen will be displayed (Figure 32).

The screenshot shows the 'System Settings' interface with the 'Artifacts' tab selected. A table titled 'Potential Association Exclusion Rules' is displayed with the following data:

Type	Exclusion Count	Options
ASN	None	
Asset Group ID	None	
Bitcoin Wallet Address	None	
Blackberry Address	None	
Certificate File	None	
CIDR	None	
Command	None	

Figure 32

4. Click **Edit** for the entry to be edited. The **Exclusion Details** window will be displayed (Figure 33).

The screenshot shows the 'ASN Exclusion Details' window. It features a 'Default' text area containing '<No exclusions specified.>' and a 'Custom' text area also containing '<No exclusions specified.>'. At the top right, there is an 'Active' toggle switch. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: '+ UPLOAD FILE', 'CANCEL', and 'SAVE'.

Figure 33

5. Enter the custom exclusion details manually, or click the **+ UPLOAD FILE** button to select a file to upload.
6. Click the **SAVE** button.



# Security Labels

## Purpose of System Security Labels

Directors can define Security Labels for use by all member Organizations. Security Labels are a good way to designate how information should be treated. ThreatConnect uses the [Traffic Light Protocol](#) (TLP) system developed by the Department of Homeland Security's United States Computer Emergency Readiness Team (US-CERT). Administrators can define their own Security Labels based on their needs and policies.

ThreatConnect also includes a migration tool that allows users to take an owner-specific security label and migrate it to a System label, so that every possible variation of the TLP naming convention (e.g., TLP: RED vs. TLP Red vs. TLPred) is accounted for. To view more information on creating and using owner-level Security Labels in Organizations, Communities, and Sources, refer to the *ThreatConnect Community and Source Administration User Guide* and the *ThreatConnect Organization Administration User Guide*.

## Create System Security Labels

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Security Labels** tab. The **Security Labels** screen will be displayed with a list of the standard Security Labels (Figure 34).

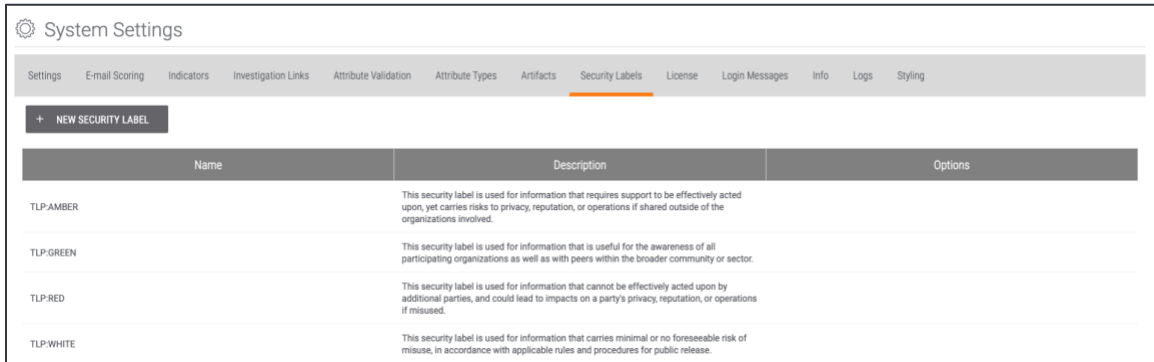


Figure 34

3. Click the **+ NEW SECURITY LABEL** button. The **Create Security Label** window will be displayed (Figure 35).



The screenshot shows a 'Create Security Label' dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button (X). The dialog contains three input fields: 'Name \*' (a text box), 'Color' (a color picker box), and 'Description \*' (a large text area). At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'CANCEL' and 'SAVE'.

**Figure 35**

- **Name:** Enter a name for the Security Label.
- **Color:** Click in the box to select a color using the color picker, or enter a color code in RGB or hexadecimal format.
- **Description:** Enter a description for the Security Label.

**NOTE:** *These fields are provided solely for user and administrator readability, as no policy enforcement is derived from this screen.*

- Click the **SAVE** button.

## Using System Security Labels

Security Labels are most effective when users share or contribute information within ThreatConnect. This approach enables users to withhold and divulge information with respect to their Organization's policies, based on the Security Label applied to each piece of data.

Security Labels are applied not just to Groups and Indicators, but also to their Attribute Types. For example, an IP Address Indicator may be considered TLP:Green (i.e., peers and partner Organizations may see it). However, its Source Attribute Type may be a sensitive system log that pinpoints a system vulnerability and thus may be considered TLP:Red (i.e., not to be shared).



## License

### View and Manage the System License

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **License** tab. The **License** screen will be displayed with the **License Config** subtab selected (Figure 36). This screen displays the current allocations of Indicators, Organizations, Users, Documents, and Playbooks allocated. From this screen, the user can also import a license by clicking the **+ IMPORT LICENSE** button, which will open a file browser window to locate and select a license file.

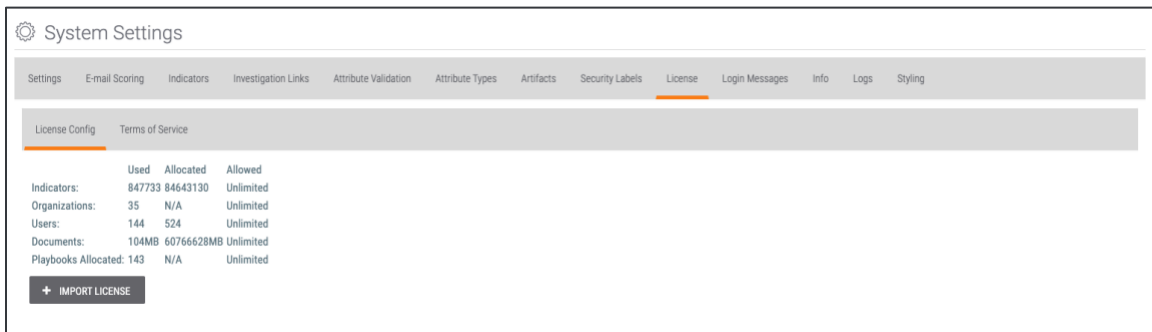


Figure 36

### View and Manage the Terms of Service

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **License** tab. The **License** screen will be displayed (Figure 36). Click the **Terms of Service** subtab, and the **Terms of Service** screen will be displayed (Figure 37). From this screen, the user can view, import, and delete the Terms of Service, as well as reset user acceptance.

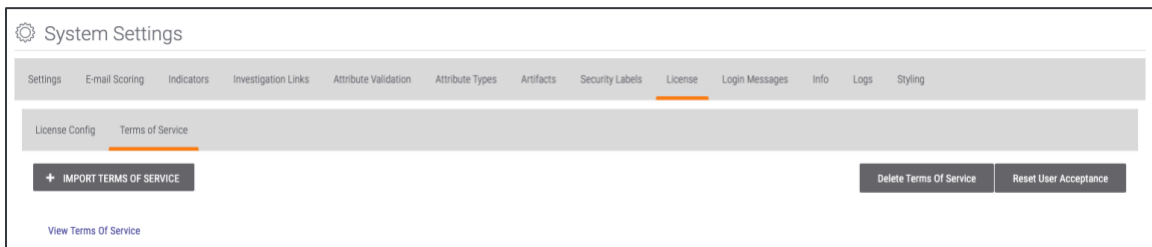


Figure 37



## Login Messages

From the **Login Messages** screen, users can add message text for display on their ThreatConnect **Login** screen or view the messages already displayed there.

### Create Login Messages

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Login Messages** tab. The **Login Messages** screen will be displayed (Figure 38).

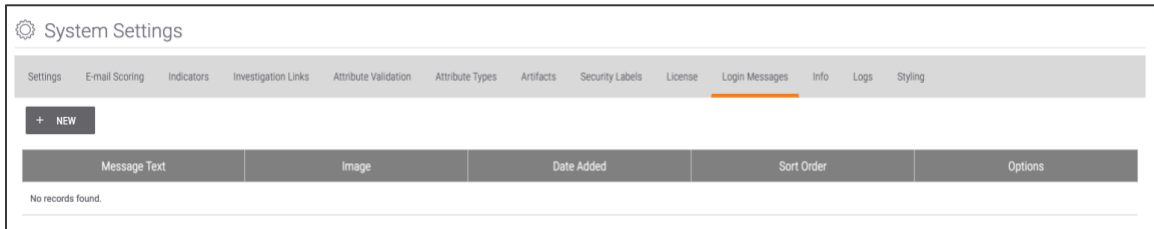


Figure 38

3. Click the **+ NEW** button. The **Create Login Message** window will be displayed (Figure 39).

Figure 39

- **Image:** Select an icon to add next to the message.
  - **None:** No icon
  - **Vote:** Checkmark icon
  - **Feature:** Notebook icon
- **Sort Order:** Enter the value for the position in which the icon will be displayed on the screen next to the text, or use the plus and minus buttons to add or subtract increments of 1, respectively.
- **Message:** Enter the login message.
- Click the **SAVE** button.



## Info

### View Hardware and Virtualization Information

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Info** tab. The **Info** screen will be displayed with the **Information** subtab selected (Figure 40). This screen displays current system hardware, software, and application database status information.

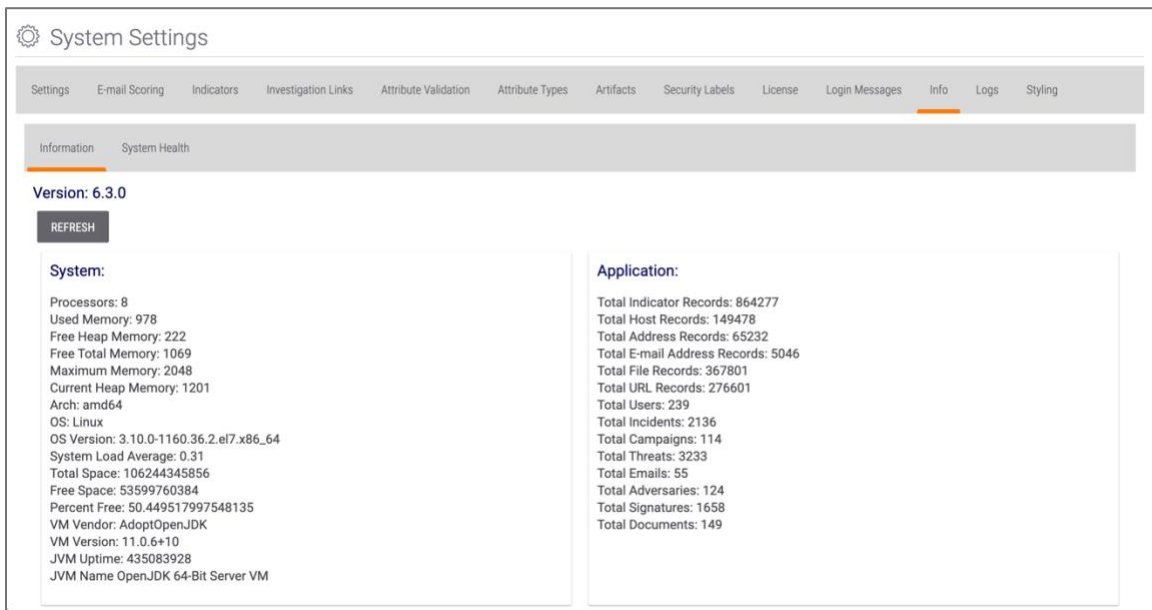




Figure 40

### View System Health Information

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Info** tab. The **Info** screen will be displayed (Figure 40).
3. Click the **System Health** tab, and the **System Health** screen will be displayed (Figure 41). This screen shows whether certain system processes and settings are configured and operating properly. If a component is operating properly, a green checkmark  will be displayed in the **Passed** column. If a component needs attention, an orange warning sign  will be displayed in the same column.



Category	Name	Result	Passed
Apps	Checking App Catalog Server URL...	https://api.threatconnect.com	✓
Apps	Checking App Catalog Server Token...	8f67c47b-3681-36e6-f9f6-345ee0e0ca33	✓
Configuration	Checking keychain...	true	✓
Configuration / Apps	Checking if appsApiUrl is defined...	https://pm-tc-02.tci.ninja/api	✓
Configuration / Apps	Checking if appsJavaHome is defined...	/opt/java	✓
Configuration / Apps	Checking if appsPythonHome is defined...	/opt/python3/bin	✓
Configuration / Batch	Checking system config for batch api limit...	100	✓
Configuration / Batch	Checking system config for batch api enabled...	true	✓

Figure 41

- Click the **REFRESH** button to refresh the table or the **EXPORT** button to download an Excel® file displaying the system diagnostics.

The health of the ThreatConnect instance can also be retrieved via the status servlet by submitting an HTTP request with the parameters defined in Table 5.

Table 5

Verb	Address	Header	Response Code	Example JSON Response
GET	https://<tcAddress>/status	<none>	204–all ok 500–system unhealthy	
		statuskey=<incorrect>	200–all ok 500–system unhealthy	{ "Message": "Invalid access key!" }
		statuskey=<correct>	200–all ok 500–system unhealthy	{ "Product Version": "6.3.0", "DB Status": "OK", "HTTP Status": "OK", "Filesystem status (JBoss Server Log)": "OK 139871MB remaining", "Filesystem status (Bulk Reports)": "OK (139871MB



				<pre>remaining)",   "Filesystem status (Local Storage)": "OK (139871MB remaining)",   "Filesystem status (TC Server Log)": "N/A",   "Current Time": "2021-09- 13T12:52:09.430-0500",   "Message": "System OK." }</pre>
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**NOTE:** A System Administrator can retrieve the value of the statusKey via the System Settings.





## Logs

The **Logs** tab allows users to retrieve app and server logs that are saved to the **loggingLocation** directory, which is specified in the **System Settings**.

### View Logs

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Logs** tab. The **Logs** screen will be displayed with the **View** subtab selected (Figure 42). To narrow the display of table entries, enter text on which to filter in the **Source Class**, **Level**, or **Message** boxes.

Source Class	Level	Timestamp	Message
com.cyber2.tc.service.BulkIndicatorService	INFO	04/19/2021 07:02:48 PM	Bulk indicators complete for Maldun Malware Analysis! Elapsed time: 1380ms. Next report will run at Tue Apr 20 19:00:54 UTC 2021
com.cyber2.tc.service.BulkIndicatorService	INFO	04/19/2021 07:02:48 PM	Bulk indicators complete for Maldun Malware Analysis! Elapsed time: 1379ms.
com.cyber2.tc.service.log.ServerLogEntryStoreService	WARN	04/19/2021 07:00:00 PM	Elastic Search is not responding correctly. Please verify the required system settings are configured.
com.cyber2.tc.service.datastore.ElasticSearchService	ERROR	04/19/2021 07:00:00 PM	Elastic Search responded with an error: Elastic Search is not responding correctly. Please verify the required system settings are configured.
com.cyber2.tc.service.log.ServerLogEntryStoreService	WARN	04/19/2021 07:00:00 PM	Elastic Search is not responding correctly. Please verify the required system settings are configured.
com.cyber2.tc.service.datastore.ElasticSearchService	ERROR	04/19/2021 07:00:00 PM	Elastic Search responded with an error: Elastic Search is not responding correctly. Please verify the required system settings are configured.
com.cyber2.tc.service.search.ElasticSearchAsyncClient	ERROR	04/19/2021 07:00:00 PM	ElasticSearch response failed with following error: method [DELETE], host [http://elasticsearch:9200], URI [http://elasticsearch:9200/logs_sys_2021-04-...

Figure 42

3. Select an entry to display its **Log Details** window (Figure 43).



Log Details

Source Class:	com.cyber2.tc.monitor.ThreatAssessMonitor
Level:	INFO
Timestamp:	06/15/2021 03:15:12 PM
Message:	ThreatAssess Monitor running.

Figure 43

## Download Logs

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Logs** tab. The **Logs** screen will be displayed (Figure 42).
3. Click the **Download** subtab, and the **Download** screen will be displayed (Figure 44).

System Settings

Settings E-mail Scoring Indicators Investigation Links Attribute Validation Attribute Types Artifacts Security Labels License Login Messages Info **Logs** Styling

View **Download**

Server

Name	Size	Last Modified
<a href="#">.gitignore</a>	0.071KB	06-25-2020
<a href="#">tc.log</a>	1401.065KB	04-19-2021
<a href="#">playbooks.log</a>	3194.761KB	04-19-2021
<a href="#">server.log 2020-08-06</a>	230.753KB	08-06-2020
<a href="#">install.log</a>	0.0KB	03-18-2021
<a href="#">server.log 2020-08-07</a>	9.16KB	08-07-2020

Figure 44

4. Click on an entry’s name in the **Name** column to download its log file to the computer’s **Downloads** folder.



## Styling

When downloading a PDF that describes an Adversary, Incident, or Threat, a user may want to include a custom header on the PDF. A user may also wish to style the ThreatConnect site with a custom header or footer.

### Style a PDF Header and a Site Header or Footer

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Styling** tab. The **Styling** screen will be displayed (Figure 45). This screen shows the default ThreatConnect headers and footer that will be used if no other images are uploaded.

**NOTE: Hover over the question-mark symbols for image-size requirements.**

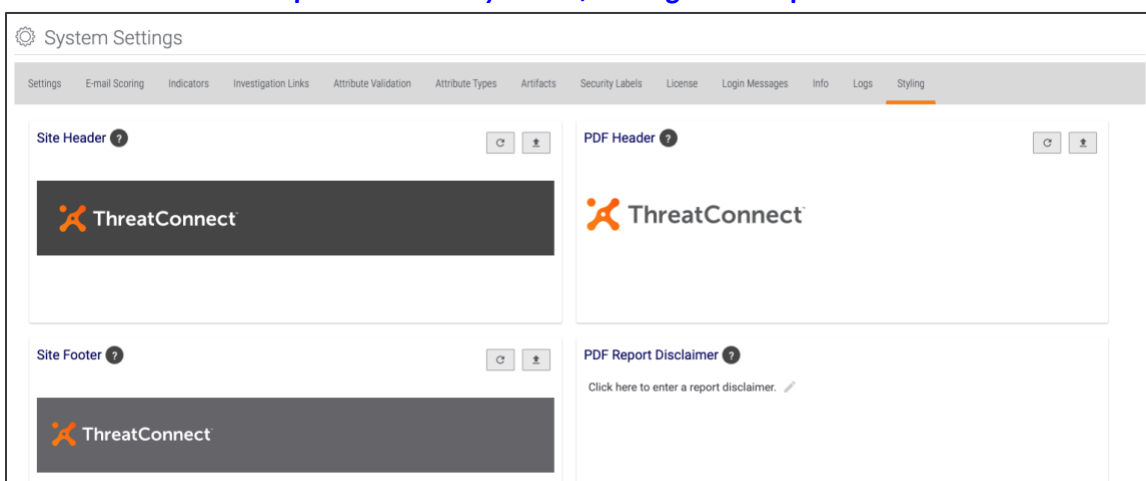




Figure 45


3. Click the **Upload**  button in the upper-right corner of the **Site Header**, **Site Footer**, or **PDF Header** cards to select a JPEG or PNG image file. The selected image will now be displayed in the appropriate header or footer box. It will also be displayed as a header for downloaded PDFs or as a header or footer for the user's ThreatConnect site.
4. Click the **pencil**  icon in the **PDF Report Disclaimer** card to add a disclaimer, such as “Demo,” to a PDF.

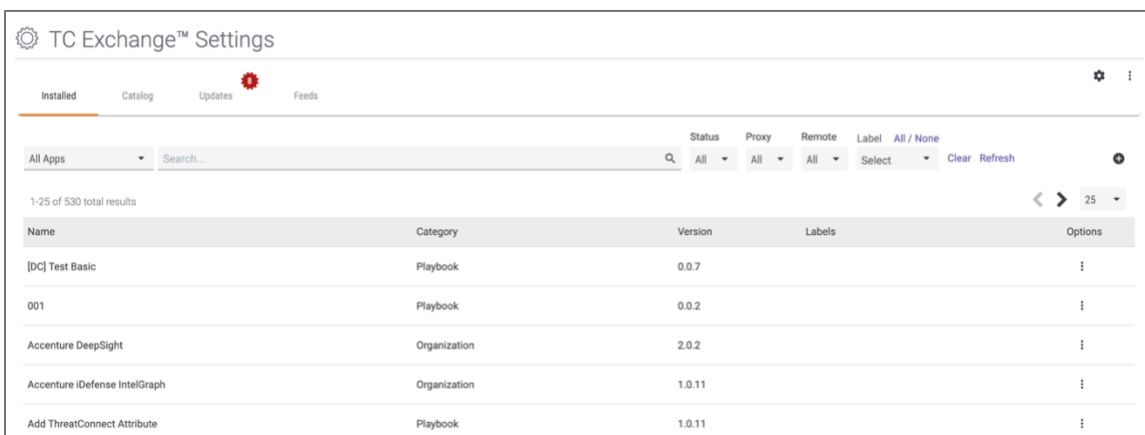


## TC Exchange Settings Screen

ThreatConnect is integrated with many third-party applications and services, such as Lastline<sup>®</sup>, OpenDNS<sup>®</sup>, and ArcSight<sup>™</sup>, which allow ThreatConnect users to employ these product integrations as apps via TC Exchange<sup>™</sup> to further augment their analytic capabilities.

### Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen

1. Log in with a System Administrator account.
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Settings** , and the **Settings** menu will be displayed (Figure 1).
3. Select **TC Exchange Settings**. The **TC Exchange Settings** screen will be displayed with the **Installed** tab will be selected, displaying all installed applications (**Error! Reference source not found.**).



The screenshot shows the 'TC Exchange™ Settings' interface. The 'Installed' tab is selected, showing a list of installed applications. The table has columns for Name, Category, Version, Labels, and Options. The applications listed are:

Name	Category	Version	Labels	Options
[DC] Test Basic	Playbook	0.0.7		⋮
001	Playbook	0.0.2		⋮
Accenture DeepSight	Organization	2.0.2		⋮
Accenture iDefense IntelGraph	Organization	1.0.11		⋮
Add ThreatConnect Attribute	Playbook	1.0.11		⋮

Figure 46

## Installed


### View Installed Apps

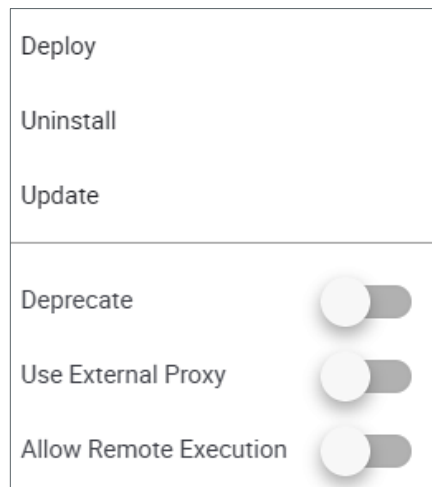
1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. To view apps by category, use the dropdown menu located below the **Installed** tab. Application categories include Custom Apps, Custom Trigger, Feed Apps, Playbook, Playbook Template, REST API, Spaces, STIX, Third Party, Web Hook Trigger, and Workflow Templates. To search for an app, enter a term in the search box to return all applications matching the search term.
3. Apps on the **Installed** tab can be sorted and filtered using the menus to the right of the search bar:
  - **Status:** Use the **Status** dropdown menu to filter installed apps based on whether the app is **Active** or **Deprecated**.
  - **Proxy:** Use the **Proxy** dropdown menu to filter installed apps based on whether the **Use External Proxy** option is turned on or turned off.



- **Remote:** Use the **Remote** dropdown menu to filter installed apps based on whether the **Allow Remote Execution** option is turned on or turned off.
- **Label:** Use the **Label** dropdown menu to display a scrollable multi-select list of available labels. Selecting one or more labels will display only installed apps with those labels applied. To select all labels, click **All** above the **Label** dropdown menu. To deselect all selected labels, click **None** above the **Label** dropdown menu.

**NOTE:** Any filters and sorting preferences applied to the list view on the *Installed* tab of the *TC Exchange Settings* screen will remain if the user navigates to another tab on the *TC Exchange Settings* screen. However, if the user navigates away from the *TC Exchange Settings* screen, all filters and sorting preferences will be reset.

4. Select an app, and click the vertical ellipsis  in the **Options** column to display the app's **Options** menu (Figure 47).



**Figure 47**

**NOTE:** Figure 47 is an example of an *Options* menu for a specific app. The number of options available may vary for different applications.

5. From the **Options** menu, a user can do the following:
  - deploy feeds;
  - set permissions to select the Organizations that can run an app;
  - uninstall the app;
  - update the app;
  - deprecate the app manually (the only option available for internal apps);
  - set the app's proxy setting to **Active** or **Not Active**;
  - set the app's remote execution setting to **Active** or **Not Active**.



## Install an App From a File

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Install App** <sup>+</sup> button at the top right of the screen. The **Install App** window will be displayed (Figure 48).

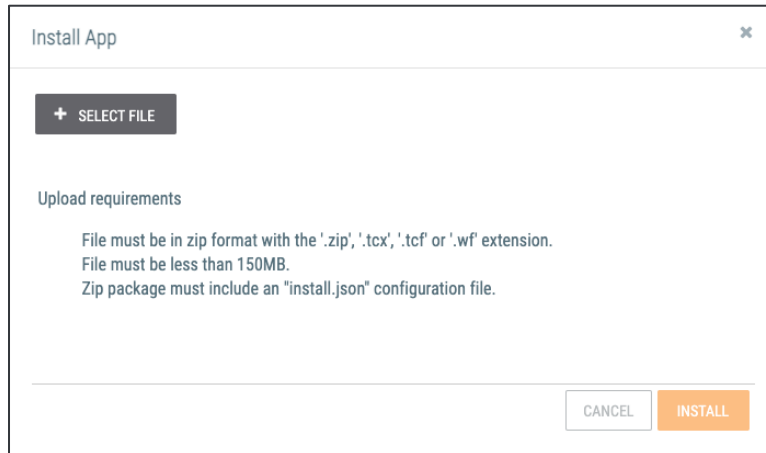


Figure 48

3. Click the + **SELECT FILE** button, and navigate to the zipped app file.  
**NOTE: The file must be in a zipped format with the .zip, .tcx, .tcf, or .wf extension and less than 150MB in size, and it must include an install.json configuration file.**
4. Verify that the information in the **App Name**, **Type**, and **Version** fields is correct, and then click the **INSTALL** button. The app will now be added to the **Installed Apps** list.  
**NOTE: Administrators can choose to install apps in bulk. This feature makes it easier to install and upgrade large bundles of apps.**

## Feed Deployment

Apps with feeds take advantage of the feed-deployment mechanism to create Sources, which then run associated jobs. See [The Feed Deployer](#) for instructions on how to deploy a feed.


**NOTE: When the Feed Deployer creates a new Source (i.e., deploys a feed), it creates a number of other elements, such as Users, Attribute Types, Rules, etc. For this reason, using the Feed Deployer to "redeploy" feeds after the initial deployment for testing or other purposes is not supported at this time.**

## App Delivery


A ThreatConnect instance can act as a server that will deliver any supported application to a client's system. Thus, QA servers can be configured as app-delivery servers, allowing clients to connect to a particular machine and have apps delivered to them. The primary catalog server for this feature is hosted at <https://api.threatconnect.com>.

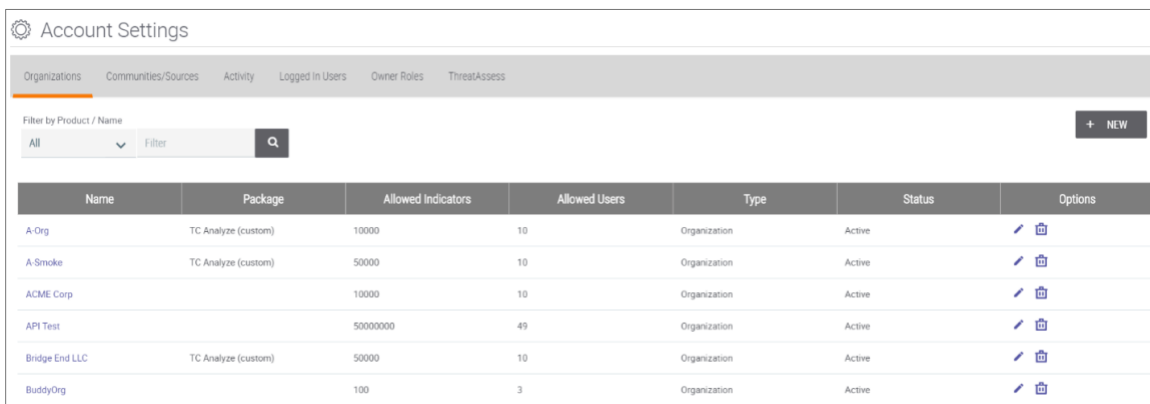


## Configure the Machine Acting as a Server

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click **Apps** in the menu on the left side of the screen.
3. Configure the following settings:
  - **appCatalogServer**: Select the **Enabled** checkbox.
  - **appCatalogServerURL**: Leave this field blank to have the machine act as a server.
  - **appDeliveryToken**: Leave this field blank to have the machine act as a server.
4. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Settings** , and the **Settings** menu will be displayed (Figure 1).
5. Select **TC Exchange Settings**, and the **TC Exchange Settings** screen will be displayed with the **Installed** tab will be selected, displaying all installed applications (**Error! Reference source not found.**). Refer to the “View Installed Apps” section for more information on how to search for and filter installed apps.
6. The **Catalog** tab displays available apps on the remote catalog server that may be installed for the client. This tab is disabled when the machine is acting as a server.
7. The **Updates** tab displays available app updates that can be accessed by the client. This tab is disabled when the machine is acting as a server.
8. The **Feeds** tab allows access to apps data from created feeds.

## Obtain the App Delivery Token From a Cloud Account

1. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Settings** , and the **Settings** menu will be displayed (Figure 1).
2. Select **Account Settings**, and the **Account Settings** screen will be displayed (Figure 49).



The screenshot shows the 'Account Settings' page with a navigation bar and a table of organizations. The table has columns for Name, Package, Allowed Indicators, Allowed Users, Type, Status, and Options. The data rows are as follows:













Name	Package	Allowed Indicators	Allowed Users	Type	Status	Options
A-Org	TC Analyze (custom)	10000	10	Organization	Active	 
A-Smoke	TC Analyze (custom)	50000	10	Organization	Active	 
ACME Corp		10000	10	Organization	Active	 
API Test		50000000	49	Organization	Active	 
Bridge End LLC	TC Analyze (custom)	50000	10	Organization	Active	 
BuddyOrg		100	3	Organization	Active	 

Figure 49

3. Select an organization to view its **Organization Settings** screen (Figure 50).



Account	Name	System Role	Organization Role	Status	Last Login	Options
acme@threatconnect.com	Boris Pasternak	Accounts Administrator	Organization Administrator	OK	09-11-2019 21:32 GMT	

Figure 50

4. Click the **Apps** tab. The **Apps** screen will be displayed (Figure 51).

Job Name	Start Time	Last Execution	Next Execution	Active	Options
demo	N/A	N/A	01-24-2020 11:06 GMT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Figure 51

5. Click the vertical ellipsis above the **Import Job** icon, and select **App Delivery**. The **App Delivery Token** window will be displayed (Figure 52).

Current App Delivery Token

26c5f3b2-591c-4d7f-8e6c-81g8151ee712

Regenerating a token will cause any dependent clients to fail authentication.

REGENERATE TOKEN CLOSE

Figure 52

6. Copy the token, and then click the **CLOSE** button.



## Configure the Machine Acting as a Client

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click **Apps** in the menu on the left side of the screen.
3. Configure the following settings:
  - **appCatalogServer**: Deselect the **Enabled** checkbox.
  - **appCatalogServerURL**: Enter the server machine API URL.
  - **appDeliveryToken**: Enter the App Delivery Token, which allows access by a specific Organization on the server to all the apps to which it is entitled.

## Catalog


### Install an App from the Catalog

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Catalog** tab. The **Catalog** screen will be displayed (Figure 53). This screen displays all apps available in the system.

The screenshot shows the 'TC Exchange™ Settings' interface with the 'Catalog' tab selected. It features a search bar, a table of apps, and navigation controls. The table lists various apps with their categories, versions, and installation status.

Name	Category	Version	Installed	Options
APIVoid	Playbook	1.0.0	✓	
AT&T Alien Labs OTX	Playbook	1.0.0		⊕
Accenture DeepSight	Organization	2.0.2	✓	
Accenture iDefense IntelGraph	Organization	1.0.11	✓	
Add ThreatConnect Attribute	Playbook	2.0.22	✓	⊕
Add ThreatConnect Attribute Advance	Playbook	1.0.11	✓	
Add ThreatConnect Custom Keyed Metric	Playbook	1.0.11	✓	
Add ThreatConnect Custom Metric	Playbook	1.0.11	✓	

Figure 53

3. If an app is available, but has not been installed, the **Install**  icon will be displayed in the **Options** column. Click this icon to install an app. The **Release Notes** window will be displayed (Figure 54).

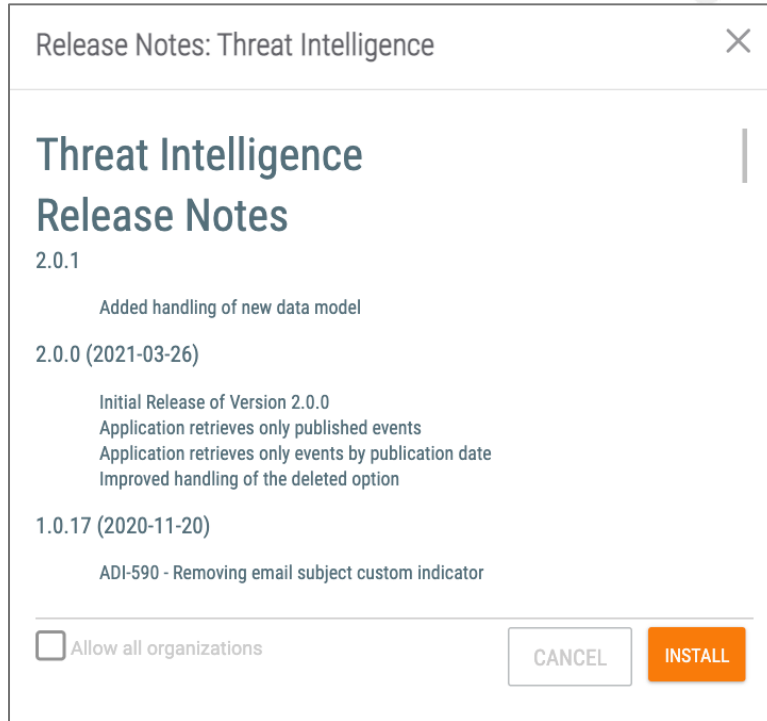


Figure 54

- **Allow all organizations:** Select this checkbox to allow all Organizations on the ThreatConnect instance to have access to the app.
4. Click the **INSTALL** button in the **Release Notes** window to install the app. A **Success** message (Figure 55) will be displayed in the lower-left corner of the screen if the app was successfully installed. The **Feed Deployer** screen will also be displayed. See [The Feed Deployer](#) for instructions on how to deploy the newly installed app.

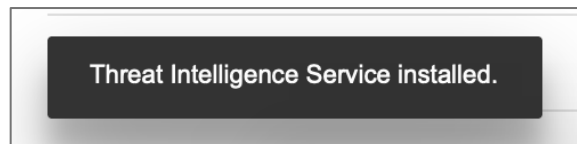


Figure 55

## Updates

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Updates** tab. The **Updates** screen will be displayed (Figure 56). This screen displays all the apps that have a pending update available.



Name	Category	Version	Options
CrowdStrike Falcon Intelligence	Organization	2.0.20	
Qualys Vulnerabilities	Organization	1.3.13	
RSA NetWitness Platform - Endpoint	Playbook	1.0.1	
RSA NetWitness Platform - Respond	Playbook	1.0.6	
RSA NetWitness Platform - Respond Service	Custom Trigger	1.0.0	

Figure 56

3. The **Update Available** icon will be displayed on the **Updates** tab for apps with pending updates available. This icon will also be displayed next to an app in the **Catalog** table or the **Updates** table if an update is available.

**NOTE: If there are no updates available, the Updates tab will not be accessible.**

4. Click the **UPDATE ALL** button at the top right of the screen to install all available updates. Alternatively, click **Update Now** in the **Options** column to update one application at a time. The **Release Notes** window will be displayed (Figure 54).
5. Click the **INSTALL** button to install the update.

## Feeds

The **Feeds** tab allows access to apps data from created feeds. As soon as the **appCatalogServer**, **appCatalogServerURL**, and **appDeliveryToken** System Settings are configured per the specifications in the “App Delivery” section, the **Feeds** tab will be populated with all available Feeds.

### Activate a Feed

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the **Feeds** tab. The **Feeds** screen will be displayed (Figure 57).



TC Exchange™ Settings

Installed Catalog Updates **Feeds**

Search... Clear Refresh

1-25 of 67 total results

Name	Description	Reliability Rating	Unique Indicators	Report Card	Active
Bambenek	Known, active, and non-sinkholed C2 indicators from Bambenek Consulting, see bambenekconsulting.com.	C	<1k		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Blocklist.de Apache IPs	All IP addresses which have been reported within the last 48 hours as having run attacks on the service Apache, Apache-DDOS, RFI-Attacks, courtesy of blocklist.de.	B-	1k+		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Blocklist.de Bot IPs	All IP addresses which have been reported within the last 48 hours as having run attacks on the RFI-Attacks, REG-Bots, IRC-Bots or BadBots (BadBots = he has posted a Spam-Comment on a open Forum or Wiki), courtesy of blocklist.de.	A+	<1k		<input type="checkbox"/>
Blocklist.de Bruteforce IPs	All IPs which attack Joomla, Wordpress, and other web logins with bruteforce logins, courtesy of blocklist.de.	A-	1k+		<input type="checkbox"/>
Blocklist.de FTP IPs	All IP addresses which have been reported within the last 48 hours for attacks on the service FTP, courtesy of blocklist.de.	B-	<1k		<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 57

- There are six columns for each feed. The **Reliability Rating** and **Unique Indicators** columns represent CAL data, which offers the user criteria for activating a feed.
- The **Report Card** column also offers additional, CAL-generated data for users to determine whether they wish to activate a feed in their system. Click the **graph** icon, and a **report card** showing information containing metrics from other columns and how they compare with aggregated metrics from other feeds is displayed (Figure 58). See [Feed Metrics and Report Card](#) for more information.

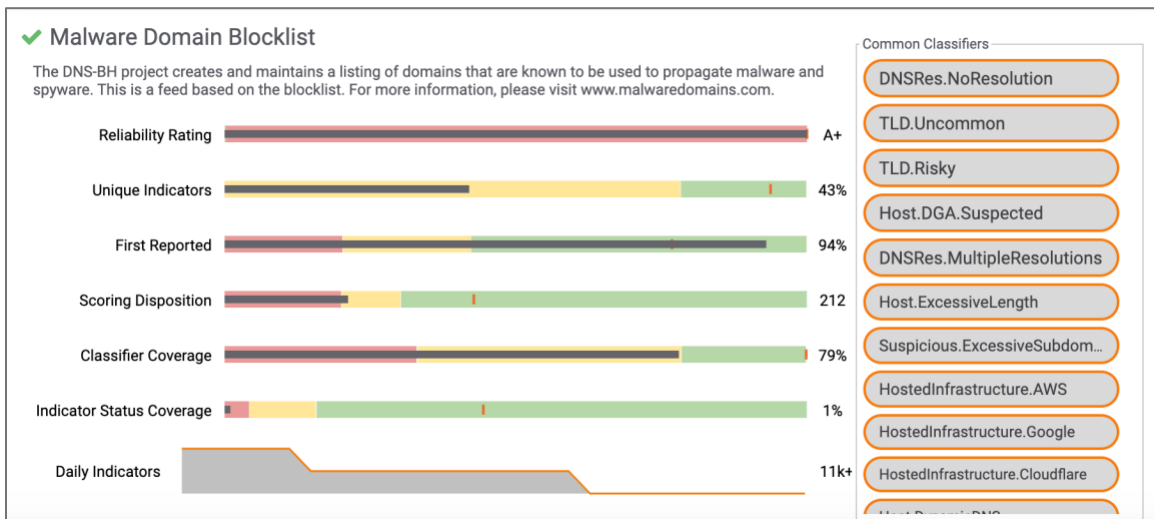




Figure 58

**NOTE: CAL must be enabled in two places to get report card data. First, the CAL settings must be enabled in System Settings. (Refer to the information on CAL settings in the “Setting Descriptions” section of this guide for more information.) Second, the System Organization must be given permission to enable CAL data. To do so, navigate to the Organizations tab of the Account Settings screen, click the pencil icon for the System Organization, click the Permissions tab of the Organization Information window, and ensure that the checkbox for Enable CAL Data is selected.**



5. Click the gear  icon at the upper-right corner of the screen. The **App Delivery Settings** window will be displayed (Figure 59). Use the dropdown menu at the bottom of this window to select a **Default Feed Owner**.



App Delivery Settings

Catalog Server (appCatalogServerURL)  
https://api.threatconnect.com

Token (appDeliveryToken)  
8fb7c59b-3571-36f5-e9df-346ff0e0de22

Default Feed Owner  
System


Apply

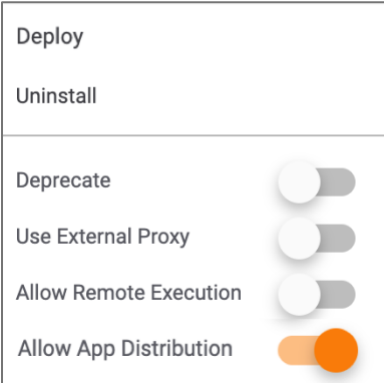
Figure 59

6. To activate a feed, select an entry from the table and toggle the slider to on (orange) in the **Active** column. This action will create a ThreatConnect Source that will access all data for that feed.
7. To redeploy a feed, toggle the slider off (gray) in the **Active** column, delete the job and Source in that Organization, and then log out and log back into ThreatConnect.

## App Distribution


**NOTE: Multi-Environment Orchestration must be configured and connected for the App Distribution option to appear in the menu.**


1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Enter the name of an app in the search bar. After the app is displayed in the search results, click the vertical ellipsis  in the **Options** column to view the app’s **Options** menu (Figure 60).




Deploy

Uninstall

Deprecate 

Use External Proxy 

Allow Remote Execution 


Allow App Distribution 

Figure 60

3. Toggle the **Allow App Distribution** slider on (orange).



## Jobs

### Create a Job

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the vertical ellipsis  $\text{⋮}$  at the upper-right corner of the screen, and select **System Jobs**. The **System Jobs** screen will be displayed (Figure 61).

Status	Name	Last Execution	Next Execution	Options
off	Test Job	N/A	off	

Figure 61

3. Click the **Create Job** button. The **Configure Job** window will be displayed (Figure 62).

**NOTE:** Click the **Refresh** button to reload the list of jobs.

Configure Job

Program Parameters Schedule Output Review

Job Name \*

Run Program

Python Heartbeat App

Next

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 62

- **Job Name:** Enter a name for the job.
  - **Run Program:** Select a program (app).
4. Click the **Next** button. The **Parameters** screen will be displayed (Figure 63). Configure the parameters for the program.

**NOTE:** Each program has different parameters.



Configure Job

Program Parameters Schedule Output Review

Api User \*  
api system

URL to call \*

< Back > Next

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 63

5. Click the **Next** button. The **Schedule** screen will be displayed (Figure 64).

Configure Job

Program Parameters Schedule Output Review

Daily

Run each day at 12:00 AM

Repeat every 5 Minutes between Midnight and Midnight

Note: Repeating schedule with a start time greater than the end time will span across two days

< Back > Next

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 64

- **Daily:** Select whether the job should run daily, weekly, or monthly.
  - **Run each day at / Repeat every:** Enter the time of day on which to run the job, or enter a time interval during which to repeat the job.
6. Click the **Next** button. The **Output** screen will be displayed (Figure 65).



Configure Job

Program Parameters Schedule **Output** Review

Enable Notifications

Email Address

Job Result  Success  Partial Failure  Failure

Include Log Files (1MB file size limit)

< Back > Next

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 65

- **Enable Notifications:** Select the checkbox to enable notifications.
- **Email Address:** Enter the email address where notifications should be sent.
- **Job Result:** Select the job results checkbox(es) for which notifications should be sent.
- **Include Log Files:** Check the box to include log files of 1MB or less in the notification email.

7. Click the **Next** button. The **Review** screen will be displayed (Figure 66).

Configure Job

Program Parameters Schedule Output **Review**

Job Name ACME Job

Run Program TC - Hearbeat v1.0

Language PYTHON Language Version 2.7 Allow On Demand On

Parameters

url=www.acme.com

Schedule Type Daily

< Back





CANCEL SAVE

Figure 66

8. Review the **Job Name**, **Run Program**, **Language**, **Language Version**, **Allow On Demand**, **Parameters**, and **Schedule Type** values to ensure they are correct.
9. Click the **SAVE** button.



## Edit or Run a Job

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Click the vertical ellipsis  at the upper-right corner of the screen, and select **System Jobs**. The **System Jobs** screen will be displayed (Figure 61).
3. The following functions can be performed for an existing job in the **System Jobs** table:
  - Click **Run Now**  to start a job on demand.  
**NOTE: A job can be run On Demand only if “on demand” is enabled in the job’s configuration.**
  - Click **Edit**  to edit a job’s setting.
  - Click **Details**  to view the **Details** menu with the following options:
    - **Delete**: Select this option to delete the job.
    - **View Details**: Select this option to view the details for the job, including the following parameters: **Program Name**, **Peak Memory Usage**, **Peak CPU Usage**, **Exit Message**, **Session Id**, **Server Information**, **Queued Date**, **Started Date**, **Completed Date**, and **Failed Date**.
    - **View Logs**: Select this option to view logs for the job. Logs can be filtered by **Session ID**, **Level**, and **Message**.
    - **Add Attributes**: Select this option to add attributes to the job.
    - **Published Files**: Select this option to display a list of links to files published by the job.
    - **Export Job**: Select this option to export the job in a JSON file format.





## Dashboards

A [dashboard](#) is the control center of ThreatConnect. From a dashboard, users can view a variety of valuable data, including Recent History, Active Incidents, Open Tasks, Sources, Indicators, and Intelligence. ThreatConnect will initially be configured to display a default, System-level master dashboard, but a user can create new, customized dashboards to display any combination of data cards.

To create a System-level dashboard, log in as a System Administrator. Otherwise, a User can create a User-level dashboard, and an Organization Administrator can create an Organization-level dashboard. Dashboard creation and editing, as well as other functions and properties of dashboards, are not discussed in this guide.






## Multi-Environment Orchestration

The multi-environment orchestrations feature allows users that have an Environment Server behind a firewall to use their Dedicated or Cloud instances to communicate with that server and run operations and applications within the firewall.

### Configure the ThreatConnect Instance

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the System Settings Screen” section.
2. Click **Apps** in the menu on the left side of the screen.
3. Configure the following settings:
  - **appMessageBrokerHost**: Enter the domain name for the instance being used, plus the number of any available port in the system.  
***NOTE: If this value is not set, the Playbooks tab on the navigation menu will not display the Environments option.***
  - **appMessageBrokerToken**: This token is used to secure the communications between the TC instance and the Environment Server. It is already set, so the user does not have to enter it.

### Enable Playbooks Apps to Run in a Remote Environment

1. Repeat Steps 1–3 in the “Access the TC Exchange Settings Screen” section.
2. Search for and select an App, and click the vertical ellipsis  in the **Options** column to view its **Options** menu (Figure 47).
3. Toggle the **Allow Remote Execution** slider on (orange) to enable remote execution for the App. See [Multi-Environment Orchestration: Executing Playbook Apps Through a Firewall](#) for information on how to configure remote execution for Playbook Apps.



## Workflow and Case Management

The [Workflow](#) feature in ThreatConnect allows users to combine manual and automated operations to define consistent and standardized processes for their security teams, including, but not limited to the following:



- Malware analysis
- Phishing triage
- Alert triage
- Intel requirement development
- Escalation procedures
- Breach SOP

Workflow in ThreatConnect supports the concept of Case Management, which gives users the capability to investigate and track information security threats and incidents by

- minimizing the time it takes to match a case to historical data;
- minimizing the time it takes to assess scope;
- minimizing the time it takes to assess impact;
- maximizing the amount of information that can be turned into actionable intelligence for later use.

For more information on the components of Workflow, see [Workflow Overview](#).

### Enable Workflow

1. Log in with a System Administrator account.
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Settings** , and the **Settings** menu will be displayed (Figure 1).
3. Select **Account Settings**, and the **Account Settings** screen will be displayed (Figure 49).
4. Click **Edit**  in the **Options** column of the Organization in which Workflow is to be enabled. The **Organization Information** window will be displayed (Figure 67).



Organization Information

Standard Options | Permissions | Communities/Sources

Name: ACME Corp

Status: Active

Indicator Limit: 10000

User Limit: 10

Document Storage Limit: 100MB

API Limit: 2

TAXII User Limit: 0

ThreatConnect Package: Unassigned

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 67

5. Click the **Permissions** tab. The **Permissions** screen will be displayed (Figure 68).

Organization Information

Standard Options | Permissions | Communities/Sources

Enable Workflow

Enable Spaces

Enable Custom Attributes

Enable Custom Security Labels

Enable Whois

Enable DNS Monitor

Enable CAL Data

Enable Pseudonym Change

Enable Notification Suppression

Enable Feed Email Ingest

Enable Phishing Email Ingest

Enable ThreatAssess Details

Enable Automated Confidence Deprecation

Enable Indicator Status Change

Restrict Deletion

Enable Org Imports

Enable Org Groups

Enable Passive DNS

Enable Custom Dashboards

Enable App Execute

Enable App Build

Enable App Release

Enable Playbooks

Private Servers

tc-job-2

CentOS Linux | GNU/Linux 7 (Core) build 3.10.0-862.9.1.el7.x86\_64

8 Core | 39GB Mem | 99GB Disk

Enable Bulk Indicators

CSV

JSON

Schedule Time

12:00 AM

CANCEL SAVE

Figure 68

6. Select the **Enable Workflow** checkbox, and then click the **SAVE** button.



## Playbooks System Features

Playbooks allow users to automate cyberdefense tasks by passing data to Apps, which perform a variety of functions, including data enrichment, malware analysis, and blocking actions. Once enabled, Playbooks run in real time and provide users with detailed logs of each execution. The next set of sections covers Playbook functionality that can be executed only by a System Administrator. For additional details about Playbooks—specifically, about functionality that is not in the strict domain of a System Administrator, but can be executed by an Organization Administrator or other users, such as creating Playbooks, Workflow Playbooks, Playbook Templates, and Playbook Triggers—see [Playbooks](#).

### The Activity Screen

The Playbooks [Activity screen](#) is a control panel on which Organization Administrators and higher can monitor Playbook Server and Worker execution metrics, priorities, and processes for their instance. From this screen, current, present, and past Worker activity and allocation to Servers can be viewed and Playbook executions can be killed.

### View and Manage the Playbooks Queue

The **Playbooks Queue** section of the Playbooks **Activity** screen provides the following information about the queue of Playbooks waiting for execution:

- **Queue Size:** the number of Playbooks in the queue, in real time.
- **Wait Time:** the estimated number of seconds a Playbook that just got added to the queue will wait before execution.
- **Queued Playbooks:** the Playbooks that are currently in the queue.
- **Completed Playbooks:** the number of Playbooks that have been completed.

1. Log in with a System Administrator account.
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Playbooks**, and select **Activity**. The **Activity** screen will be displayed (Figure 69).

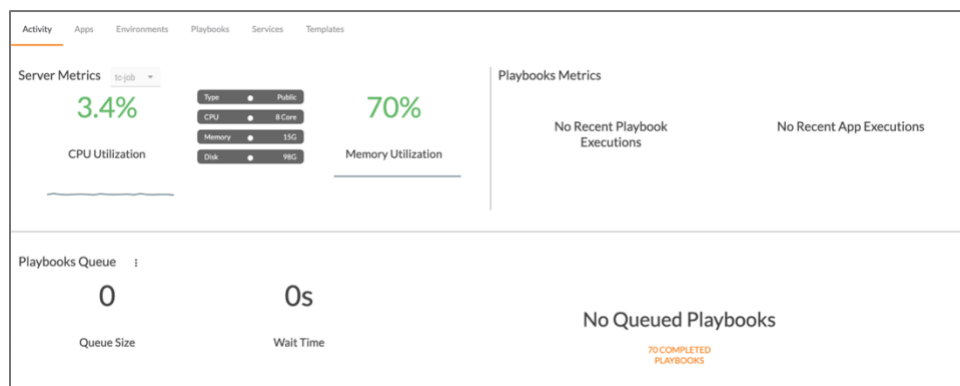


Figure 69



3. Click the vertical ellipsis  $\text{⋮}$  in the **Playbooks Queue** section of the screen. The following options will be available:
  - **Pause Queue:** This action prevents new Playbooks executions from occurring.
  - **Resume Queue:** This action allows new Playbooks executions to occur.
  - **Flush Queue:** This action removes all messages from the queue.

## Change the Count for a Worker

A Playbook Worker is an embedded process in a Playbook Server responsible for executing orchestration logic in a queue. A Worker can execute only one Playbook at a time, and multiple Workers can exist inside a Playbook Server. Worker count can be changed on the Playbooks **Activity** screen by a System Administrator.

1. Log in with a System Administrator account.
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Playbooks**, and select **Activity** . The **Activity** screen will be displayed (Figure 69).
3. Click the vertical ellipsis  $\text{⋮}$  next to **Workers**, and then select **Change Worker Count**. The **Change Worker Count** window will be displayed (Figure 70).

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Change Worker Count" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a section labeled "Instance" with a dropdown menu showing "tc-jms". Below that is a section labeled "Workers" with a text input field containing "0" and two blue arrow buttons (up and down) for incrementing or decrementing the value. At the bottom of the dialog, there is a note: "Note: Changing worker counts will not affect running playbooks." and two buttons: "CANCEL" and "OK".

**Figure 70**

- **Instance:** Select the instance for which to change the Worker count.
  - **Workers:** Enter the new Worker count, or use the up and down arrows to change the Worker count by increments of 1.
- NOTE:** *If more Workers than the number permitted by the system license are added, the Worker count will not be increased. There will be no notification to this effect.*
- Click the **OK** button.



## The Environments Screen

The Playbooks [Environments screen](#) provides information to Organization Administrators and higher on the Environments available to their ThreatConnect instance and allows them to administrate the Environments from within their instance.

### Creating an Environment

Follow these steps to create an Environment:

1. Log in with a System Administrator account.
2. On the top navigation bar, hover the cursor over **Playbooks**, and select **Environments**. The **Environments** screen will be displayed (Figure 71).

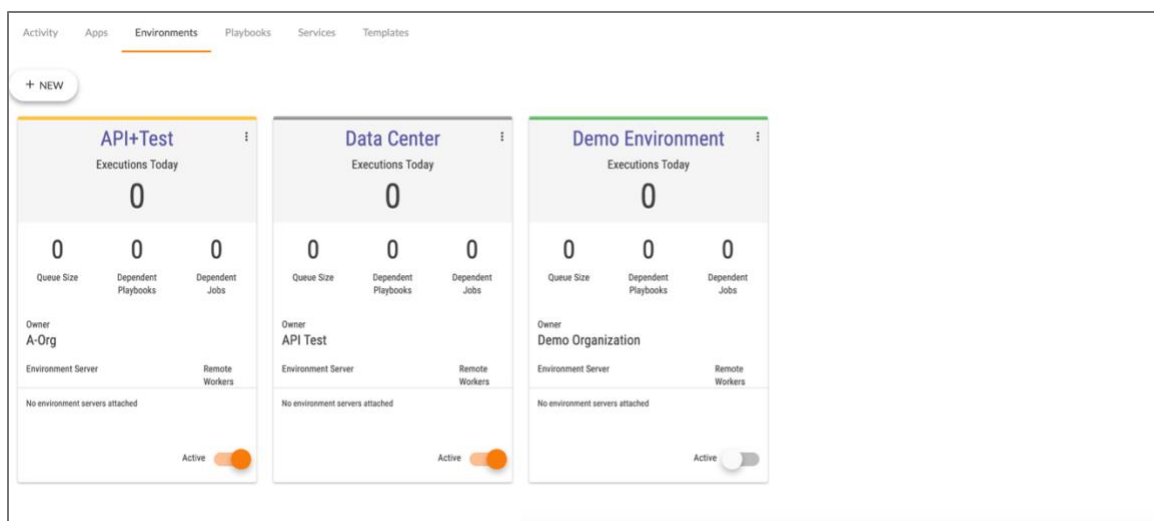


Figure 71

- An Environment can be activated by toggling the **Active** slider at the bottom left of the Environment card on (orange).
  - An Environment can be deactivated by toggling the **Active** slider at the bottom left of the Environment card off (gray).
  - If an Environment has not been connected to an Environment Server, then **No Environment servers attached** will be displayed at the bottom of the Environment card.
  - The color of the top border of the Environment card reflects the following color scheme:
    - **Green:** The Environment is active and configured to an Environment Server.
    - **Yellow:** The Environment is active, but not configured to an Environment Server.
    - **Gray:** The Environment is inactive.
3. To create a new Environment, click the **+ NEW** button. The **New Environment** screen will be displayed (Figure 72).



New Environment

Name \*

Owner

A-Org

CANCEL SAVE

**Figure 72**

- **Name:** Enter a name for the Environment.
- **Owner:** Select the Organization that will own the Environment.
- Click the **SAVE** button.

## Playbook Services

Apps normally run for a specified period of time. Service Apps, or Services, however, are microservices that continuously run in the background. See [Playbook Services](#) for instruction on how to create, administrate, and use Services.